Dell Color MFP S3845cdn Security Target

Version 1.2.3

This document is a translation of the evaluated and certified security target written in Japanese.



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1. ST INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes Security Target (ST) Reference, TOE Reference, TOE Overview, and TOE Description.

1.1. ST Reference

This section provides information needed to identify this ST.

ST Title:	Dell Color MFP S3845cdn Security Target
ST Version:	V 1.2.3
Publication Date:	March 6, 2018
Author:	Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd.

1.2. TOE Reference

This section provides information needed to identify this TOE.

The TOE is Dell Color MFP S3845cdn.

The TOE is identified by the following TOE name and ROM version.

TOE Identification:	Dell Color MFP S3845cdn
Version:	Controller ROM Ver. 1.0.31
Developer:	Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd.

1.3. TOE Overview

1.3.1. TOE Type and Major Security Features

1.3.1.1. TOE Type

This TOE, categorized as an IT product, is the Dell Color MFP S3845cdn (hereinafter referred to as "MFD") which has the copy, print, network scan, and fax functions.

The TOE is the product which controls the whole MFD and protects the data that are transmitted over the encryption communication protocols.

These protocols protect the security of the TOE setting data, job information, the security audit log data and the document data on the internal network between the TOE and the remote.

The TOE also prevents the document data and the used document data in the eMMC from being disclosed by unauthorized person.

1.3.1.2. Function Types

Table 1 shows the function types and functions provided by the TOE.

Function types	Functions provided by the TOE
	- Control Panel
	- Сору
	- Print
Basic Function	- Network Scan
	- Fax
	- Remote Configuration
	- Flash Memory Data Encryption
	- User Authentication
	- Administrator's Security Management
Security Eurotion	- Customer Engineer Operation Restriction
Security Function	- Security Audit Log
	- Internal Network Data Protection
	- Fax Flow Security
	- Self Test

Table 1: Function T	voes and Functions	provided by the TOE
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- To use print functions, the printer driver shall be installed to the external client for general user and that for system administrator.
- There are two types of user authentication, local authentication and remote authentication, and the TOE behaves with either one of the authentication types depending on the setting.

In this ST, the difference of the TOE behavior is described if the TOE behaves differently depending on the type of authentication being used. Unless specified, the behavior of the TOE is the same for both authentication types.

There are two types of remote authentication: LDAP authentication and Kerberos authentication.

 For Kerberos authentication, it is also possible to use Smart Card (CAC/PIV) instead of authentication from the control panel with an ID and a password. User information and certificates in Smart Card and an OCSP server are used for authentication.
 In the same way as other types of authentication for Smart Card authentication, an optional card reader (not included in TOE) needs to be connected.

Note)

Since the TOE's functions to print from USB and store to USB are set to disabled, they
are not included in the target of evaluation. Therefore, the [Store to USB] and [Media
Print] buttons do not appear on the control panel.

1.3.1.3. Usage and Major Security Features of TOE

The TOE is mainly used to perform the following functions:

- Copy function and Control Panel function are to read the original data from IIT and print them out from IOT according to the general user's instruction from the control panel. When more than one copy of an original data is ordered, the data read from IIT are first stored into the MFD eMMC memory. Then, the stored data are read out from the eMMC memory for the required number of times so that the required number of copies can be made.
- Print function is to decompose and print out the print data transmitted by a general user client.
- Remote Configuration enables a system administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting data via Web browser.
- Network Scan function and Control Panel function are to read the original data from IIT and transmit the document data to FTP server, or Mail server, according to the information set in the MFD. This function is operated according to the general user's instruction from the control panel.
- Fax function and Control Panel function are to send and receive fax data. According to the general user's instruction from the control panel to send a fax, the original data are read from IIT and then sent to the destination via public telephone line. The document data are received from the sender's machine via public telephone line and then printed out from the recipient's IOT or stored in the Faxbox.

The TOE provides the following security features:

(1) Flash Memory Data Encryption

The document data and the security audit log data are encrypted before being stored into the eMMC memory when using any function of copy, print, fax, etc. or configuring various security function settings.

(2) User Authentication

Access to the TOE functions is restricted to the authorized user and this function identifies and authenticates users. A user needs to enter his/her ID and password from the Remote Configuration of the general user client, printer driver, or MFD control panel, and enables access control over use of the TOE.

A user can also use Smart Card authentication (CAC/PIV) for identification and authentication.

(3) System Administrator's Security Management

This function allows only the system administrator identified and authorized from the control panel or system administrator client to refer to and change the TOE security function settings.

(4) Customer Engineer Operation Restriction
 A system administrator can prohibit CE from referring to and changing the TOE security function settings.

(5) Security Audit Log

The important events of TOE such as device failure, configuration change, and user operation are traced and recorded based on when and who used what function.

- (6) Internal Network Data Protection This function protects the communication data on the internal network such as document data, security audit log data, and TOE setting data. (The following general encryption communication- protocols are supported: TLS, IPSec, and S/MIME.)
- (7) Fax Flow Security
 This function prevents unauthorized access to the TOE or the internal network via Fax card from public telephone line.
- (8) Self TestThis function verifies the integrity of TSF executable code and TSF data.

1.3.2. Environment Assumptions

This TOE is assumed to be used as an IT product at general office and to be connected to public telephone line, user clients, and the internal network protected from threats on the external network by firewall etc.

Figure 1 shows the general environment for TOE operation.

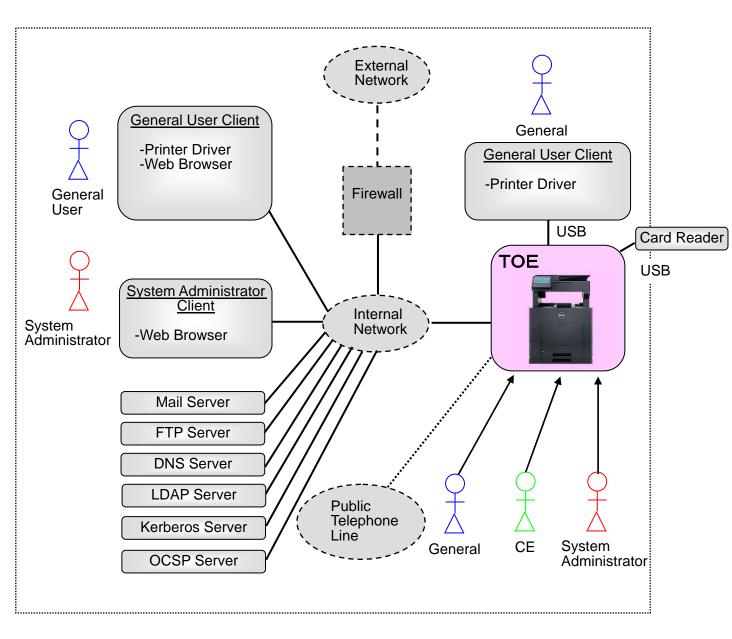


Figure 1: General Operational Environment

1.3.3. Required Non-TOE Hardware and Software

In the operational environment shown in Figure 1, the TOE (MFD) and the following non-TOE hardware/software exist.

(1) General user client:

The hardware is a general-purpose PC. When a client is connected to the MFD via the internal network and when the printer driver is installed to the client, the general user can request the MFD to print.

When the client is connected to the MFD directly via USB and printer is installed to the client, the user can request the MFD to print the document data.

(2) System administrator client:

The hardware is a general-purpose PC. A system administrator can refer to and change TOE setting data via Web browser.

(3) Mail server:

The hardware/OS is a general-purpose PC or server. The MFD sends/receives document data to/from Mail server via mail protocol.

(4) FTP server:

The hardware/OS is a general-purpose PC or server. The MFD sends document data to FTP server via FTP.

(5) DNS server:

The hardware/OS is a general-purpose PC or server. The MFD retrieves an IP address from the DNS server using the DNS protocol.

(6) LDAP server

The hardware/OS is a general-purpose PC or server. The MFD acquires identification and authentication information from LDAP server via LDAP. In addition, it acquires SA information of user role assumptions.

(7) Kerberos server

The hardware/OS is a general-purpose PC or server. The MFD acquires identification and authentication information from Kerberos server via Kerberos.

(8) OCSP Server

The hardware/OS is a general-purpose PC or server. The MFD retrieves information on revocation status of certificates other than self-signed certificates from an OCSP server, if the certificate revocation retrieval setting is enabled.

(9) Card Reader

A card reading device for supporting PKI certification that uses Smart Card (CAC/PIV).

The OS of (1) general user client and (2) system administrator client are assumed to be Windows 7 and Windows 8.1.

The (6) LDAP server, (7) Kerberos server, and (8) OCSP server are assumed to be Windows Active Directory.

The (9) Card Reader is assumed to be SCR331 or SCR3310 v2.0.

1.4. TOE Description

This section describes user assumptions and logical/physical scope of this TOE.

1.4.1. User Assumptions

Table 2 specifies the roles of TOE users assumed in this ST.

Table 2: User Role Assumptions

Persons concerned		Role Description
Administrator of the		An administrator or responsible official of the
orga	nization	organization which owns and uses TOE.
	General user	A user of TOE functions such as copy, print, and fax.
User	System administrator (Key operator + System Administrator Privilege [SA])	A user who is authorized to manage the device using the system administrator mode. A system administrator can refer to and rewrite the TOE setting for device operation and that for security functions via TOE control panel and Web browser.
Customer engineer (CE)		A user who can configure the TOE operational settings
		using the interface for CE.

1.4.2. Logical Scope and Boundary

The logical scope of this TOE consists of each function of the programs recorded on the controller ROM.

Figure 2 shows the logical architecture of the MFD.

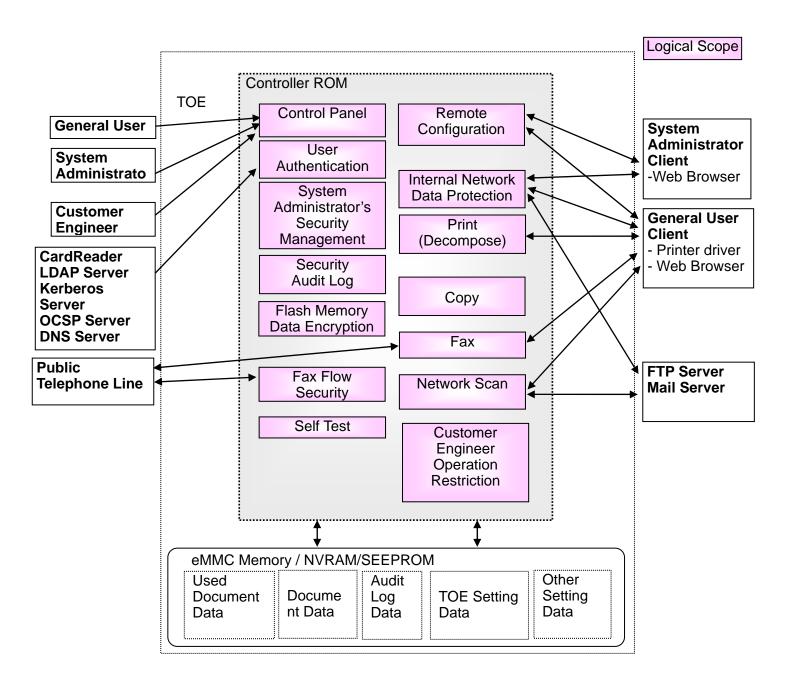


Figure 2: MFD Units and TOE Logical Scope

1.4.2.1. Basic Functions

As shown in Table 3, the TOE provides the functions of control panel, copy, print, network scan, fax, and Remote Configuration to general user.

Table 3:	TOE	Basic	Functions

Function	Description
Control Panel	Control panel function is a user interface function for general user, CE,
Function	and system administrator to operate MFD functions.

Copy Function	Copy function is to read the original data from IIT and print them out from IOT according to the general user's instruction from the control
	panel. When more than one copy of an original is ordered, the data read from IIT are first stored into the MFD eMMC memory. Then, the stored data are read out from the eMMC memory for the required number of times
	so that the required number of copies can be made.
Print Function	Print function is to print out the data according to the instruction from a general user client. The print data created via printer driver are sent to the MFD to be analyzed, decomposed, and printed out from IOT. The print function is of two types: the normal print in which the data are printed out from IOT directly after decomposed and the Store Print in which the bitmap data are temporarily stored in the eMMC memory and then printed out from IOT according to the general user's instruction from the control panel.
Network Scan	Network scan function is to read the original data from IIT and
Function	automatically transmit them to a general user client, FTP server, or Mail server according to the information set in the MFD. A general user can request this function from the control panel.
Fax Function	Fax function is to send and receive fax data. According to the general user's instruction from the control panel to send a fax, the original data are read from IIT and sent to the destination via public telephone line. The document data are received from the sender's machine via public telephone line.
Remote Configuration	Remote configuration function is to operate from a client PC using Configuration Web Tool.
Function	A system administrator can access and rewrite TOE setting data. For this, a system administrator must be authenticated by his/her ID and password entered from Web browser of a system administrator client.

1.4.2.2. Security Functions

The security functions provided by the TOE are the following.

(1) Flash Memory Data Encryption

Some data such as the security audit log data and the document data in Faxbox remain in the eMMC memory even if the machine is powered off. To solve this problem, the document data and security audit log data are encrypted before being stored into the eMMC memory when operating any function of copy, print, and network scan, fax, or configuring various security function settings.

(2) User Authentication

Access to the TOE functions is restricted to the authorized user.

A user needs to enter his/her ID and password from the printer driver or Remote Configuration of the general user client, or MFD control panel. A user can also use Smart Card authentication on the control panel.

Only the authenticated user can use the following functions:

a) Functions controlled by the MFD control panel:

Copy, fax (send), network scan, Faxbox, and print (This print function requires the Store Print preset from printer driver. A user must be authenticated from the control panel for print job.)

- b) Functions controlled by Remote Configuration:
- Display of device condition, display of job status and its log.
- c) Functions using printer driver of user client:

The data of user client is decomposed to the print data described in PDL readable by the MFD, and the print data are stored in TOE.

When a user sends a print request from the printer driver in which the Store Print is preset, the MFD decomposes the received data into bitmap data and stores the data in the eMMC memory according to the user ID.

Among the above functions which require user authentication, some particularly act as security functions. The following are the security functions which prevent the unauthorized reading of document data in the eMMC memory by an attacker who is impersonating an authorized user:

• The Store Print function and the Faxbox function, which require user authentication from the control panel or Smart Card.

Figure 3 shows the authentication flow of the above functions.

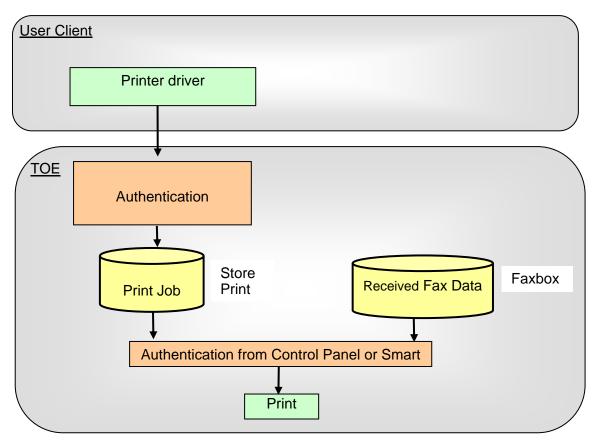


Figure 3: Authentication Flow for Store Print and Faxbox

• Store Print Function

When a user sends a print request from the printer driver in which the Store Print is preset, after the user has been successfully identified and authenticated, the print data are decomposed into bitmap data, classified according to the user ID, and temporarily stored in the corresponding Store Print area within the eMMC memory. To refer to the stored print data, a user needs to enter his/her ID and password from the control panel or to use Smart Card (CAC/PIV). When the user is authenticated, the data on the waiting list corresponding to the user ID are displayed. The user can request printing or deletion of the data on the list.

• Faxbox Function

The received fax data can be stored into Faxbox from Public Telephone Line (Fax card) which are not shown in Figure 3.

To store the received fax data into Faxbox, user authentication is not required. The received fax data transmitted over public telephone line are automatically stored into the Faxbox.

To print the stored data in the Faxbox, user authentication is required; the MFD compares the user ID and password preset in the device against those entered by a System

Administrator from the control panel. For user authentication, Smart Card authentication is also available on the control panel.

(3) System Administrator's Security Management

To grant a privilege to a specific user, this TOE allows only the authenticated system administrator to access the System Administrator mode which enables him/her to refer to and set the following security functions from the control panel:

- Refer to and set the Time/Date;
- Refer to and set the TLS communication;

Additionally, this TOE allows only the system administrator, who is authenticated from the system administrator client via Web browser using Remote Configuration, to refer to and set the following security functions via Remote Configuration:

- Refer to and set the Time/Date;
- Refer to and set the Self Test;
- Set the password of key operator (only a key operator is privileged);
- Refer to and set the ID of SA / general user and set the password(with local authentication only);
- · Refer to and set the access denial when system administrator's authentication fails;
- Refer to and set the limit of user password length (with local authentication only);
- Refer to and set the Security Audit Log;
- Refer to and set the TLS communication;
- Refer to and set the IPSec communication;
- Refer to and set the S/MIME communication;
- Create/upload/download an X.509 certificate;
- Refer to and set the User Authentication;
- Refer to and set the general user permission;
- Refer to and set the Customer Engineer Operation Restriction
- (4) Customer Engineer Operation Restriction

This TOE allows only the authenticated system administrator to refer to or enable/disable the Customer Engineer Operation Restriction setting from the Remote Configuration. For this, CE cannot refer to or change the setting of each function described in (3) System Administrator's Security Management.

(5) Security Audit Log

The important events of TOE such as device failure, configuration change, and user operation are traced and recorded based on when and who operated what function. Only a system administrator can supervise or analyze the log data by downloading them in the

form of tab-delimited text file via Web browser using Remote Configuration. To download the log data, TLS communication needs to be enabled.

(6) Internal Network Data Protection

The communication data on the internal network such as document data, security audit log data, and TOE setting data are protected by the following general encryption communication-protocols:

- TLS
- IPSec
- S/MIME
- (7) Fax Flow Security

A Fax card is an option and is connected to TOE controller board via the internal interface. An attacker cannot access the TOE or the internal network from public telephone line via the Fax card.

(8) Self Test

The TOE can execute the self test function to verify the integrity of TSF executable code and TSF data.

1.4.2.3. Settings for the Secure Operation

System administrator shall set the following to enable security functions in 1.4.2.2.

- Access denial when system administrator's authentication fails Default [5] Times.
- User Passcode Minimum Length Set to [9] characters
- TLS
 - Set to [Enabled]
- IPSec
 Set to [Enabled]
- S/MIME
 Set to [Enabled]
- User Authentication
 Set to [Local Authentication] or [Remote Authentication]
- Store Print
 Set to [authority of user to only Store Print]
- Audit Log
 Set to [Enabled]
- Customer Engineer Operation Restriction

Set to [Enabled]

Self Test
 Set to [Enabled]

1.4.3. Physical Scope and Boundary

The physical scope of this TOE is the MFD. Figure 4 shows configuration of each unit and TOE physical scope.

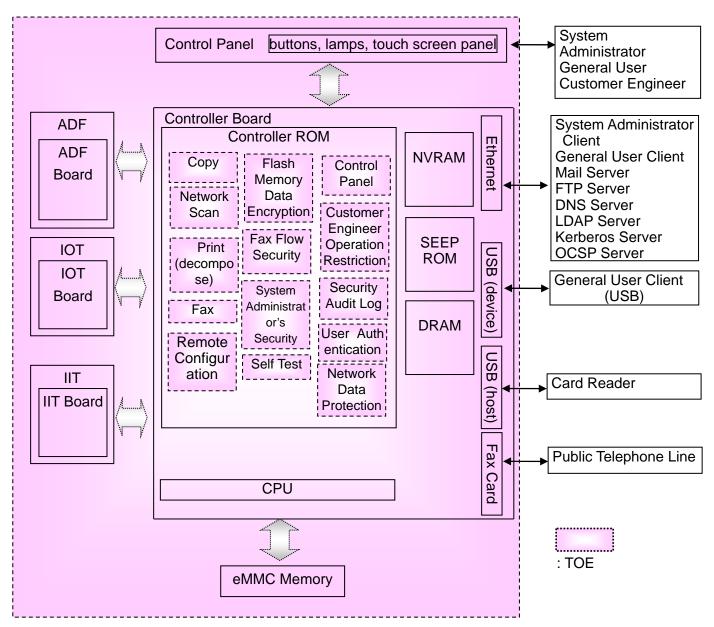


Figure 4: MFD Units and TOE Physical Scope

The MFD consists of the controller board and control panel, IIT, and IOT, ADF, and eMMc Memory.

The controller board is connected to the control panel via the internal interfaces which transmit control data, and the controller board is connected to the IIT board, Fax card, and IOT board via the internal interfaces which transmit document data and control data.

The controller board is a PWB which controls MFD functions of copy, print, network scan, and

fax. The board has a network interface (Ethernet), and local interfaces (USB) and is connected to the IIT board and IOT board.

The control panel is a panel on which buttons, lamps, and a touch screen panel are mounted to use and configure MFD functions of copy, print, network scan, and fax.

The IIT (Image Input Terminal) is a device to scan an original and send its data to the controller board for copy, network scan, and fax functions.

The IOT (Image Output Terminal) is a device to output image data which was sent from the controller board.

The ADF (Auto Document Feeder) is a device to automatically transfer original documents to IIT.

1.4.4. Guidance

The following are the guidance documents for this TOE.

- Dell Color Smart Multifunction Printer S3845cdn User's Guide; November 2016 Rev. A00
 - (SHA1 Hash value; 97c654af5638909091974d41d620bf0219502074)
- Dell Color Smart Multifunction Printer S3845cdn Security Function Supplementary Guide; March 2018 Rev. A01 (SHA1 Hash value; 12a8edd414e0107185c74c09c0bd0465991975c4)
- Dell Color Smart Multifunction Printer S3845cdn Smart Card Reader Installation and Configuration Guide; January 2017 Rev. A00 (SHA1 Hash value; cf828493cf58ef2469b7870b13ee63f984931cd3)

2. CONFORMANCE CLAIMS

2.1. CC Conformance Claims

This ST and TOE conform to the following evaluation standards for information security (CC):

Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation Part 1: Introduction and general model, Version 3.1 Revision 4 Japanese Version 1.0 Part 2: Security functional components, Version 3.1 Revision 4 Japanese Version 1.0 Part 3: Security assurance components, Version 3.1 Revision 4 Japanese Version 1.0

The security functional requirements of this ST conform to CC Part 2. The security assurance requirements of this ST conform to CC Part 3.

2.2. PP Claims, Package Claims

2.2.1. PP Claims

There is no applicable Protection Profile.

2.2.2. Package Claims

This ST conforms to EAL2.

2.2.3. Conformance Rationale

There is no applicable PP rationale since this ST does not conform to PP.

3. SECURITY PROBLEM DEFINITION

This chapter describes the threats, organizational security policies, and the assumptions for the use of this TOE.

3.1. Threats

3.1.1. Assets Protected by TOE

This TOE protects the following assets (Figure 5):

- (1) Right to use MFD functions
 - The general user's right to use each function of the TOE is assumed as an asset to be protected.
- (2) Document data stored for job processing

When a general user uses MFD functions of copy, print, fax, and network scan, the document data are temporarily stored in the eMMC memory for image processing, transmission, and Store Print. The stored data include general user's confidential information and are assumed as assets to be protected.

(3) Used document data

When a general user uses MFD functions of copy, print, fax, and network scan, the document data are temporarily stored in the eMMC memory for image processing, transmission, and Store Print. When the jobs are completed or canceled, only the management information is deleted but the data itself remains. The residual data include general user's confidential information and are assumed as assets to be protected.

(4) Security audit log data

In the function of Security Audit Log, the important events such as device failure, configuration change and user operation are recorded in the eMMC memory based on when and who operated what function. For preventive maintenance and response to the events and detection of unauthorized access, only a system administrator can retrieve the log data stored in MFD by Remote Configuration.

The log data are assumed as assets to be protected.

(5) TOE setting data

A system administrator can set TOE security functions from the MFD control panel or system administrator client by the function of System Administrator's Security Management. The setting data stored in the TOE (see Table 4) can be a threat to other assets if used without authorization and are assumed as assets to be protected.

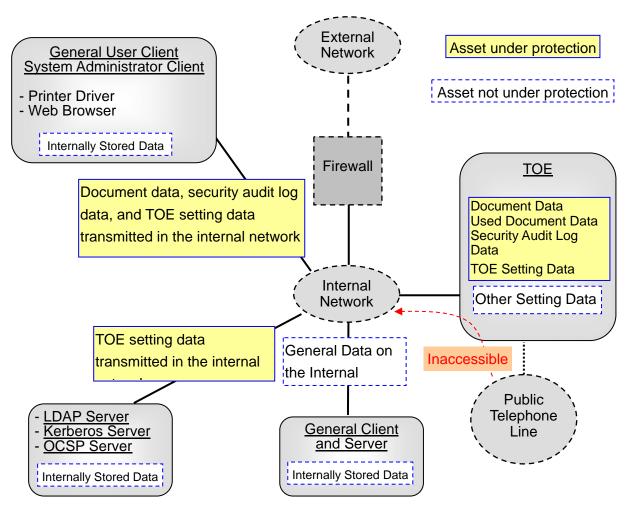


Figure 5: Assets under and not under Protection

Note) The data stored in a general client and server within the internal network and the general data on the internal network are not assumed as assets to be protected. This is because TOE functions prevent the access to the internal network from public telephone line and it cannot be a threat.

Table 4 categorizes the TOE setting data recorded on NVRAM (Include eMMC memory) and SEEPROM of the controller board.

Categories of TOE Setting Data (Note)
Data on minimum password length of user password
Data on password of key operator
Data on ID and password of SA/General user
Data on access denial due to authentication failures of system administrator
Data on Customer Engineer Operation Restriction

Table 4: Categories of TOE Setting Data

Categories of TOE Setting Data (Note)				
Data on Internal Network Data Protection				
Data on Security Audit Log				
Data on user permission				
Data on User Authentication				
Data on date and time*				
Data on Self Test				

Note: The setting data other than TOE setting data are also stored on NVRAM (Include eMMC memory) and SEEPROM. Those setting data, however, are not assumed as assets to be protected because they do not engage in TOE security functions.

* However, the present time data are not included.

3.1.2. Threats

Table 5 identifies the threats addressed by the TOE. An attacker is considered to have the disclosed information on TOE operations and low-level attack capability.

Threat (Identifier)	Description			
	An attacker may access, read, or alter, from control panel or			
T.CONFDATA	system administrator client, the TOE setting data which only a			
	system administrator is allowed to access.			
T.DATA_SEC	An attacker may read or alter document data and security audit			
	log data from the control panel or the web browser without			
	authorization.			
T.COMM_TAP	An attacker may intercept or alter document data, security audit			
	log data, and TOE setting data on the internal network.			
T.CONSUME	An attacker may access the TOE and use TOE functions without			
	authorization.			

Table 5: Threats Addressed by the TOE

3.2. Organizational Security Policies

Table 6 below describes the organizational security policy the TOE must comply with.

Organizational Policy (Identifier)	Description			
	TOE shall ensure that the internal network cannot be accessed			
P.FAX_OPT	via public telephone line.			
P.VERIFY	The TOE shall execute self-test to verify the integrity of TSF			
	executable code and TSF data.			
P.CIPHER	The TOE shall encrypt the document data and the security audit log			
	data in the eMMC memory.			
	(A cryptographic key does not need to be destructed.)			

Table 6: Organizational Security Policy

3.3. Assumptions

Table 7 shows the assumptions for the operation and use of this TOE.

Table 7: Assumptions

Assumption (Identifier)	Description			
Personnel Confidence				
	A system administrator shall have the necessary knowledge of			
A.ADMIN	TOE security functions to perform the given role of managing the			
	TOE and shall not operate the TOE with malicious intent.			
	TOE users shall be trained and have competence about the			
A.USER	TOE operation and precautions according to the policies of their			
	organization and the product guidance.			
Protection Mode				
	A system administrator shall configure and set the TOE properly			
A.SECMODE	according to the security policy of organization and the product			
A.SECIMODE	guidance document to manage the TOE and its external			
	environment.			
	The TOE is located in a restricted or monitored environment that			
A.ACCESS	provides protection from unmanaged access to the physical			
	components and data interfaces of the TOE.			

4. SECURITY OBJECTIVES

This chapter describes the security objectives for the TOE and for the environment and the rationale.

4.1. Security Objectives for the TOE

Table 8 defines the security objectives to be accomplished by the TOE.

Security Objectives(Identifier)	Description				
O.AUDITS	The TOE must provide the Security Audit Log function and its log				
	data which are necessary to monitor unauthorized access.				
O.CIPHER	The TOE must encrypt the document data and security audit log				
	data to be stored into the eMMC memory.				
	The TOE must provide encryption communication function to				
O.COMM SEC	protect the document data, security audit log data, and TOE				
	setting data on the internal network between TOE and the remote				
	from interception and alteration.				
O.FAX_SEC	The TOE must prevent the unauthorized access to the internal				
0.1 AA_320	network via Fax modem from public telephone line.				
	The TOE must inhibit a general user from accessing the TOE				
O.MANAGE	setting data. The TOE allows only the authenticated system				
O.MANAOL	administrator to access the system administrator mode which				
	enables him/her to configure the security functions.				
	The TOE must provide the function to identify TOE user and allow				
O.USER	only the authorized user to retrieve, and delete the document data				
	and to change the password.				
O.RESTRICT	The TOE must inhibit an unauthorized user from using the TOE				
	functions.				
O.VERIFY	The TOE must provide self-test function to verify the integrity of				
	TSF executable code and TSF data.				

4.2. Security Objectives for the Environment

Table 9 defines the security objectives for the TOE environment.

Table 9: Security Objectives for the Environment

Security Objectives(Identifier)	Description					
OE.ADMIN	A system administrator who is assigned by an organization administrator as an appropriate and reliable person for this TOE management and who receives necessary training to manage the TOE.					
OE.USER	The system administrator shall ensure that users have competence by training users about the TOE operation and precautions according to the policies of their organization and the product guidance.					
OE.SEC	A system administrator shall configure and set the TOE properly according to the security policy of organization and the product guidance document to manage the TOE. In addition, a system administrator shall manage the external IT environment according to the security policy of organization and the product guidance document.					
OE.PHYSICAL The TOE shall be placed in a secure or monitored area that provides protection from unmanaged physical access to the TO						

4.3. Security Objectives Rationale

The security objectives are established to correspond to the assumptions specified in Security Problem Definition, to counter the threats, or to realize the organizational security policies. Table 10 shows assumptions / threats / organizational security policies and the corresponding security objectives. Moreover, Table 11 shows that each defined security problem is covered by the security objectives.

Table 10: Assumptions / Threats / Organizational Security Policies and the Corresponding Security Objectives

Security Problems											
Security Objectives	A.ADMIN	A.USER	A.SECMODE	A.ACCESS	T.CONFDATA	T.COMM_TAP	T.DATA_SEC	T.CONSUME	P.FAX_OPT	P.VERIFY	P. CIPHER
O.AUDITS					~		✓				
O.CIPHER											✓
O.COMM_SEC						✓					
O.FAX_SEC									\checkmark		
O.MANAGE					~		~				
O.VERIFY										✓	
O.USER					✓		✓				
O.RESTRICT								✓			
OE.ADMIN	~										
OE.USER		~									
OE.SEC			✓		✓	~	✓			~	✓
OE.PHYSICAL				~							

Table 11: Security Objectives Rationale for Security Problem

Security Problem	Security Objectives Rationale			
	By satisfying the following objective, A.ADMIN can be realized:			
	By OE.ADMIN, a system administrator is assigned by an			
A.ADMIN	organization administrator as an appropriate and reliable person			
A.ADMIN	for this TOE management, and receives necessary training to			
	manage the TOE and performs the TOE management according			
	to the guidance.			
	By satisfying the following objective, A.USER can be realized:			
	By OE.USER, a system administrator trains users about the TOE			
A.USER	operation and precautions according to the policies of their			
	organization and the product guidance, and users have			
	competence.			
A.SECMODE	By satisfying the following objectives, A.SECMODE can be			
	realized:			
A.SECIVIODE	By OE.SEC, a system administrator shall configure and set the			
	TOE properly according to the security policy of organization and			

Security Problem	Security Objectives Rationale				
	the product guidance document to manage the TOE.				
	In addition, a system administrator shall manage the external IT				
	environment according to the security policy of organization and				
	the product guidance document.				
	By satisfying the following objective, A.ACCESS can be realized:				
A.ACCESS	By OE.PHYSICAL, a system administrator places the TOE in a				
A.AUCESS	secure or monitored area that provides protection from				
	unmanaged physical access to the TOE.				
	By satisfying the following objective, T.CONFDATA can be				
	countered:				
	By OE.SEC, it is necessary to enable the security functions (i.e.				
	User Authentication with Password, System Administrator				
	Password, Access Denial due to Authentication Failures,				
	Customer Engineer Operation Restriction, and Security Audit				
	Log) and permits only the authenticated system administrator to				
	change the TOE setting data. In addition, it is necessary to				
	manage the external IT environment according to the security				
T.CONFDATA	policy of organization and the product guidance document.				
	To be specific, this threat can be countered by the following				
	security objectives, O.MANAGE, O.USER, and O.AUDITS:				
	By O.MANAGE, only the authenticated system administrator is				
	allowed to enable/disable the TOE security functions and to refer				
	to / update the TOE setting data.				
	By O.USER, only the authorized user is allowed to change the				
	password.				
	By O.AUDITS, the audit log function necessary to monitor				
	unauthorized access and the security audit log data are provided.				
	By satisfying the following objective, T.CONSUME can be				
T.CONSUME	countered.				
	By O.RESTRICT, the access to the TOE can be controlled.				
	By satisfying the following objectives, T.COMM_TAP can be				
	countered.				
T.COMM_TAP	By OE.SEC, the document data, security audit log data, and TOE				
	setting data on the internal network can be protected from				
	interception.				
	By O.COMM_SEC, the client/server authentication function of				
	encryption communication protocol allows only the authorized				
	user to send/receive the communication data. Encrypting				
	communication data with encryption function also disables the				
	interception and alteration of the internal network data (incl.				

Security Problem	Security Objectives Rationale				
	document data, security audit log data, and TOE setting data).				
	By satisfying the following objectives, T.DATA_SEC can be				
	countered.				
	By OE.SEC, it is necessary to enable the following passwords,				
	user authentication function, and security audit log function: User				
	Password, System Administrator Password, Local Authentication				
	or Remote Authentication, Security Audit Log. Then, only the				
	authenticated user is allowed to access the security audit log				
	data and document data. In addition, it is necessary to manage				
T.DATA_SEC	the external IT environment according to the security policy of				
	organization and the product guidance document.				
	By O.USER, only the authenticated user is allowed to read out or				
	delete the document data and security audit log data stored in the eMMC memory.				
	By O.MANAGE, only the authenticated system administrator is				
	allowed to configure the TOE security functions.				
	By O.AUDITS, the audit log function necessary to monitor				
	unauthorized access and the security audit log data are provided.				
	By satisfying the following objectives, O.FAX_SEC can be				
	countered.				
	By O.FAX_SEC, the access to the internal network via public				
P.FAX_OPT	telephone line is disabled. This realizes P.FAX_OPT.				
	Since the data received from public telephone line are not sent to				
	the internal network, the internal network cannot be accessed.				
P. VERIFY	By satisfying the following objectives, P.VERIFY can be				
	observed.				
	By OE.SEC, it is necessary to enable the following security				
	function, and execute self-test to verify the integrity of TSF				
	executable code and TSF data.				
	-Self Test				
	The TOE can execute the self test function to verify the integrity				
	of TSF executable code and TSF data.				
P.CIPHER	By satisfying the following objective, O.CIPHER can be				
	countered.				
	-Flash Memory Data Encryption				
	This function makes unauthorized reading of document data or				
	security audit log data impossible by encrypting the document				
	data or security audit log data stored in the eMMC memory.				
	By satisfying this policy, P.CIPHER can be observed.				

5. EXTENDED COMPONENTS DEFINITION

5.1. Extended Components

This ST conforms to CC Part 2 and CC Part 3, and there are no extended components which shall be defined.

6. SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

This chapter describes the security functional requirements, security assurance requirements, and security requirement rationale.

The terms and phrases used in this chapter are defined below.

-	Sub	iect
	000	,

Term/phrase	Definition
System Administrator Process	Operation upon using Faxbox and Store Print
	when the user authentication of System
	Administrator succeeded.
General User Process	Operation upon using Store Print when the user
	authentication of general user succeeded.
Receiving information from	To receive the document data from the sender's
public telephone line	machine via public telephone line, as receiving fax
	data.
Sending information to public	To send the document data to the destination via
telephone line	public telephone line according to the general
	user's instruction from the control panel or client
	PC, as sending fax data.
Sending information to the	To send the Network Scan data to the destination,
internal network	a client PC, within the internal network.
Receiving information from the	To receive the print data from a client PC, within
internal network.	the internal network.

- Object

Term/phrase	Definition
Faxbox	A logical box created in the MFD eMMC memory.
	Faxbox can store the document data received via
	fax.
Store Print	A print function in which bitmap data (decomposed
	print data) are temporarily stored in the MFD
	eMMC memory and then printed out according to
	the authenticated general user's instruction from
	the control panel.
Document data	Document data means all the data including image
	data transmitted across the MFD when any of
	copy, print, network scan or fax functions is
	operated by a general user.
Security Audit Log Data	The chronologically recorded data of important
	events of the TOE. The events such as device

failure, configuration change, and user operation
are recorded based on when and who caused
what event and its result.

- Operation

Term/phrase	Definition
Delivery	MFD receives the data from public telephone line
	for fax function.
Modify of behavior	To change the settings of the following information:
	User Authentication (Local, Remote)
	Internal Network Data Protection (Certificate and
	encryption type)
Modify	Changes of TSF data and security attributes (user
	identifier).

- Data

Term/phrase	Definition
Data on public telephone line	The data which flow on public telephone line for
Fax data	fax communication.

- Security attributes

Term/phrase	Definition
General User role	Indicates the authority required for general user to
	use the TOE.
System Administrator role	Indicates the authority required for System
	Administrator to use the TOE.
SA role	Indicates the authority required for SA to use the
	TOE.
Key Operator role	Indicates the authority required for key operator to
	use the TOE.
General User identifier	User ID used to authenticate and identify general
	user.
SA identifier	User ID used to authenticate and identify SA.
Key Operator identifier	User ID used to authenticate and identify key
	operator.
Owner identifier of Store Print	User ID of the user who sent a Store Print job.

- Entity outside the TOE

Term/phrase	Definition
System Administrator	This term covers both key operator and SA.
Key Operator	An authorized user who manages MFD

	maintenance and makes TOE security function
	settings.
System Administrator Privilege	The user(s) who manage MFD maintenance and
(SA)	configure TOE security functions. SA can be
	created/registered by key operator or the other SA
	who is already registered.
General User	Any person who uses copy, network scan, fax, and
	print functions of MFD.

- Other terminology

Term/phrase	Definition
SHA-2 algorithm	The FIPS-standard cryptographic hash function
	used for generation of a cryptographic key of
	eMMC Memory data.
AES	The FIPS-standard encryption algorithm used for
	encryption/decryption of eMMC memory data.
Access denial due to	When the number of unsuccessful authentication
authentication failure of system	attempts has exceeded the specified number of
administrator ID	times, Identification and authentication of relevant
	user is inhibited until the TOE is cycled.
Data on minimum user	Minimum user password length to set the User
password length	password from MFD control panel.
	Included in the TOE setting data.
Data on ID of key operator	ID data for key operator authentication.
Data on password of key	Password data for key operator authentication.
operator	Included in the TOE setting data.
Data on ID of SA	ID data for SA authentication. Included in the TOE
	setting data.
Data on password of SA	Password data for SA authentication. Included in
	the TOE setting data.
Data on ID of General User	ID data for general user authentication. Included in
	the TOE setting data.
Data on password of General	Password data for general user authentication.
User	Included in the TOE setting data.
Data on access denial due to	The data on whether to enable/disable access
authentication failures of	denial due to authentication failure of system
system administrator	administrator ID. They also incorporate the data
	on the allowable number of the failures before
	access denial. Included in the TOE setting data.

to trace/ record the important events of the TOE such as device failure, configuration change, and user operation, based on when and who operated what function.Data on User AuthenticationThe data on whether to enable/disable the authentication function using the data on user authentication when copy, network scan, fax, and print functions of MFD are used. It also incorporates the data on the setting. Included in the TOE setting data.Data on User PermissionThe data on authority of U.NORMAL. Included in the TOE setting data.Data on Internal Network Data ProtectionThe data on whether to enable/disable the general encryption communication protocols to protect the communication data on the internal network such as document data, security audit log data.Data on Customer Engineer Operation RestrictionThe data on the internal network such as document data, security audit log data.Data on date and timeThe data on the time zone / summer time information / present date and time. Included in the TOE setting data.Data on Self TestThe data on whether to enable/disable the functions related to Self Test. Included in the TOE setting data.Data on Self TestThe data on whether to enable/disable the functions related to Self Test. Included in the TOE setting data.Data on Self TestThe data on whether to enable/disable the functions related to Self Test. Included in the TOE setting data.Data on Self TestThe data on whether to enable/disable the functions related to Self Test. Included in the TOE setting data.Data on Self TestThe data on whether to enable/disable the functions related to Self Test. Included in the TOE setting data. <t< th=""><th></th><th>L</th></t<>		L
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Data on Self TestThe data on whether to enable/disable the functions related to Self Test. Included in the TOE setting data.Public telephone lineThe line/network on which the data flow for fax communication.System Administrator modeAn operation mode that enables a system administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting for device operation and that for security functions according to the operational environment. This		information / present date and time Included in
functions related to Self Test. Included in the TOE setting data.Public telephone lineThe line/network on which the data flow for fax communication.System Administrator modeAn operation mode that enables a system administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting for device operation and that for security functions according to the operational environment. This		the TOE setting data.
setting data.Public telephone lineThe line/network on which the data flow for fax communication.System Administrator modeAn operation mode that enables a system administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting for device operation and that for security functions according to the operational environment. This	Data on Self Test	The data on whether to enable/disable the
Public telephone line The line/network on which the data flow for fax communication. System Administrator mode An operation mode that enables a system administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting for device operation and that for security functions according to the operational environment. This		functions related to Self Test. Included in the TOE
System Administrator modeAn operation mode that enables a system administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting for device operation and that for security functions according to the operational environment. This		setting data.
System Administrator modeAn operation mode that enables a system administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting for device operation and that for security functions according to the operational environment. This	Public telephone line	The line/network on which the data flow for fax
administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting for device operation and that for security functions according to the operational environment. This		communication.
for device operation and that for security functions according to the operational environment. This	System Administrator mode	An operation mode that enables a system
according to the operational environment. This		administrator to refer to and rewrite TOE setting
		for device operation and that for security functions
		according to the operational environment. This
mode is distinguished from the operation mode		mode is distinguished from the operation mode
that enables a general user to use the MFD		that enables a general user to use the MFD
functions.		functions.

Certificate	Defined in the X.509 which is recommended by
	ITU-T. The data for user authentication (name,
	identification name, organization where he/she
	belongs to, etc.), public key, expiry date, serial
	number, signature, etc.
Printer driver	Software to convert the data on a general user
	client into print data written in page description
	language (PDL), a readable format for MFD. Used
	on the user client.

6.1. Security Functional Requirements

Security functional requirements which the TOE offers are described below. The security functional requirements are based on the class and component which are specified by the [CC part 2].

6.1.1. Cla	iss FAU: S	Security audit
FAU	J_GEN.1 A	udit data generation
Hiera	archical to: N	lo other components.
Dep	endencies: F	PT_STM.1 Reliable time stamps
FAU		The TSF shall be able to generate an audit record of the following uditable events:
	a) Start-up and shutdown of the audit functions;
	b) All auditable events for the [selection, choose one of: minimum, basic, detailed, not specified] level of audit; and
	C	[assignment: other specifically defined auditable events].
	-	selection, choose one of: minimum, basic, detailed, not specified] <i>not specified</i>
	[4	assignment: other specifically defined auditable events]
	-	the actions to be audited (defined by CC) and the corresponding
	a	nuditable events (events to be recorded as execution log) of TOE.
	S	Shown in Table 12

Functional	Actions to be audited (defined by CC)	Auditable events of
Requirements		TOE
FAU_GEN.1	None	-
FAU_SAR.1	a) Basic: Reading of information from the audit records.	Basic: Successful download of security audit log data.
FAU_SAR.2	a) Basic: Unsuccessful attempts to read information from the audit records.	Basic: Unsuccessful download of security audit log data.
FAU_STG.1	None	-
FAU_STG.4	a) Basic: Actions taken due to the audit storage failure.	None
FCS_CKM.1	a) Minimal: Success and failure of the activity.b) Basic: The object attribute(s), and object	None

Table 12: Auditable Events of TOE and Individually Defined Auditable Events

r	1	
	value(s) excluding any sensitive information	
	(e.g. secret or private keys).	
FCS_COP.1	a) Minimal: Success and failure, and the type	None
	of cryptographic operation.	
	b) Basic: Any applicable cryptographic	
	mode(s) of operation, subject attributes and	
	object attributes.	
FDP ACC.1	None	
		- Decis
FDP_ACF.1	a) Minimal: Successful requests to perform an	Basic:
	operation on an object covered by the SFP.	User name, job
	b) Basic: All requests to perform an operation	information, and
	on an object covered by the SFP.	success/failure
	c) Detailed: The specific security attributes	regarding access to
	used in making an access check.	Faxbox and execution
		of Store Print.
FDP_IFC.1	None	-
FDP_IFF.1	a) Minimal: Decisions to permit requested	None
	information flows.	
	b) Basic: All decisions on requests for	
	information flow.	
	c) Detailed: The specific security attributes	
	used in making an information flow	
	enforcement decision.	
	d) Detailed: Some specific subsets of the	
	information that has flowed based upon policy	
	goals (e.g. auditing of downgraded material).	
FIA_AFL.1	a) Minimal: the reaching of the threshold for	<minimal></minimal>
	the unsuccessful authentication attempts and	Authentication lock of
	the actions (e.g. disabling of a terminal) taken	system administrator
	and the subsequent, if appropriate,	Authentication failure
	restoration to the normal state (e.g.	
	re-enabling of a terminal).	
FIA_ATD.1	None	-
FIA_SOS.1	a) Minimal: Rejection by the TSF of any	<individually defined<="" td=""></individually>
	tested secret;	auditable events>
	b) Basic: Rejection or acceptance by the TSF	Registration of user
	of any tested secret;	and changes in user
		-
	c) Detailed: Identification of any changes to	registration data
	the defined quality metrics	(password)

FIA_UAU.1	a) Minimal: Unsuccessful use of the	< Basic >
	authentication mechanism;	Success/failure of
	b) Basic: All use of the authentication	authentication
	mechanism.	authentication
	c) Detailed: All TSF mediated actions	
	performed before authentication of the user.	
FIA_UAU.7	None	-
FIA_UID.1	a) Minimal: Unsuccessful use of the user	< Basic >
	identification mechanism, including the user	Success/failure of
	identity provided;	authentication
	b) Basic: All use of the user identification	
	mechanism, including the user identity	
	provided.	
FIA_USB.1	a) Minimal: Unsuccessful binding of user	< Basic >
	security attributes to a subject (e.g. creation of	Registration of system
	a subject).	administrator, and
	b) Basic: Success and failure of binding of	changes in user
	user security attributes to a subject (e.g.	registration data (role)
	success or failure to create a subject).	
FMT_MOF.1	a) Basic: All modifications in the behavior of	<basic></basic>
	the functions in the TSF.	Changes in security
		function configuration.
FMT_MSA.1	a) Basic: All modifications of the values of	<basic></basic>
	security attributes.	User name, job
		information, and
		success/failure
		regarding access to
		Faxbox and execution
		of Store Print.
	a) Racio: Modifications of the default action of	None
FMT_MSA.3	a) Basic: Modifications of the default setting of	INOLIE
	permissive or restrictive rules.	
	b) Basic: All modifications of the initial values	
	of security attributes.	
FMT_MTD.1.	a) Basic: All modifications to the values of	<individually defined<="" td=""></individually>
	TSF data.	auditable events>
		Changes in
		registration data
		(password) of system
		administrator, and in
		the setting of security
		functions.

FMT_SMF.1	a) Minimal: Use of the management functions.	< Minimal >
		Access to system
		administrator mode
FMT_SMR.1	a) Minimal: madifications to the group of upper	<minimal></minimal>
	a) Minimal: modifications to the group of users	
	that are part of a role;	Registration of system
	b) Detailed: every use of the rights of a role.	administrator,
		changes in user
		registration data
		(role), and deletion of
		system administrator
FPT_STM.1	a) Minimal: changes to the time;	<minimal></minimal>
	b) Detailed: providing a timestamp.	Changes in time
		setting.
FPT_TST.1	a) Minimal: Termination of an interactive	<basic></basic>
	session by the session locking mechanism.	Execution of Self Test
		and the test result
FTP_ITC.1	a)Minimal: Failure of the trusted channel	<minimal></minimal>
	functions.	Failure of the trusted
	b) Minimal: Identification of the initiator and	Communication within
	target of failed trusted channel functions.	a specified period of
	c) Basic: All attempted uses of the trusted	time, and client host
	channel functions.	data (host name or IP
	d) Basic: Identification of the initiator and	address)
	target of all trusted channel functions.	

FAU_GEN.1.2 The TSF shall record within each audit record at least the following information:

- a) Date and time of the event, type of event, subject identity (if applicable), and the outcome (success or failure) of the event; and
- b) For each audit event type, based on the auditable event definitions of the functional components included in the PP/ST, [assignment: other audit relevant information].

[assignment: other audit relevant information]. - none

FAU_SAR.1:	Audit review
Hierarchical to:	No other components.
Dependencies:	FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation

FAU_SAR.1.1	The TSF shall provide [assignment: authorized users] with the capability to read [assignment: list of audit information] from the audit records.
FAU_SAR.1.2	The TSF shall provide the audit records in a manner suitable for the user to interpret the information.
	[assignment: authorized users] - <i>system administrator</i> [assignment: list of audit information] - <i>all log information</i>
FAU_SAR.1.2	The TSF shall provide the audit records in a manner suitable for the user to interpret the information.
FAU_SAR.2 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Restricted audit review No other components. FAU_SAR.1 Audit review
FAU_SAR.2.1	The TSF shall prohibit all users read access to the audit records, except those users that have been granted explicit read-access.
FAU_STG.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Protected audit trail storage No other components. FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation
FAU_STG.1.1	The TSF shall protect the stored audit records in the audit trail from unauthorized deletion.
FAU_STG.1.2	The TSF shall be able to [selection, choose one of: prevent, detect] unauthorized modifications to the stored audit records in the audit trail.
	[selection, choose one of: prevent, detect] - <i>prevent</i>
FAU_STG.4 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Prevention of audit data loss FAU_STG.3 Action in case of possible audit data loss FAU_STG.1 Protected audit trail storage
FAU_STG.4.1	The TSF shall [selection, choose one of: "ignore audited events",

"prevent audited events, except those taken by the authorized user

with special rights", "overwrite the oldest stored audit records"] and [assignment: other actions to be taken in case of audit storage failure] if the audit trail is full.

[selection, choose one of: "ignore audited events", "prevent audited events, except those taken by the authorized user with special rights", "overwrite the oldest stored audit records"] - overwrite the oldest stored audit records [assignment: other actions to be taken in case of audit storage failure] - no other actions to be taken

6.1.2. Class FCS:Cryptographic supportFCS_CKM.1Cryptographic key generationHierarchical to:No other componentsDependencies:[FCS_CKM.2 Cryptographic key distribution, orFCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation]FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction

FCS_CKM.1.1 TSF shall generate cryptographic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic key generation algorithm [assignment: cryptographic key generation algorithm] and specified cryptographic key sizes [assignment: cryptographic key sizes] that meet the following: [assignment: list of standards].

[assignment: list of standards] - *FIPS PUB 180-2* [assignment: cryptographic key generation algorithm] - *SHA-2* algorithm [assignment: cryptographic key sizes] - *256bits*

FCS_COP.1	Cryptographic operation
Hierarchical to:	No other components
Dependencies:	[FDP_ITC.1 Import of user data without security attributes, or
	FDP_ITC.2 Import of user data with security attributes, or
	FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation]
	FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction

FCS_COP.1.1The TSF shall perform [assignment: list of cryptographic
operations] in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm

[assignment: cryptographic algorithm] and cryptographic key sizes [assignment: cryptographic key sizes] that meet the following: [assignment: list of standards].

[assignment: list of standards] *FIPS PUB 197*[assignment: cryptographic algorithm] *AES*[assignment: cryptographic key sizes] *256bits*[assignment: list of cryptographic operations] *encryption of the document data and security audit log data to be stored in the eMMC memory and decryption of the document data and security audit log data retrieved from the eMMC memory.*

- 6.1.3. Class FDP:User data protectionFDP_ACC.1Subset access controlHierarchical to:No other components.Dependencies:FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control
 - FDP_ACC.1.1 The TSF shall enforce the [assignment: access control SFP] on [assignment: list of subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects covered by the SFP].

[assignment: access control SFP] *MFD access control SFP*[assignment: list of subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects covered by the SFP]. *subjects, objects, and operations between subjects and objects listed in Table 13*

Table 13: Operations between Subjects and Objects Covered by MFD Access Control SFP

Subject	Object	Operation
System	Faxbox	Print of document data
Administrator		
process		
System	Store Print	Deletion of document data
Administrator		Print of document data
process		
General User		
Process		

FDP_ACF.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Security attribute based access control No other components. FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialization
FDP_ACF.1.1	The TSF shall enforce the [assignment: access control SFP] to objects based on the following: [assignment: list of subjects and objects controlled under the indicated SFP, and for each, the SFP-relevant security attributes, or named groups of SFP-relevant security attributes].
	 [assignment: access control SFP] <i>MFD access control SFP</i> [assignment: list of subjects and objects controlled under the indicated SFP, and for each, the SFP-relevant security attributes, or named groups of SFP-relevant security attributes]. <i>General user identifier corresponding to the general user process, System Administrator identifier corresponding to the System Administrator process</i> <i>Owner identifier of Store Print</i>
FDP_ACF.1.2	The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled subjects and controlled objects is allowed: [assignment: rules governing access among controlled subjects and controlled objects using controlled operations on controlled objects].
	[assignment: rules governing access among controlled subjects

[assignment: rules governing access among controlled subjects and controlled objects using controlled operations on controlled objects].

- the rules, shown in Table 14, for controlling the access among controlled subjects using the controlled operations on the controlled objects

Table 14: Rules for Access Control

Rules for Faxbox Operation in the General User Process -In the General User process, the Faxbox operation is not permitted. Rules for Store Print Operation in the General User Process and System Administrator Process - Deletion and print of document data When the general user identifier and System Administrator identifier of the general user process and System Administrator process match the owner identifier of Store Print, print and deletion of the document data inside are allowed. When the document data are deleted, the corresponding Store Print area is also deleted.

FDP_ACF.1.3 The TSF shall explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorize access of subjects to objects].

[assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorise access of subjects to objects].

- the rules, shown in Table 15, for explicitly authorizing access of the subject to an object based on security attributes.

Table 15: Rules for Explicit Access Authorization

Rule for Faxbox Operation in the System Administrator Process -In the System Administrator process, printing of the document data stored in the Faxbox is allowed.

-Deletion of the document data stored in the Faxbox is not permitted.

FDP_ACF.1.4 The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects].

> [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny access of subjects to objects]. - no rules that explicitly deny the access

- FDP_IFC.1Subset information flow controlHierarchical to:No other componentsDependencies:FDP_IFF.1 Simple security attributes
- FDP_IFC.1.1 The TSF shall enforce the [assignment: information flow control SFP] on [assignment: list of subjects, information, and operations that cause controlled information to flow to and from controlled subjects covered by the SFP].

[assignment: list of subjects, information, and operations that cause controlled information to flow to and from controlled subjects covered by the SFP]

- subjects, information, and operations that cause the information to flow, which are listed in Table 16.

Table 16: Subjects, Information, and Operations that cause the information to flow

Subject	Information	Operation
Receiving information from public	Data on public	Delivery
telephone line	telephone line	
Sending information to the internal		
network		

[assignment: information flow control SFP] - Fax information flow control SFP

FDP_IFF.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Simple security attributes No other components FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialization
FDP_IFF.1.1	The TSF shall enforce the [assignment: information flow control SFP] based on the following types of subject and information security attributes: [assignment: list of subjects and information controlled under the indicated SFP, and for each, the security attributes].
	 [assignment: information flow control SFP] <i>Fax information flow control SFP</i> [assignment: list of subjects and information controlled under the indicated SFP, and for each, the security attributes] <i>none.</i> (Sending information to public telephone line, receiving information from the internal network, and the corresponding data on the public telephone line are not controlled under the Fax information flow control SFP).
FDP_IFF.1.2	The TSF shall permit an information flow between a controlled subject and controlled information via a controlled operation if the following rules hold: [assignment: for each operation, the security attribute-based relationship that must hold between subject and information security attributes].

[assignment: for each operation, the security attribute-based

relationship that must hold between subject and information security attributes]

- the data received from public telephone line must not be sent to the internal network at any case

FDP_IFF.1.3 The TSF shall enforce the [assignment: additional information flow control SFP rules].

[assignment: additional information flow control SFP rules] - none.

FDP_IFF.1.4 The TSF shall explicitly authorize an information flow based on the following rules: [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorize information flows].

[assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly authorize information flows] - none.

FDP_IFF.1.5 The TSF shall explicitly deny an information flow based on the following rules: [assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny information flows].

[assignment: rules, based on security attributes, that explicitly deny information flows]. - none.

- 6.1.4. Class FIA: Identification and authentication
 FIA_AFL.1 (1) Authentication failure handling
 Hierarchical to: No other components
 Dependencies: FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication
 - FIA_AFL.1.1 (1) The TSF shall detect when [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values]] unsuccessful authentication attempts occur related to [assignment: list of authentication events].

[assignment: list of authentication events] - key operator authentication [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator

	configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values] - [assignment: positive integer number] [assignment: positive integer number] - 5
FIA_AFL.1.2 (1)	When the defined number of unsuccessful authentication attempts has been [selection: met, surpassed], the TSF shall [assignment: list of actions].
	[selection: met, surpassed] - <i>met</i>
	[assignment: list of actions] - Identification and authentication of key operator is inhibited until TOE is cycled
FIA_AFL.1(2)	Authentication failure handling
Hierarchical to:	No other components
Dependencies:	FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication
FIA_AFL.1.1 (2)	The TSF shall detect when [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values]] unsuccessful authentication attempts occur related to [assignment: list of authentication events].
	 [assignment: list of authentication events] - SA authentication (with local authentication) [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: range of acceptable values] - [assignment: positive integer number] [assignment: positive integer number] - 5
FIA_AFL.1.2 (2)	When the defined number of unsuccessful authentication attempts has been [selection: met, surpassed], the TSF shall [assignment: list of actions].
	[selection: met, surpassed] - <i>met</i>

[assignment: list of actions]

- Identification and authentication of relevant user is inhibited until TOE is cycled.

FIA_ATD.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	User attribute definition No other components. No dependencies.
FIA_ATD.1.1	The TSF shall maintain the following list of security attributes belonging to individual users: [assignment: list of security attributes].
	[assignment: list of security attributes]. - <i>Key Operator role</i> - SA role - General User role
FIA_SOS.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Verification of secrets No other components. No dependencies.
FIA_SOS.1.1	The TSF shall provide a mechanism to verify that secrets (user password when local authentication is used) meet [assignment: a defined quality metric].
	[assignment: a defined quality metric]. - Password length is restricted to 9 or more characters
FIA_UAU.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Timing of authentication No other components FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification
FIA_UAU.1.1	The TSF shall allow [assignment: list of TSF mediated actions] on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is authenticated.
	[assignment: list of TSF mediated actions] - data receive from public telephone line
FIA_UAU.1.2	The TSF shall require each user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.
FIA LIALI7	Protected authentication feedback

FIA_UAU.7 Protected authentication feedback

Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	No other components FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication
FIA_UAU.7.1	The TSF shall provide only [assignment: list of feedback] to the user while the authentication is in progress.
	[assignment: list of feedback] - display of asterisks ("*") to hide the entered password characters
FIA_UID.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Timing of identification No other components. No dependencies
FIA_UID.1.1	The TSF shall allow [assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions] on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is identified.
	[assignment: list of TSF-mediated actions] - fax receive from public telephone line
FIA_UID.1.2	The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user.
FIA_USB.1 Dependencies:	User-subject binding Hierarchical to: No other components. FIA_ATD.1 User attribute definition
FIA_USB.1.1	The TSF shall associate the following user security attributes with subjects acting on the behalf of that user: [assignment: list of user security attributes].
	[assignment: list of user security attributes]. - <i>Key Operator role</i> - SA role - General User role
FIA_USB.1.2	The TSF shall enforce the following rules on the initial association of user security attributes with subjects acting on the behalf of users: [assignment: rules for the initial association of attributes].
	[assignment: rules for the initial association of attributes].

FIA_USB.1.3 The TSF shall enforce the following rules governing changes to the user security attributes associated with subjects acting on the behalf of users: [assignment: rules for the changing of attributes].

[assignment: rules for the changing of attributes]. - none

 6.1.5. Class FMT:
 Security management

 FMT_MOF.1
 Management of security functions behavior

 Hierarchical to:
 No other components

 Dependencies:
 FMT_SMR.1 Security roles

 FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

FMT_MOF.1.1 The TSF shall restrict the ability to [selection: determine the behavior of, disable, enable, modify the behavior of] the functions [assignment: list of functions] to [assignment: the authorized identified roles].

[selection: determine the behavior of, disable, enable, modify the behavior of]

- enable, disable, or modify the behavior of
- [assignment: list of functions]
- for security listed in Table 17
- [assignment: the authorized identified roles]
- the roles listed in Table 17

Table 17: List of Security Functions

Security Functions	Operations	Roles
Access denial due to authentication	enable, disable	System
failure of system administrator ID		Administrator
User Authentication	enable, disable,	System
	modify	Administrator
Security Audit Log	enable, disable	System
		Administrator
Internal Network Data Protection	enable, disable,	System
	modify	Administrator
Customer Engineer Operation	enable, disable	System
Restriction		Administrator
Self Test	enable, disable	System
		Administrator

FMT_MSA.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Management of security attributes No other components. [FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control, or FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control] FMT_SMR.1 Security roles FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions
FMT_MSA.1.1	The TSF shall enforce the [assignment: access control SFP(s), information flow control SFP(s)] to restrict the ability to [selection: change default, query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]] the security attributes [assignment: list of security attributes] to [assignment: the authorized identified roles].
	 [assignment: access control SFP(s), information flow control SFP(s)] <i>MFD access control SFP</i> [selection: change default, query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]] <i>query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]</i> <i>query, modify, delete, [assignment: other operations]</i> <i>create</i> [assignment: list of security attributes] <i>user identifier and Store Print owner identifier</i> [assignment: the authorized identified roles].

- the operations and roles listed in Table 18

Table 18: Security Attributes and Authorized Roles

Security Attribute	Operations	Roles
Key operator identifier	query	System
		Administrator
SA identifier (with local	query, delete, create	System
authentication only)		Administrator
General user identifier (with local	query, delete, create	System
authentication only)		Administrator
Store Print owner identifier	query, delete, create	System
		Administrator
		General user

FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialization

Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies: FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes

FMT_SMR.1 Security roles

FMT_MSA.3.1 The TSF shall enforce the [assignment: access control SFP, information flow control SFP] to provide [selection, choose one of: restrictive, permissive, [assignment: other property]] default values for security attributes that are used to enforce the SFP.

[assignment: access control SFP, information flow control SFP] - *MFD* access control SFP

[selection, choose one of: restrictive, permissive, [assignment: other property]]

- [assignment: other property]
- Initialization property in Table 19

Table 19 Initialization property

Object	Security Attributes	Default
store print	Owner identifier of store	Creator's user identifier
	print	and available user
		identifier

FMT_MSA.3.2 The TSF shall allow the [assignment: the authorized identified roles] to specify alternative initial values to override the default values when an object or information is created.

[assignment: the authorized identified roles] - none

FMT_MTD.1 Management of TSF data

Hierarchical to: No other components

Dependencies: FMT_SMR.1 Security roles FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

FMT_MTD.1.1 The TSF shall restrict the ability to [selection: change default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]] the [assignment: list of TSF data] to [assignment: the authorized identified roles].

> [selection: change default, query, modify, delete, clear, [assignment: other operations]] - query, modify, delete [assignment: other operations]]

- create

[assignment: list of TSF data]

- TSF data listed in Table 19

[assignment: the authorized identified roles].

- the roles listed in Table 20

Table 20: Operation of TSF Data

TSF Data	Operations	Roles
Data on key operator Password	modify	Key operator
Data on SA ID (with local	query, delete, create	System
authentication only)		Administrator
Data on SA Password (with local	modify	System
authentication only)		Administrator
Data on General user ID (with local	query, delete, create	System
authentication only)		Administrator
Data on General user Password	modify	System
(with local authentication only)		Administrator
		General user
Data on User Authentication	query, modify	System
		Administrator
Data on minimum password length	quary modify	System
of user password (with local	query, modify	Administrator
authentication only)		
Data on User permission	query, modify	System
	query, mouny	Administrator
Data on Access denial due to	query, modify	System
authentication failure of system		Administrator
administrator		
Data on Security Audit Log	query, modify	System
		Administrator
Data on Internal Network Data	query, modify, delete	System
Protection		Administrator
Data on Customer Engineer	query, modify	System
Operation Restriction		Administrator
Data on date and time	query, modify	System
		Administrator
Data on Self Test	query, modify	System
		Administrator

FMT_SMF.1 Hierarchical to:

Specification of Management Functions No other components

- Dependencies: No dependencies
- FMT_SMF.1.1 The TSF shall be capable of performing the following management functions: [assignment: list of management functions to be provided by the TSF].

[assignment: list of management functions to be provided by the TSF]

- Security Management Functions listed in Table 21

Functional requirements	Management items defined by CC	Management functions of TOE
FAU_GEN.1	There are no management activities foreseen.	Management of data on Security Audit Log settings
FAU_SAR.1	a) maintenance (deletion, modification, addition) of the group of users with read access right to the audit records.	Management of data on key operator (password) Management of data on SA (ID and password) (with local authentication only)
FAU_SAR.2	None	-
FAU_STG.1	None	-
FAU_STG.4	a) maintenance (deletion, modification, addition) of actions to be taken in case of audit storage failure.	None Reason: The control parameter of audit log is fixed and is not managed.
FCS_CKM.1	None	-
FCS_COP.1	None	-
FDP_ACC.1	None	-
FDP_ACF.1	 a) Managing the attributes used to make explicit access or denial based decisions. 	Management of owner identifier of store print Management of data on user permission
FDP_IFC.1	None	-
FDP_IFF.1	a) Managing the attributes used to make explicit access based decisions.	None Reason: Access is restricted and does not need to be managed.
FIA_AFL.1	a) Management of the threshold for unsuccessful authentication attempts;b) Management of actions to be taken in the event of an authentication failure.	Management of allowable number of system administrator's authentication failures Management of Access Denial

Table 21: Security Management Functions Provided by TSF

FIA_ATD.1 FIA_SOS.1	 a) if so indicated in the assignment, the authorized administrator might be able to define additional security attributes for users. a) the management of the metric used to verify the secrets. 	None Reason: There are no additional security attributes and there are no additional security attributes to be managed. - Management of data on minimum password length
		of user password
FIA_UAU.1	a) Management of the authentication	- Management of data on
	data by an administrator;	key operator(password)
	b) Management of the authentication	- Management of data on
	data by the associated user;	SA and general user (ID
	c) Managing the list of actions that can be taken before the user is authenticated.	and password) (with local authentication only) - Management of data on
		user authentication.
FIA_UAU.7	None	
FIA_UID.1	a) The management of the user	- Management of data on
	identities.	SA and general user (ID)
	b) If an authorised administrator can change the actions allowed before identification, the managing of the action lists.	(with local authentication only) - Management of data on user authentication.
FIA_USB.1	a) an authorized administrator can	None
	define default subject security	Reason: Action and security attributes are
	attributes.	fixed and are not
	b) an authorized administrator can	managed.
	change subject security attributes.	
FMT_MOF.1	a) Managing the group of roles that can interact with the functions in the TSF;	Management of data on Customer Engineer Operation Restriction
FMT_MSA.1	a) managing the group of roles that can	None Rooson: The role group is
	interact with the security attributes;	Reason: The role group is fixed and is not managed.
	b) management of rules by which	inted and to not managed
	security attributes inherit specified	
	values.	
FMT_MSA.3	a) managing the group of roles that can specify initial values;	None Reason: The role group is
	b) managing the permissive or	only a system
	restrictive setting of default values for a	administrator and is not managed.
	given access control SFP;	······································
	c) management of rules by which	
	security attributes inherit specified	
	security attributes inficint specified	

		values.	
	FMT_MTD.1.	a) Managing the group of roles that can interact with the TSF data.	Management of data on Customer Engineer Operation Restriction
	FMT SMF.1	None	
	FMT_SMR.1	a) Managing the group of users that are part of a role.	None Reason: The role group is fixed and is not managed
	FPT_STM.1	a) management of the time.	Management of time and data.
	FPT_TST.1	 a) management of the conditions under which TSF self testing occurs, such as during initial start-up, regular interval, or under specified conditions; b) management of the time interval if appropriate. 	Management of data on Self Test.
	FTP_ITC.1	a) Configuring the actions that require trusted channel, if supported.	Management of data on Internal Network Data Protection.
	FMT_SMR.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	Security roles No other components FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification	
FMT_SMR.1.1		The TSF shall maintain the roles [assignment: the authorized identified roles].	
		[assignment: the authorized identified r	
	FMT_SMR.1.2	The TSF shall be able to associate use	ers with roles.
6.1.6. Class FPT: FPT_STM.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:		Protection of the TSF Reliable time stamps No other components. No dependencies.	
	FPT_STM.1.1	The TSF shall be able to provide reliab	le time stamps.
	FPT_TST.1 Hierarchical to: Dependencies:	TSF testing No other components. No dependencies.	
	FPT_TST.1.1	The TSF shall run a suite of self tests [selection: during initial

start-up, periodically during normal operation, at the request of the authorised user, at the conditions [assignment: conditions under which self test should occur]] to demonstrate the correct operation of [selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], the TSF].

[selection: during initial start-up, periodically during normal operation, at the request of the authorised user, at the conditions [assignment: conditions under which self test should occur]] - at the conditions [assignment: conditions under which self test should occur] [assignment: conditions under which self test should occur] - at initiation under which self test is set [selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], the TSF]. - [assignment: parts of TSF] - TSF executable code FPT TST.1.2 The TSF shall provide authorised users with the capability to verify the integrity of [selection: [assignment: parts of TSF data], TSF data]. [selection: [assignment: parts of TSF data], TSF data] - [assignment: parts of TSF data] - TSF data (excluding audit log data and present time data) FPT TST.1.3 The TSF shall provide authorised users with the capability to verify the integrity of [selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], TSF]. [selection: [assignment: parts of TSF], TSF] - assignment: parts of TSF - TSF executable code 6.1.7. Class FTP: Trusted path/channels FTP ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel Hierarchical to: No other components.

Dependencies: No dependencies.

FTP_ITC.1.1 The TSF shall provide a communication channel between itself and another trusted IT product that is logically distinct from other communication channels and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the channel data from modification or disclosure. FTP_ITC.1.2The TSF shall permit [selection: the TSF, another trusted IT
product] to initiate communication via the trusted channel.

[selection: the TSF, another trusted IT product] - *the TSF, another trusted IT product*

FTP_ITC.1.3 The TSF shall initiate communication via the trusted channel for [assignment: list of functions for which a trusted channel is required].

[assignment: list of functions for which a trusted channel is required].

- TOE communication service via Web, communication service for printer driver, communication service for LDAP, communication service for Kerberos, communication service for SMTP, communication service for FTP, and communication service for DNS.

6.2. Security Assurance Requirements

The requirements for the TOE security assurance are described in Table 22. The evaluation assurance level of the TOE is EAL2. All the requirement components for assurance are quoted directly from the component of EAL2 specified by [the CC part 3].

Assurance Class	Assurance Component		
	ADV_ARC.1	Security architecture description	
ADV:	ADV_FSP.2	Security-enforcing functional	
Development	ADV_FSF.2	specification	
	ADV_TDS.1	Basic design	
AGD:	AGD_OPE.1	Operational user guidance	
Guidance	AGD_PRE.1	Preparative procedures	
documents			
ALC:	ALC_CMC.2	Use of a CM system	
Life-cycle	ALC_CMS.2	Parts of the TOE CM coverage	
support	ALC_DEL.1	Delivery procedures	
	ASE_CCL.1	Conformance claims	
	ASE_ECD.1	Extended components definition	
ASE:	ASE_INT.1	ST introduction	
Security Target	ASE_OBJ.2	Security objectives	
evaluation	ASE_REQ.2	Derived security requirements	
	ASE_SPD.1	Security problem definition	
	ASE_TSS.1	TOE summary specification	
ATE:	ATE_COV.1	Evidence of coverage	
Tests	ATE_FUN.1	Functional testing	
	ATE_IND.2	Independent testing - sample	
AVA:			
Vulnerability	AVA_VAN.2	Vulnerability analysis	
assessment			

Table 22: Security Assurance Requirements

6.3. Security Requirement Rationale

6.3.1. Security Functional Requirements Rationale

Table 23 lists security functional requirements and the corresponding security objectives. As shown in Table 23, each security functional requirement corresponds to at least one security objective of the TOE.

Table 24 shows the rationale demonstrating that each security objective is assured by TOE

security functional requirements.

Table 23: Security	/ Functional Red	quirements a	and the Corres	ponding	Security	Objectives
		1				

Security Objectives	S	R	O.COMM_SEC	EC	ЭП	RICT		×
	O.AUDITS	O.CIPHER	MM	O.FAX_SEC	O.MANAGE	O.RESTRICT	O.USER	O.VERIFY
Security Functional	.AU	CIF	CC.	.FA	.M≙	RE.	SU.	N.
Requirements		0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FAU_GEN.1	✓							
FAU_SAR.1	\checkmark							
FAU_SAR.2	\checkmark							
FAU_STG.1	\checkmark							
FAU_STG.4	\checkmark							
FCS_CKM.1		\checkmark						
FCS_COP.1		\checkmark						
FDP_ACC.1							\checkmark	
FDP_ACF.1							✓	
FDP_IFC.1				\checkmark				
FDP_IFF.1				\checkmark				
FIA_AFL.1					\checkmark	✓	\checkmark	
FIA_ATD.1							\checkmark	
FIA_SOS.1						\checkmark	\checkmark	
FIA_UAU.1					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
FIA_UAU.7					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
FIA_UID.1					\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	
FIA_USB.1							>	
FMT_MOF.1					\checkmark			
FMT_MSA.1							\checkmark	
FMT_MSA.3							>	
FMT_MTD.1					\checkmark		~	
FMT_SMF.1					\checkmark			
FMT_SMR.1					\checkmark		\checkmark	
FPT_STM.1	✓							
FPT_TST.1								\checkmark
FTP_TRP.1			✓					

Security Objectives	Security Functional Requirements Rationale					
	O. AUDITS is the objective that provides the function to record					
	auditable events and its log data.					
	By satisfying the following security requirements, O.AUDITS can					
	be realized.					
	By FAU_GEN.1, the security audit log data are generated for the					
	auditable events: (However, audit is unnecessary for the following					
	functional requirements for each reason described below.)					
	- FAU_STG.4: The total number of security audit log data events is					
	fixed. The data are stored and updated automatically.					
	- FCS_CKM.1: When cryptographic key generation fails, a system					
	error occurs at the time of booting of the MFD.					
	- FSC_COP.1: An encryption failure is monitored as job status.					
O.AUDITS	- FDP_IFF.1: The flow is fixed. No event is to be monitored.					
0.7 (0.0110	- FMT_MSA.3: No change is to be applied to default values and					
	rules.					
	By FAU_SAR.1, the authorized system administrator can read the					
	security audit log data from an audit log file.					
	By FAU_SAR.2, only the authorized system administrator can					
	access the security audit log data.					
	By FAU_STG.1, the security audit log data stored in an audit log					
	file is protected from unauthorized deletion and alteration.					
	By FAU_STG.4, when the security audit log data is full, the oldest					
	stored audit record is overwritten and a new audit event is stored					
	into the audit log file.					
	By FPT_STM.1, the auditable events are recorded with time stamp					
	in the audit log, using highly reliable clock of the TOE. O. CIPHER is the objective that encrypts the used document data					
	and the security audit log data in the eMMC memory so that they					
	cannot be analyzed even if retrieved without authorization.					
	By satisfying the following security requirements, O.CIPHER can					
	be realized.					
O.CIPHER	By FCS_CKM.1, the cryptographic key is generated in accordance					
	with the specified cryptographic key size (256 bits).					
	By FCS_COP.1, the document data and security audit log data to					
	be stored into the eMMC memory are encrypted and then					
	decrypted when the data are read, in accordance with the					
	determined cryptographic algorithm and cryptographic key size.					
	O.COMM_SEC is the objective that protects the document data,					
O.COMM_SEC	security audit log data, and TOE setting data on the internal					
	network from interception and alteration.					

Security Objectives	Security Functional Requirements Rationale
	By satisfying the following security requirements, O.COMM_SEC
	can be realized:
	By FTP_ITC.1, a highly reliable communication channel is
	provided through communication data encryption protocol so that
	the document data, security audit log data, and TOE setting data
	on the internal network between the TOE and the IT product can
	be protected from threats.
	O.FAX_SEC is the objective that prevents the unauthorized
	access to the internal network via public telephone line.
	By satisfying the following security requirements, O.FAX_SEC can
O.FAX_SEC	be realized:
	By FDP_IFC.1 and FDP_IFF.1, the internal network to which the
	TOE is connected is prevented from being accessed via public
	telephone line from the communication path of TOE fax modem.
	O. MANAGE is the objective that allows only an authenticated
	system administrator to access the system administrator mode for
	security function setting and inhibits a general user from accessing
	the TOE setting data. By satisfying the following security
	requirements, O.MANAGE can be realized:
	In order to prevent attackers from using privileges given to system
	administrators and accessing protected assets, the power needs
	to be cycled in cases when the number of the key operator
	authentication failures by By FIA_AFL.1 (1), because the power
	needs to be cycled when the number of key operator
	authentication failures reaches the defined number of times.
	By FIA_AFL.1 (2), successive attacks are prevented because the
O.MANAGE	power needs to be cycled when the number of SA authentication
O.MANAGE	failures (at local authentication) reaches the defined number of
	times.
	By FIA_UAU.1 and FIA_UID.1, user authentication is performed to
	identify an authorized system administrator or general user.
	By FIA_UAU.7, unauthorized disclosure of the authentication
	information (password) is prevented because the authentication
	feedback is protected.
	By FMT_MOF.1, the person who enables/disables TOE security
	functions and makes functional settings is limited to system
	administrator.
	By FMT_MTD.1, the person who can make settings of TOE
	security functions is limited to system administrator. Thus, only
	system administrators can query, modify, and create TSF data.

Security Objectives	Security Functional Requirements Rationale
	By FMT_SMF.1, TOE security management functions are provided
	for system administrator.
	By FMT_SMR.1 (1), the role related to the security is limited to
	system administrator by maintaining the role of system
	administrator as a user who has special authority.
	O.RESTRICT is the objective that offers the function to inhibit an
	unauthorized person from using the TOE.
	By satisfying the following security requirements, O.RESTRICT can be realized:
	In order to prevent attackers from using privileges given to system
	administrators and accessing protected assets, the power needs
	to be cycled in cases when the number of the key operator
	authentication failures by By FIA_AFL.1 (1), because the power
	needs to be cycled when the number of key operator
	authentication failures reaches the defined number of times.
O.RESTRICT	By FIA_AFL.1 (2), successive attacks are prevented because the
	power needs to be cycled when the number of SA authentication
	failures (at local authentication) reaches the defined number of
	times.
	By FIA_UIA.1 and FIA_UID.1, user authentication is performed to
	identify an authorized general user and system administrator.
	By FIA_UAU.7, unauthorized disclosure of the authentication
	information (password) is prevented because the authentication
	feedback is protected.
	By FIA_SOS1, the minimum length of password for SA and
	general user is limited.
	O.USER is the objective that identifies the TOE user and allows
	only the authorized user to retrieve, and delete the document data
	and to change password.
	By satisfying the following security requirements, O.USER can be realized:
	By FDP_ACC.1 and FDP_ACF.1, user authentication is performed.
O.USER	Only authorized user is allowed to operate the objects.
	In order to prevent attackers from using privileges given to system
	administrators and accessing protected assets, the power needs
	to be cycled in cases when the number of the key operator
	authentication failures by By FIA_AFL.1 (1), because the power
	needs to be cycled when the number of key operator authentication failures reaches the defined number of times.
	By FIA_AFL.1 (2), successive attacks are prevented because the

Security Objectives	Security Functional Requirements Rationale
	power needs to be cycled when the number of SA authentication
	failures (at local authentication) reaches the defined number of
	times.
	By FIA_ATD.1 and FIA_USB.1, each role of key operator, SA, and
	general user is maintained and only the authorized users are associated with the subjects.
	By FIA_SOS1, the minimum length of password for user is limited.
	By FIA_UAU.1 and FIA_UID.1, user authentication is performed to
	identify an authorized general user and system administrator.
	By FIA_UAU.7, unauthorized disclosure of the authentication
	information (password) is prevented because the authentication feedback is protected.
	By FMT_MSA.1, the query, modify, deletion, and creation of
	security attributes are managed.
	By FMT_MSA.3, the suitable default values are managed.
	By FMT_MTD.1, the setting of password for key operator is limited
	to key operator, that for SA is limited to key operator and SA, and
	that for general user is limited to system administrator and the
	general user (when it is his/her own).
	By FMT_SMF.1, TOE security management functions are provided
	for authorized users.
	By FMT_SMR.1, the role of general user and system administrator
	is maintained and associated with the general user and system administrator.
	O. VERIFY is the objective that provides the function to verify the
	integrity of TSF executable code.
O. VERIFY	By satisfying the following security requirements, O. VERIFY can
	be realized.
	By FPT_TST.1 the TOE can execute the self test function to verify
	the integrity of TSF executable code and TSF data upon initiation.

6.3.2. Dependencies of Security Functional Requirements

Table 25 describes the functional requirements that security functional requirements depend on and those that do not and the reason why it is not problematic even if dependencies are not satisfied.

Functional Requirement	Deper	ndencies of Functional Requirements
Requirement and its name	Requirement that is dependent on	Requirement that is not dependent on and its rationale
FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation	FPT_STM.1	-
FAU_SAR.1 Audit review	FAU_GEN.1	-
FAU_SAR.2 Restricted audit review	FAU_SAR.1	-
FAU_STG.1 Protected audit trail storage	FAU_GEN.1	-
FAU_STG.4 Prevention of audit data loss	FAU_STG.1	_
FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation (The stored data in the Flash memory)	FCS_COP.1	FCS_CKM.4: As specified in the Organizational Security Policies, a cryptographic key does not need to be destructed.
FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation (The stored data in the Flash memory)	FCS_CKM.1	FCS_CKM.4: As specified in the Organizational Security Policies, a cryptographic key does not need to be destructed.
FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control	FDP_ACF.1	-
FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control	FDP_ACC.1 FMT_MSA.3	_
FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control (Fax information flow)	FDP_IFF.1	-
FDP_IFF.1 Simple security attributes (Fax information flow)	FDP_IFC.1	FMT_MSA.3: A static attribute initialization is not required because Fax Information Flow has no security attribute.

Table 25: Dependencies of Functional Security Requirements

Functional Requirement	Deper	idencies of Functional Requirements
Requirement and its name	Requirement that is dependent on	Requirement that is not dependent on and its rationale
FIA_AFL.1		
Authentication failure handling	FIA_UAU.1	-
FIA_ATD.1		Nega
User attribute definition		None
FIA_SOS.1		N
Verification of secrets		None
FIA_UAU.1		
Timing of authentication	FIA_UID.1	
FIA_UAU.7		
Protected authentication	FIA_UID.1	
feedback		
FIA_UID.1		
Timing of identification		None
FIA_USB.1		
User-subject binding	FIA_ATD.1	-
FMT_MOF.1		
Management of security	FMT_SMF.1	-
functions behavior	FMT_SMR.1	
FMT_MSA.1	FDP_ACC.1	
Management of security	FMT_SMF.1	-
attributes	FMT_SMR.1	
FMT_MSA.3		
Static attribute	FMT_MSA.1	-
initialization	FMT_SMR.1	
FMT_MTD.1		
Management of TSF	FMT_SMF.1 FMT_SMR.1	-
data		
FMT_SMF.1		
Specification of		None
management functions		
FMT_SMR.1	FIA_UID.1	
Security roles		
FPT_STM.1		None
Reliable time stamp		
FPT_TST.1		None
TSF testing		INOLIG

Functional Requirement	Deper	Dependencies of Functional Requirements					
Requirement and its name	Requirement that is dependent on	Requirement that is not dependent on and its rationale					
FTP_ITC.1 Trusted Channel		None					

6.3.3. Security Assurance Requirements Rationale

This TOE is for a MFD, a commercial product. The following threats are assumed to be caused by a low-level attacker: attack or interception/alteration of data on internal network via a MFD external interface from control panel, Web browser of system administrator's client; and reading-out of information by removing the eMMC memory and connecting it to a commercial tool.

To counter these threats, this TOE is required to provide the security functions which assure security.

Evaluation Assurance Level 2 is appropriate.

7. TOE SUMMARY SPECIFICATION

This chapter describes the summary specifications of the security functions provided by this TOE.

7.1. Security Functions

Table 26 shows security functional requirements and the corresponding TOE security functions.

The security functions described in this section satisfy the TOE security functional requirements that are specified in section 6.1 of this ST.

Table 26: Security Functional Requirements and the Corresponding TOE Security Functions

Security Functions	TSF_CIPHER	TSF_USER_AUTH	TSF_FMT	TSF_CE_LIMIT	TSF_FAU	TSF_NET_PROT	TSF_FAX_FLOW	TSF_SELF_TEST
Security Functional Requirements	TSF	TSF	TSF	TSF	TSF	TSF	TSF	TSF
FAU_GEN.1		-	-		· •			-
FAU_SAR.1					✓			
FAU_SAR.2					✓			
FAU_STG.1					✓			
FAU_STG.4					✓			
FCS_CKM.1	✓							
FCS_COP.1	✓							
FDP_ACC.1		✓						
FDP_ACF.1		\checkmark						
FDP_IFC.1							\checkmark	
FDP_IFF.1							✓	
FIA_AFL.1 (1)		✓						
FIA_AFL.1 (2)		✓						
FIA_ATD.1		✓						
FIA_SOS.1		✓						
FIA_UAU.1		✓						
FIA_UAU.7		✓						
FIA_UID.1		\checkmark						
FIA_USB.1		\checkmark						
FMT_MOF.1			✓	✓				
FMT_MSA.1		\checkmark	\checkmark					
FMT_MSA.3			\checkmark					

Security Functions Security Functional	TSF_CIPHER	TSF_USER_AUTH	TSF_FMT	TSF_CE_LIMIT	TSF_FAU	TSF_NET_PROT	TSF_FAX_FLOW	TSF_SELF_TEST
Requirements	-	-			H	Η	Т	-
FMT_MTD.1		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
FMT_SMF.1			\checkmark	\checkmark				
FMT_SMR.1		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark				
FPT_STM.1					✓			
FPT_TST.1								\checkmark
FTP_TRP.1						✓		

The summary of each TOE security function and the corresponding security functional requirements are described below.

7.1.1. Flash Memory Data Encryption (TSF_CIPHER)

The document data and security audit log data are encrypted before stored into the eMMC memory when operating any function of copy, print, Network Scan, fax, or configuring various security function settings.

- FCS_CKM.1 Cryptographic key generation The TOE generates a 256-bit encryption key with SHA-2 algorithm based on FIPS PUB 180-2.
- (2) FCS_COP.1 Cryptographic operation

Before storing the document data and security audit log data into the eMMC memory, the TOE encrypts the data using the 256-bit cryptographic key and the AES algorithm based on FIPS PUBS 197. When reading out the stored data, the TOE decrypts the data also using the 256-bit cryptographic key and the AES algorithm.

7.1.2. User Authentication (TSF_USER_AUTH)

Access to the TOE functions is restricted to the authorized user.

A user needs to enter his/her ID and password from the printer driver or Web browser of the user client, or MFD control panel. After a user enters his/her ID and password, an MFD identifies and authenticates the user based on user information stored in the MFD or an external server.

There are the following two types of authentication depending on how user information is registered.

a) Local Authentication

In local authentication, authentication is managed by using the user information registered in the TOE.

b) Remote Authentication

Authentication is performed by remote authentication server. User information is not registered in the TOE. In remote authentication, authentication is performed by using the user information managed by remote authentication server (LDAP server or Kerberos server).

Only the authenticated user can use the following functions:

a) Functions controlled by the MFD control panel

Copy, fax (send), network scan, Faxbox operation, and print (This print function requires the Store Print preset from printer driver. A user must be authenticated from the control panel for print job.)

Based on the system administrator authority information registered in the LDAP server, a user identified and authenticated using a Smart Card (CAC/PIV) is possible to have an authority to refer to the TOE security functions and change their settings.

b) Functions controlled by Remote Configuration

Display of device condition, display of job status and its log.

When a user is authenticated using the Remote Configuration function, the information of the Smart Card is not used, but the user information registered in the TOE or remote authentication server is used for authentication.

c) Functions using printer driver of user client

The data of user client is decomposed to the print data described in PDL readable by the MFD, and the print data are stored in TOE.

When a user sends a print request from the printer driver in which the Store Print is preset, the MFD decomposes the received data into bitmap data and stores the data in the eMMC Memory.

In addition, access to and setting change of the TOE security functions are restricted to the authorized system administrator. A system administrator needs to enter his/her ID and password from MFD control panel or system administrator client.

In Smart Card authentication, an MFD identifies and authenticates users by comparing user information and certificates stored in Smart Card (CAC/PIV) and those in Kerberos server.

 (1) FIA_AFL.1 (1), FIA_AFL.1 (2) Authentication failure handling The function of the authentication failures is provided for the System Administrator authentication which is performed before accessing the TOE. After the number of unsuccessful authentication attempts with a system administrator ID reaches 5 time upon local authentication, the system administrator with the said ID will not be authenticated until the TOE is powered off/on.

(2) FIA_ATD.1 User attribute definition

The function of the TOE to define and retain the roles of System Administrator and general user.

(3) FIA_SOS.1 Verification of secrets

When setting a password of System Administrator and general user, the TOE rejects settings if the password is less than the minimum number of characters.

(4) FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication

FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification

The TOE requests a user to enter his/her ID and password before permitting him/her to operate the MFD function via Web browser of a user client, or the control panel. The entered user ID and password are verified against the data registered in the TOE setting data.

When a Store Print job is specified via the printer driver of a user client, a user ID and password are appended to the print job. The TOE stores the job only when the TOE succeeds in identifying and authenticating the user using the user ID and password appended to the print job.

When a user inserts a Smart Card (CAC/PIV) into the card reader and enters a PIN code via the control panel, the TOE verifies the entered PIN code against the code registered in the Smart Card. If the entered PIN code is correct, the TOE accesses the Kerberos server using the Smart Card certificate and performs identification and authentication. This identification (FIA_UID.1) and the authentication (FIA_UAU.1) are simultaneously performed, and the operation is allowed only when both of the identification and authentication authentication succeed.

When receiving fax data by the public telephone line, the TOE receives the fax data without user identification and authentication.

(5) FIA_UAU.7 Protected authentication feedback

The TOE offers the function to display the same number of asterisks (`*`) as the entered-password characters on the control panel, or Web browser, in order to hide the password at the time of user authentication.

(6) FIA_USB.1 User-subject binding With the authenticated ID, TOE associates the roles of System Administrator, and general user with the subjects.

(7) FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes

With the user authentication function, the TOE permits the authenticated user to handle the security attributes in Table 27.

Security Attributes	Operations	Roles
Key operator identifier	query	System Administrator
SA identifier (with local	query, delete, create	System Administrator
authentication only)		
General user identifier (with	query, delete, create	System Administrator
local authentication only)		
Store Print owner identifier	query, delete, create	System Administrator
		General user

Table 27: Mar	nagement of	security	attributes

(8) FMT_MTD.1 Management of TSF data

FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions

The TOE provides the user interface for setting password only to the authenticated authorized user.

The setting of password for key operator is limited to key operator, that for SA (with local authentication only) is limited to key operator and SA, and that for general user (with local authentication only) is limited to system administrator and the general user (when it is his/her own).

(9) FMT_SMR.1 Security role

The TOE maintains the roles of system administrator and general user and associates these roles to the authorized users.

(10) FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control

FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control With the user authentication function, the TOE permits the authenticated user to operate Faxbox and Store Print as shown in Table 28.

Table 28: Access Control

	Faxbox	Store Print
Creation of box	-	-
Deletion of box	-	-
Print of document	Available for	Available for general
data	System	user, System
	Administrator	Administrator

Deletion of	-	Available for general
document data		user, System
		Administrator

User authentication is performed before accessing Faxbox or Store Print.

a) Store Print Function

A user sends a print request from the printer driver in which the Store Print is preset, after the user has been successfully identified and authenticated, the print data are decomposed into bitmap data, classified according to the user ID, and temporarily stored in the eMMC memory.

To refer to the stored print data, a user needs to enter his/her ID and password from the control panel or to use Smart Card (CAC/PIV). When the user is authenticated, the data on the waiting list corresponding to the user ID are displayed. The user can request printing or deletion of the data on the list.

b) Faxbox Function

The scanned data and received fax data can be stored into Faxbox from Public Telephone Line (Fax card) which are not shown in Figure 3.

To store the received fax data into Faxbox, user authentication is not required. Among the received fax data transmitted over public telephone line.

To print or delete the stored data in the Faxbox user authentication is required; the MFD compares the user ID and password preset in the MFD against those entered by a System Administrator from the control panel. For user authentication. Smart Card authentication is also available on the control panel.

•Faxbox Operation by a General User

As for a general user, it is not permitted to operate the Faxbox.

•Faxbox Operation by a System Administrator

As for a system administrator, printing of the document data stored in the Faxbox is allowed.

There is no function for deleting the document data stored in the Faxbox.

- Store Print Operation by a General User / System Administrator
 When the general user identifier / SA identifier matches the owner identifier of Store
 Print area, print and deletion of the document data inside are allowed.
 When the document data are deleted, the corresponding Store Print area is also deleted.
- 7.1.3. System Administrator's Security Management (TSF_FMT)To grant a privilege to a specific user, this function allows only the authorized system

administrator to access the system administrator mode which enables him/her to refer to and configure the settings of the following TOE security functions from the control panel or system administrator client.

(1) FMT_MOF.1 Management of security functions behavior

FMT_MTD.1 Management of TSF data

FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions

The TOE provides a user interface which allows only the authenticated system administrator to refer to / change the TOE setting data related to the following TOE security functions and to make setting whether to enable/disable each function. With these functions, the required security management functions are provided.

The settings of the following TOE security functions can be referred to and changed from the control panel.

- Refer to the setting of TLS communication of Internal Network Data Protection, enable/disable it, and configure the details;
- Refer to and set date and time;

With Remote Configuration, the settings of the following TOE security functions can be referred to and changed from a system administrator client via Web browser.

- Setting of the key operator password (only a key operator is privileged);
- Refer to the setting of ID of SA and general user and change the ID and password (with local authentication only);
- Refer to the setting of access denial due to authentication failures of system administrator, enable/disable it, and set the allowable number of the failures before access denial;
- Refer to and set the date and time;
- Refer to and set the Self Test;
- Refer to and set the minimum password length (with local authentication only);
- Refer to the setting of Security Audit Log and enable/disable it, (When Security Audit Log data are enabled, security audit log data can be downloaded in the form of tab-delimited text to a system administrator client.);
- Refer to the setting of TLS communication of Internal Network Data Protection, enable/disable it, and configure the details;
- Refer to the setting of IPSec communication of Internal Network Data Protection, enable/disable it, and configure the details;
- Refer to the setting of S/MIME communication of Internal Network Data Protection, enable/disable it, and configure the details;
- Download/upload and create an X.509 certificate;
- Refer to the setting of User Authentication and select disable/Local Authentication/Remote Authentication, and configure the details;

- Refer to and set the general user permission;
- Refer to and set the Customer Engineer Operation Restriction;
- Refer to the setting of Smart Card authentication, enable/disable it, and configure the details;
- (2) FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes The TOE restricts the handling of the general user identifier only to a system administrator.
- (3) FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialization

Regarding Store Print, the TOE sets the user identifier created as owner identifier and the available user identifier, and set them as default values of security attributes. Regarding Faxbox, the TOE sets the System Administrator default values of security attributes.

(4) FMT_SMR.1 Security roles

The system administrator's role is maintained and the role is associated with a system administrator.

7.1.4. Customer Engineer Operation Restriction (TSF_CE_LIMIT)

A system administrator can restrict CE's operation in the system administrator mode to inhibit CE from referring to / changing the settings related to System Administrator's Security Management (TSF_FMT). This function can prevent setting change by an attacker who is impersonating CE.

- (1) FMT_MOF.1 Management of security functions behavior FMT_MTD.1 Management of TSF data FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions
 The TOE provides a user interface which allows only the authenticated system administrator to refer to / change (enable/disable) the TOE settings related to Customer Engineer Operation Restriction from the Remote Configuration.
 With these functions, the required security management functions are provided.
- (2) FMT_SMR.1 Security roles

The system administrator's role is maintained and the role is associated with a system administrator.

7.1.5. Security Audit Log (TSF_FAU)

According to Security Audit Log setting which is configured by a system administrator using the system administrator mode, the important events of the TOE such as device failure,

configuration change, and user operation are traced and recorded based on when and who operated what function. All the TOE users are the targets of this audit log.

(1) FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation

It is assured that the defined auditable event is recorded in the audit log. Table 29 shows the details of the audit log data.

Table 29: Details of Security Audit Log Data

The auditable events are recorded with the following fixed size entries:

- Log ID: consecutive numbers as an audit log identifier (1 60000)
- Date: date data (yyyy/mm/dd, mm/dd/yyyy, or dd/mm/yyyy)
- Time: time data (hh:mm:ss)
- Logged Events: event name (arbitrary characters of up to 32 digits)
- User Name: user name (arbitrary characters of up to 32 digits)
- Description: description on events (arbitrary characters of up to 32 digits, see below for details)
- Status: status or result of event processing (arbitrary characters of up to 32 digits, see below for details)
- Optionally Logged Items: additional information recorded to audit log (except common record items)

Logged Events	Description	Status
Change in Device Status		
	Started normally (cold boot)	
Sustam Status	Started normally (warm boot)	-
System Status	Shutdown requested	
	User operation (Local)	Start/End
	Self Test	Successful/Failed
User Authentication		
	Login	Successful, Failed
		(Invalid UserID), Failed
	Logout	(Invalid Password),
Login/Logout		Failed
	Locked System Administrator	-
	Authentication	(Number of
	Detected continuous Authentication	authentication failures
	Fail	recorded)
Change in Audit Policy		
Audit Policy	Audit Log	Enable/Disable
Job Status		
	Print	Completed, Completed
Job Status	Сору	with Warnings,
	Scan	Canceled by User,

Logged Events	Description	Status	
	Fax	Canceled by Shutdown,	
	Print Reports	Aborted, Unknown	
Change in Device S	ettings		
	Adjust Time	Successful/Failed	
Device Settings	Switch Authentication Mode	Successful	
	Change Security Setting	(Setting items recorded)	
Access to Data Stor	ed in Device		
	Import Certificate		
	Delete Certificate		
Device Data	Add Address Entry	Successful/Failed	
Device Data	Delete Address Entry		
	Edit Address Entry		
	Export Audit Log		
Communication Result			
	Trusted Communication	Failed	
Communication		(Protocol and	
		communication	
		destination stored)	

(2) FAU_SAR.1 Audit review

It is assured that all the information recorded in the audit log can be retrieved. Security audit log data can be downloaded in the form of tab-delimited text by pressing the button "store as a text file." To download security audit log data, TLS communication needs to be enabled before using Web browser.

(3) FAU_SAR.2 Restricted audit review

The person who retrieves the security audit log data is limited to the authenticated system administrator. A system administrator can access the security audit log data only via Web browser and the access from the control panel is inhibited. Therefore, a system administrator needs to log in from Web browser to access the security audit log data.

(4) FAU_STG.1 Protected audit trail storage

There is no function to delete the security audit log data, and the security audit log data are protected from untrusted alteration and modification.

(5) FAU_STG.4 Prevention of audit data loss

When security audit log data are full, the oldest stored audit record is overwritten with the new data so that the new data is not lost but surely recorded.

Auditable events are stored with time stamps into NVRAM. When the number of stored

events reaches 50, the 50 logs on NVRAM is stored into one file ("audit log file") within the eMMC memory. Up to 15,000 events can be stored. When the number of recorded events exceeds 15,000, the oldest audit log file is overwritten and a new audit event is stored.

(6) FPT_STM.1 Reliable time stamps

The time stamp of TOE's clock function is issued when the defined auditable event is recorded in the audit log file.

By TSF_FMT, only a system administrator is enabled to change the clock setting.

7.1.6. Internal Network Data Protection (TSF_NET_PROT)

Internal Network Data Protection is provided by the following four protocols which are configured by a system administrator using the system administrator mode:

(1) FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF Trusted Channel

The document data, security audit log data, and TOE setting data are protected by the encryption communication protocol that ensures secure data communication between the TOE and the IT products. This trusted channel is logically distinct from other communication channel and provides assured identification of its endpoints and protection of the communication data from modification or disclosure.

The followings are the encryption algorithms for network communication provided by the TOE.

Protocol	Target Products.	Encryption Algorithms
TLS	Client PC	AES/128 bits
	(Web Browser, Printer Driver)	AES/256 bits
	LDAP Server	
IPSec	Client PC	AES/128 bits
	(Web Browser, Printer Driver)	Triple-DES/168 bits
	LDAP Server	
	Kerberos Server	
	SMTP Server	
	FTP Server	
	DNS Server	
S/MIME	SMTP Server	Triple-DES/168 bits
		AES/128 bits
		AES/192 bits AES/256 bits

According to the TLS communication which is configured by a system administrator using the system administrator mode, TLS ensuring secure data transmission is supported. This protects the security of document data, security audit log data, and TOE setting data on the internal network.

By supporting TLS, the TOE can act as TLS server or TLS client. Moreover, TLS can protect data transmission between the TOE and the remote from interception and alteration. Protection from interception is realized by encrypting transmission data with the following cryptographic keys. A cryptographic key is generated at the time of starting a session and lost at the time of ending the session or powering off the MFD main unit. Cryptographic key generated as TLSv1.0/TLSv1.1/TLSv1.2 upon every session Specifically, one of the cryptographic suites below is adopted:

Cryptographic Suites of TLS	Cryptographic Method and	Hash
	Size of Secret Key	Method
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	AES / 128 bits	SHA-1
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA	AES / 256 bits	SHA-1
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256	AES / 128 bits	SHA256
TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256	AES / 256 bits	SHA256

Protection from the alteration is realized by HMAC (Hashed Message Authentication Code - IETF RFC 2104) of TLS.

When TLS communication is enabled on the Web client, requests from the client must be received via HTTPS. The TLS communication needs to be enabled before IPSec or S/MIME is enabled or before security audit log data are downloaded by a system administrator.

b) IPSec

According to the IPSec communication which is configured by a system administrator using the system administrator mode, IPSec ensuring secure data transmission is supported. This protects the security of document data, security audit log data, and TOE setting data on the internal network.

IPSec establishes the security association to determine the parameters (*e.g.* private key and cryptographic algorithm) to be used in the IPSec communication between the TOE and the remote. After the association is established, all transmission data among the specified IP addresses are encrypted by the transport mode of IPSec until the TOE is powered off or reset. A cryptographic key is generated at the time of starting a session and lost at the time of ending the session or powering off the MFD main unit.

Cryptographic key generated as IPSec (ESP: Encapsulating Security Payload) at every session

Specifically, one of the following combinations between secret-key cryptographic method

and hash method is adopted:

Cryptographic Method and Size of Secret Key	Hash Method
AES / 128 bits	SHA-1, SHA256, SHA384, SHA512
3-Key Triple-DES / 168 bits	SHA-1, SHA256, SHA384, SHA512

c) S/MIME

According to the S/MIME communication which is configured by a system administrator using the system administrator mode, S/MIME ensuring secure mail communication is supported. This protects the security of document data on the internal and external networks.

By S/MIME encrypting mail function, the document data being transmitted to the outside by E-mail are protected from interception. By S/MIME signature mail function (with Smart Card authentication only), the document data are protected from interception and alteration.

A cryptographic key is generated at the time of starting mail encryption and lost at the time of completion of the encryption or powering off the MFD main unit.

Secret-key cryptographic method generated as S/MIME for every mail

Cryptographic Method and
Size of Secret Key
3Key Triple-DES/168 bits
AES / 128 bits
AES / 192 bits
AES / 256 bits

Hash method generated as S/MIME for every mail

hash method
SHA1
SHA256

7.1.7. Fax Flow Security (TSF_FAX_FLOW)

This function inhibits unauthorized access to the TOE via the Fax card in the controller board, at any case. The data on public telephone line are not delivered to the internal network.

(1) FDP_IFC.1 Subset information flow control FDP_IFF.1 Simple security attributes The data on public telephone line are not delivered to the internal network.

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7.1.8. Self Test (TSF_S_TEST)
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The TOE can execute a self test function to verify the integrity of TSF executable code and TSF data.

(1) FPT_TST.1 TSF testing

TOE verifies the area of NVRAM and SEEPROM including TSF data upon initiation, and displays an error on the control panel if an error occurs.

However, an error is not detected for the data on audit logs and time and date as these are not included in the target. Also, when Self Test function is set to be executed upon initiation, TOE calculates the checksum of Controller ROM to confirm if it matches the specified value, and displays an error on the control panel if an error occurs.

8. ACRONYMS AND TERMINOLOGY

8.1. Acronyms

The following acronyms are used in this ST:

Acronym	Definition
ADF	Auto Document Feeder
CAC	Common Access Card
CC	Common Criteria
CE	Customer Engineer / Customer Service Engineer
DRAM	Dynamic Random Access Memory
EAL	Evaluation Assurance Level
eMMC	Embedded Multi Media Card
FIPS PUB	Federal Information Processing Standard publication
IIT	Image Input Terminal
IOT	Image Output Terminal
IT	Information Technology
IP	Internet Protocol
MFD	Multi-Function Device
NVRAM	Non Volatile Random Access Memory
PDL	Page Description Language
PIV	Personal Identity Verification
PP	Protection Profile
SAR	Security Assurance Requirement
SEEPROM	Serial Electronically Erasable and Programmable Read Only
SEEFROM	Memory
SFP	Security Function Policy
SFR	Security Functional Requirement
SMTP	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
SOF	Strength of Function
ST	Security Target
TOE	Target of Evaluation
TSF	TOE Security Function

8.2. Terminology

The following terms are used in this ST:

Term	Definition
User	Any entity outside the TOE who interacts with the TOE: <i>i.e.</i> general
	user, system administrator, and CE.
System	A user authorized by key operator to manage MFD maintenance
Administrator	and configure TOE security functions.
Privilege (SA)	
System	An authorized user who manages MFD maintenance and configures
Administrator	TOE security functions. This term covers both key operator and SA.
Customer Engineer	Customer service engineer, an engineer who maintains and repairs
(CE)	MFD.
Attacker	A malicious user of TOE
Control Panel	A panel of MFD on which buttons, lamps, and a touch screen panel are mounted to operate the MFD
General User Client	A client for general user.
System	A client for system administrator. An administrator can refer to and
Administrator Client	rewrite TOE setting data of MFD via Web browser.
	A service on a Web server in the TOE to enable the Remote
	Configuration function and to confirm the status of the TOE and
	change settings, job deletion of the TOE via the Web browser of the
Configuration Web	user client.
Tool	Configuration Web Tool can be used via the Windows standard Web
	browser.
	The full name of Configuration Web Tool is Dell Printer Configuration
	Web Tool.
	An operation mode that enables a system administrator to refer to
System	and rewrite TOE setting for device operation and that for security
Administrator Mode	functions according to the operational environment. This mode is
	distinguished from the operation mode that enables a general user
	to use the MFD functions.
	Software to convert the data on a general user client into print data
Printer driver	written in page description language (PDL), a readable format for
	MFD. Used on the user client.
Print Data	The data written in PDL, a readable format for MFD, which are to be
	converted into bitmap data by the TOE decompose function.
Control Data	The data that are transmitted by command and response
	interactions. This is one the type of the data transmitted between
	MFD hardware units.

Term	Definition
Bitmap Data	The decomposed data of the data read by the copy function and the
	print data transmitted from a user client to MFD by the print function.
	Bitmap data are stored into the eMMC memory after being
	compressed in the unique process.
Decompose	A function to analyze and convert the print data written in PDL into
Function	bitmap data.
Decompose	To analyze and convert the data written in PDL into bitmap data by
	the decompose function.
Original	Texts, images, and photos to be read from IIT in the copy function.
	Document data means all the data, including images, transmitted
	across the MFD when any of copy, print, network scan, or fax
	function is used by a general user. The document data includes:
	- Bitmap data read from IIT and printed out from IOT (copy function),
Document Data	- Print data sent by general user client and its decomposed bitmap
	data (print function),
	- Bitmap data read from IIT and sent to the fax destination and the
	bitmap data faxed from the sender's machine and printed out from
	the recipient's IOT (fax function).
Used Document	The remaining data in the MFD eMMC memory even after deletion.
Data	The document data are first stored into the eMMC memory, used,
	and then only their files are deleted.
	The chronologically recorded data of important events of the TOE.
Security Audit Log	The events such as device failure, configuration change, and user
Data	operation are recorded based on when and who caused what event
	and its result.
Internally Stored	The data which are stored in a general user client or in the general
Data	client and server, but do not include data regarding TOE functions.
General Data	The data on the internal network. The general data do not include
	data regarding TOE functions.
	The data which are created by the TOE or for the TOE and may
	affect the TOE security functions. Included in the TSF data,
	specifically they include the information regarding the functions of
TOE Setting Data	System Administrator's Security Management, Customer Engineer
	Operation Restriction, ID and password of users, access denial due
	to authentication failure of system administrator, Internal Network
	Data Protection, Security Audit Log, User Authentication, User
	permission, Report Print, Auto Clear, Data/Time, and Self Test.
General Client and	Client and conver which do not directly angean in TOE approximate
Server	Client and server which do not directly engage in TOE operations
Cryptographic Key	The 256-bit data which is automatically generated. Before the data

Term	Definition
	are stored into the eMMC memory, they are encrypted with the
	cryptographic key.
Network	A general term to indicate both external and internal networks.
External Network	The network which cannot be managed by the organization that
	manages the TOE. This does not include the internal network.
Internal Network	Channels between MFD and highly reliable remote server / client
	PC. The channels are located in the network of the organization, the
	owner of the TOE, and are protected from the security risks coming
	from the external network.
	A function to limit the accessible TOE functions by identifying the
	user before he/she uses each TOE function.
User Authentication	There are two modes, Local Authentication and Remote
	Authentication, and either mode is used for operation.
	Smart Card authentication is also available on the control panel.
Local	A mode to manage user authentication of the TOE using the user
Authentication	information registered in the MFD.
Remote	A mode to manage user authentication of the TOE using the user
Authentication	information registered in the remote authentication server.
Smart Card	A function to identify and authenticate users by communicating with
Authentication	Kerberos server and OCSP server using user information and
Authentication	certificates stored in Smart Card (CAC/PIV).
	The OCSP (Online Certificate Status Protocol) is a protocol for
	obtaining the revocation status of X.509 digital certificates in real
OCSP Server	time. A server that can use the OCSP is called an OCSP server (or
OCSF Server	OCSP responder).
	With an OCSP server, a client does not need to obtain and verify a
	CRL.
Faxbox	A location to store the fax document in the TOE.
	It enables to print the document stored in Faxbox.

9. REFERENCES

The following documentation was used to prepare this ST.

Short Name	Document Title
[CC Part 1]	Part 1: Introduction and general model (September 2012 Version 3.1 Revision
	4)
	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation - Version 3.1
	Part 1: Introduction and general model, dated September 2012,
	CCMB-2012-09-001
	(Japanese version 1.0, dated November 2012,
	translated by Information-Technology Promotion Agency, Japan)
[CC Part 2]	Part 2: Security functional components (September 2012 Version 3.1 Revision
	4)
	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation - Version 3.1
	Part 2: Security functional components, dated September 2012,
	CCMB-2012-09-002
	(Japanese version 1.0, dated November 2012,
	translated by Information-Technology Promotion Agency, Japan)
[CC Part 3]	Part 3: Security assurance components (September 2012 Version 3.1
	Revision 4)
	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation - Version 3.1
	Part 3: Security assurance components, dated September 2012,
	CCMB-2012-09-003
	(Japanese version1.0, dated November 2012,
	translated by Information-Technology Promotion Agency, Japan)
[CEM]	Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation -
	Version 3.1
	Evaluation Methodology, dated September 2012, CCMB-2012-09-004
	(Japanese version 1.0, dated November,
	translated by Information-Technology Promotion Agency, Japan)