

Securing Our Cyberspace







Corporate Office: Level 7, Tower 1 Menara Cyber Axis Jalan Impact 63000 Cyberjaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Malaysia.

www.cybersecurity.my

C117 Certification Report MOzART Command Center Web Portal v1.1

26 July 2021 ISCB Department

CyberSecurity Malaysia

Level 7, Tower 1, Menara Cyber Axis, Jalan Impact, 63000 Cyberjaya, Selangor, Malaysia Tel: +603 8800 7999 Fax: +603 8008 7000 http://www.cybersecurity.my

Document Authorisation

DOCUMENT TITLE:	C117 Certification Report
DOCUMENT REFERENCE:	ISCB-5-RPT-C117-CR-v1
ISSUE:	v1
DATE:	26 July 2021
DISTRIBUTION:	UNCONTROLLED COPY - FOR UNLIMITED USE AND
	DISTRIBUTION

Copyright Statement

The copyright of this document, which may contain proprietary information, is the property of CyberSecurity Malaysia.

The document shall be held in safe custody.

©CYBERSECURITY MALAYSIA, 2021

Registered office:

Level 7, Tower 1

Menara Cyber Axis

Jalan Impact

63000 Cyberjaya

Selangor Malaysia

Registered in Malaysia - Company Limited by Guarantee Company No. 201601006881 (726630-U)

Printed in Malaysia

Foreword

The Malaysian Common Criteria Evaluation and Certification (MyCC) Scheme has been established under the 9th Malaysian Plan to increase Malaysia's competitiveness in quality assurance of information security based on the Common Criteria (CC) standard and to build consumers' confidence towards Malaysian information security products.

The MyCC Scheme is operated by CyberSecurity Malaysia and provides a model for licensed Malaysian Security Evaluation Facilities (MySEFs) to conduct security evaluations of ICT products, systems and protection profiles against internationally recognised standards. The results of these evaluations are certified by the Malaysian Common Criteria Certification Body (MyCB) Unit, a unit established within Information Security Certification Body (ISCB) Department, CyberSecurity Malaysia.

By awarding a Common Criteria certificate, the MyCB asserts that the product complies with the security requirements specified in the associated Security Target. A Security Target is a requirements specification document that defines the scope of the evaluation activities. The consumer of certified IT products should review the Security Target, in addition to this certification report, in order to gain an understanding of any assumptions made during the evaluation, the IT product's intended environment, its security requirements, and the level of confidence (i.e., the evaluation assurance level) that the product satisfies the security requirements.

This certification report is associated with the certificate of product evaluation dated 26 July 2021, and the Security Target (Ref [6]). The certification report, Certificate of product evaluation and security target are posted on the MyCC Scheme Certified Product Register (MyCPR) at <u>www.cybersecurity.my/mycc</u> and the Common Criteria Portal (the official website of the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement).

Reproduction of this report is authorised provided the report is reproduced in its entirety.

Disclaimer

The Information Technology (IT) product identified in this certification report and its associate certificate has been evaluated at an accredited and licensed evaluation facility established under the Malaysian Common Criteria Evaluation and Certification (MyCC) Scheme using the Common Methodology for IT Security Evaluation, version 3.1 revision 5 (Ref [3]), for conformance to the Common Criteria for IT Security Evaluation, version 3.1 revision 5 (Ref [2]). This certification report and its associated certificate apply only to the specific version and release of the product in its evaluated configuration. The evaluation has been conducted in accordance with the provisions of the MyCC Scheme and the conclusions of the evaluation facility in the evaluation technical report are consistent with the evidence adduced. This certification report and its associated certificate is not an endorsement of the IT product by CyberSecurity Malaysia or by any other organisation that recognises or gives effect to this certificate, is either expressed or implied.

Document Change Log

RELEASE	DATE	PAGES AFFECTED	REMARKS/CHANGE REFERENCE
d1	11 June 2021	All	Initial draft
V1	26 July 2021	Page xii, Page vi, Page 2, Para 44, 54 & 55	 Update on TÜV name Add Organizational Security Policy table Update date of certification

Executive Summary

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is web-based application portal called MOzART Command Center Web Portal (MOzART CC) which provides TOE users means of monitoring, operating, managing and administering physical security incidents through the Intranet (private network). Fundamentally, the TOE can be accessed by consumers via any web browser with JavaScript capabilities that supports the JavaScript ES7 components (front-end Command Center) as long as the consumers are residing in the same private network as the TOE.

The scope of the evaluation is defined by the Security Target (Ref[6]) which identifies assumptions made during the evaluation, the intended environment for the TOE, the security functional requirements, and the evaluation assurance level at which the product is intended to satisfy the security requirements. Prospective consumers are advised to verify that their operating environment is consistent with the evaluated configuration, and to give due consideration to the comments, observations and recommendations in this certification report.

This report confirms the findings of the security evaluation of the TOE to the Common Criteria (CC) Evaluation Assurance Level 2 (EAL2). This report confirms that the evaluation was conducted in accordance with the relevant criteria and the requirements of the Malaysia Common Criteria Evaluation and Certification (MyCC) Scheme (Ref [4]).

The evaluation was performed by TÜV Austria CyberSecurity Lab Sdn. Bhd (TACSL) and the evaluation was completed on 11 June 2021. The Malaysia Common Criteria Certification Body (MyCB), as the MyCC Scheme Certification Body, declares that the TOE evaluation meets all the Arrangements on the Recognition of Common Criteria certificates and the product will be listed in the MyCC Scheme Certified Products Register (MyCPR) at http://www.cybersecurity.my/mycc and the Common Criteria portal (the official website of the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement) at http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org

It is the responsibility of the user to ensure that MOzART Command Center Web Portal (MOzART CC) v 1.1 meets their requirements. It is recommended that a potential user of the TOE refer to the Security Target (Ref [6]) and this Certification Report prior to deciding whether to purchase the product.

Table o	of Con	tents	
Docum	ent A	uthorisation	.ii
Copyrig	ght St	atementi	iii
Forewo	ord		iv
Disclaiı	mer		. v
Docum	ent Cl	hange l og	vi
Evecuti			• • •
Executi	ive Su	mmaryv	/11 -
Index o	of Tab	les	İX
Index o	of Figu	Ires	ix
1 Targe	et of E	valuation	. 1
	1.1	TOE Description	. 1
	1.2	TOE Identification	. 1
	1.3	Security Policy	. 2
	1.4	TOE Architecture	. 3
		1.4.1 Logical Boundaries	. 3
		1.4.2 Physical Boundaries	. 4
	1.5	Clarification of Scope	. 6
	1.6	Assumptions	6
		1.6.1 Environmental assumptions	. 6
	1.7	Evaluated Configuration	. 7
	1.8	Delivery Procedures	. 8
	1.8.	1 TOE Delivery Procedures	. 8
2	Eva	luation 1	1
	2.1	Evaluation Analysis Activities	11
		2.1.1 Life-cycle support	11
		2.1.2 Development	11
		2.1.3 Guidance documents	12
		2.1.4 IT Product Testing	12
3	Res	ult of the Evaluation2	23

Page viii of ix

PUBLIC

FINAL

	3.1	Assurance Level Information	.23
	3.2	Recommendation	.23
Annex A	Refe	erences	24
	A.1	References	.24
	A.2	Terminology	.24
	A.2.1	Acronyms	.24
	A.2.2	Glossary of Terms	.25

Index of Tables

Table 1: TOE Identification	1
Table 2: Organizational Security Policy	2
Table 3: Assumptions for the TOE Environment	6
Table 4: Independent Functional Test	13
Table 5: List of Acronyms	24
Table 6: Glossary of Terms	25

Index of Figures

Figure 1: MOzART system architecture, with physical scope of the TOE, MOzART	
Command Center Web Portal boxed in red	5
Figure 2: Detailed application architecture together with the physical scope of TOE be in dotted-lines	oxed 5
in dotted-lines.	

1 Target of Evaluation

1.1 TOE Description

- The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is a web-based application portal called the MOzART Command Center Web Portal (MOzART CC) which provides TOE users means of monitoring, operating, managing and administering physical security incidents through the Intranet (private network).
- 2 The TOE can be accessed by consumers via any web browser with JavaScript capabilities that supports the JavaScript ES7 components (front-end Command Center) as long as the consumers are residing in the same private network as the TOE.
- 3 The MOzART CC allows consumers to have a "one-to-all" control over many integrated physical security appliances such as fire alarm triggers, surveillance cameras, parameter sensors and entry alarm triggers around a designated premise.
- 4 All modules/functions on the same private network related to the querying of live data, feeds by the third-party APIs (supporting non-TOE software) and displayed by the TOE will not require Internet connection.
- 5 The MOZART CC is a highly sophisticated Command Center, acting as the user interface for TOE users (in their respective roles as an operator, supervisor or administrator) to monitor events, operate cases, manage cases, and administer the MOZART CC itself.

1.2 TOE Identification

6 The details of the TOE are identified in Table 1: TOE Identification below.

Evaluation Scheme	Malaysian Common Criteria Evaluation and Certification (MyCC) Scheme
Project Identifier	C117
TOE Name	MOzART Command Center Web Portal
TOE Version	V1.1
Security Target Title	MOzART Command Center Web Portal
Security Target Version	V1.26
Security Target Date	11 May 2021
Assurance Level	Evaluation Assurance Level 2

Table 1: TOE Identification

C117 Certification Report

Criteria	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, April 2017, Version 3.1, Revision 5 (Ref [2])
Methodology	Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, April 2017, Version 3.1, Revision 5 (Ref [3])
Protection Profile Conformance	None
	CC Part 2 Conformant
Common Criteria	CC Part 3 Conformant
comornance	Package conformant to EAL 2
Sponsor	Certis CISCO Security Pte Ltd (Certis)
-	20, Jalan Afifi, Singapore 409179
	Certis CISCO Security Pte Ltd (Certis)
Developer	20. Jalan Afifi Singapore 400179
Evaluation Facility	TÜV Austria CyberSecurity Lab Sdn. Bhd (TACSL)

1.3 Security Policy

7 In Table 2 below shows details of Organizational Security Policy

OSP Identifier	OSP Statement
P.PASSWORD	Authorized TOE users are required to use a combination of credentials (User Name and password) where the attribute of the password consists of (at least one) uppercase, lowercase, alphanumeric, special character [<space>!"#\$%&'()*+,/:;<=>?@[\]^_`{ }~)] (extended ASCII codes are not allowed) and a minimum length of 8 characters.</space>
P.ACCESS_ROLE	Only authorized individuals that have been assigned with Administrator, Supervisor and Operator roles will be approved of access to the TOE and permitted to perform the corresponding functions of the TOE.

Table 2: Organizational Security Policy

Ρ Γ ΡΥΡΤΟ	The TOE only accepts secure communications protocol (TLSv1.2
1.600110	
	and above) coupled together with a series of secure cipher suites
	and algorithms when performing data transmission between the
	TOE and TOE users through a HTTPS connection.

1.4 TOE Architecture

8 The TOE consist of logical and physical boundaries which are described in Section 1.6 of the Security Target (Ref [6]).

1.4.1 Logical Boundaries

- 9 The logical boundary of the TOE is summarized below:
 - Identification and Authentication
 - TOE identifies and authenticates users before the users are allowed to perform any actions within the TOE.
 - The TOE is capable of handling security concerns over the use of User Name/password credentials combination to authenticate through the MOZART Command Center Web Portal (MOZART CC).
 - The TOE has a set of password rule and policies which strengthens the complexity of an authentication. The TOE has a 2-factor authentication mechanism in place
 - Security Audit

Audit event logs

- TOE generates the audit logs and stores them in a non-TOE location for the auditable events. The actions taken for viewing the audit logs and audit logs review process are out of the TOE scope.
- The TOE has several levels of audit trails and events enabled within the TOE.
- \circ The auditable events that will be logged by the TOE are as below:
 - The starting and stopping of TOE
 - User authentication process, i.e. the TOE's security audit trail records the login attempts of a TOE user
 - All TOE user actions inside the TOE such as:
 - Create record
 - Delete record

- Update record
- Trusted Path/Channels

Secure communications protocol

- TOE establishes secured and encrypted communication for incoming and outgoing data transfer of the TOE.
- The TOE uses encrypted communication means to exchange data.

 User Data Protection Role-based access controls

- TOE manages access control policy to ensure user data are only accessible by authorized personnel.
- The ability of the TOE to differentiate user roles and responsibilities accurately by addressing any security flaws.

1.4.2 Physical Boundaries

- 10 The TOE is a web-based application portal which provides TOE users means of monitoring, operating, managing and administering physical security incidents through the Intranet (private network).
- ¹¹ Fundamentally, the TOE can be accessed by consumers via any web browser with JavaScript capabilities that supports the JavaScript ES7 components (front-end Command Center) as long as the consumers are residing in the same private network as the TOE.
- 12 The physical server that hosts the TOE is managed by the TOE user's infrastructure team. The rest of the components within the MOzART system (platform, server, database, CEP, business components) including integrated third-party security appliances, devices and APIs are deemed as out of the TOE scope.
- 13 The users are able to access the TOE upon successful authentication through the web browser and perform the TOE's intended operations. Both installation and setup are required to bring up the TOE to an operational state before being authenticated through the TOE to access the functions of the TOE.



Figure 1: MOzART system architecture, with physical scope of the TOE, MOzART Command Center Web Portal boxed in red.





- 14 The TOE in scope provides the access and usage of the MOzART CC modules and functions directly.
- 15 The TOE's main usage provides TOE users of monitoring, operating, managing and administering physical security incidents.
- 16 The target audience of the ST encompasses consumers who are interested in maintaining and controlling physical security.
- 17 The MOzART CC allows consumers to have "one-to-all' control over many integrated physical security appliances such as fire alarm triggers, surveillance cameras, parameter sensors and entry alarm triggers around a designated premise.
- 18 The TOE can only be used by authenticated users via web browser.

1.5 Clarification of Scope

- 19 The TOE is designed to be suitable for use in accordance with user guidance that is supplied with the product.
- 20 Section 1.4 of this document describes the scope of the evaluation, which is limited to those claims made in the Security Target (Ref [6]).
- 21 Potential consumers of the TOE are advised that some functions and services of the overall product have not have been evaluated as part of this evaluation. Potential consumers of the TOE should carefully consider their requirements for using functions and services outside of the evaluated configuration.

1.6 Assumptions

This section summarises the security aspects of the environment/configuration in which the product is intended to operate. Consumers should understand the requirements for secure operation of the TOE as defined in the Security Target (Ref [6]).

1.6.1 Environmental assumptions

Assumptions for the TOE environment as described in the Security Target (Ref [6]):

Environment	Statement
A.ADMINISTRATOR	The assumption is made that the authorized TOE
	administrators are competent with suitable training
	provided and are trustworthy individuals allowed to
	accept the role of configuration and management of
	the TOE.
A.TIMESTAMP	The assumption is made that the platform on which
	the TOE operates shall be able to provide reliable
	and synchronized timestamps across the MOzART
	system to preserve accurate audit logs.
A.PHYSICAL_ENVIRONMENT	The assumption is made that the TOE and its
	platform are located within secured facilities with
	controlled access to prevent unauthorized physical
	access.

Table 3: Assumptions for the TOE Environment

C117 Certification Report

A.MALWARE	The assumption is made that the platform on which
	the TOE operates shall be protected against
	malware.
A.DDOS	The assumption is made that WAF (Web Application
	Firewall) will be a standard deployment in the TOE's
	operational environment to guard against DDoS
	attacks.
A.THIRDPARTY	The assumption is made that all integrated third-
	party data communicated between the TOE
	maintains integrity.

1.7 Evaluated Configuration

- ²⁴ This section describes the configurations of the TOE that are included within the scope of the evaluation. The evaluated configuration for TOE is web-based application portal called the MOZART Command Center Web Portal (MOZART CC) which provides TOE users means of monitoring, operating, managing and administering physical security incidents through the Intranet (private network).
- In Figure 1 Section 1.4.2 detailed architecture that shows the relationship between the TOE and supporting non-TOE components of the MOzART platform .
- In Figure 2 Section 1.4.2 drills down into the software architecture of the TOE, with the different subsystems identified. Even though the Javascript Components (ES 7) is packaged together with the TOE, it is not within the scope this evaluation.
- 27 The TSF subsystems are chosen as they form the core functionalities of MOzART CC; the TOE works in tandem when the TSF subsystems function according to its designated functionalities.
- 28 The subsystems listed below can be access without authentication:
 - User login
- 29 The subsystems listed below can be access only after authentication:
 - User profile
 - Charts & Dashboard
 - Case Management
 - Task Management

- CCTV Live View
- Interactive 3D Maps
- Virtual Patrol
- Duty Roster
- System Administration

1.8 Delivery Procedures

- 30 The evaluators examined the delivery documentation and determined that it describes all procedures that are necessary to maintain security when distributing versions of the TOE or parts of it to the consumer.
- The evaluators also examined the aspects of the delivery process and determined that the delivery procedures are used.

1.8.1 TOE Delivery Procedures

a) Delivery of TOE and Non-TOE Components Packaging

The TOE and supporting non-TOE components required during the onsite installation will be copied into a secured hard drive which later be delivered by Certis Logistics Team to the designated TOE user's premises where the installation will take place:

The secured hard drive that contains the installation kit and necessary components for installation is protected with password. The contents inside the secured hard drive is encrypted and not visible unless a valid password has been used to unlock the contents inside it. The password used to unlock the secured hard drive is sent via email to the TOE user. The TOE user will then need to unlock the contents of the secured hard drive for the Certis Deployment Team to begin their necessary tasks.

The installation kit will be prepared by Certis Deployment Team; once ready, the secured hard drive will be given to the MOZART License Control Team to secure the hard drive will a password. This prevents the Certis Deployment Team from accessing the contents inside the secured hard drive before having the authorized TOE user to unlock the hard drive contents via emailed password.

The secured hard drive will be placed inside a plastic container and secured with tamper-proof stickers and later kept inside a tamper-proof bag by the MOZART License Control Team before being delivered to the TOE user's premises for installation by the

Certis Logistics Team. The tamper-proof bag's code will be torn off from the tamperproof bag and kept by Certis Deployment Team as a reference copy.

All supporting non-TOE hardware required by the TOE and supporting non-TOE software would have been delivered onsite by the Certis Logistics Team prior to the arrival of the secured hard drive and Certis Deployment Team. The supporting non-TOE hardware required will be mounted inside the racks and ready for installation. The secured hard drive will be shipped using a tamper proof bag and all the supporting non-TOE hardware will be pasted with tamper-proof stickers onto its containers before they are shipped out to prevent it from being opened by unauthorized personnel.

b) Delivery of TOE and Non-TOE Components Packaging for Overseas Customers

The TOE and supporting non-TOE components required during the onsite installation will be copied into a secured hard drive which will later be delivered by to the designated TOE user's premises where the installation will take place.

The secured hard drive that contains the installation kit and necessary components for installation is protected with password. The contents inside the secured hard drive is encrypted and not visible unless a valid password has been used to unlock the contents inside it. The password used to unlock the secured hard drive is sent via email to the TOE user. The TOE user will then need to unlock the contents of the secured hard drive for the Certis Deployment Team to begin their necessary tasks.

The installation kit will be prepared by Certis Deployment Team; once ready, the secured hard drive will be given to the MOZART License Control Team to secure the hard drive will a password. This prevents the Certis Deployment Team from accessing the contents inside the secured hard drive before having the authorized TOE user to unlock the hard drive contents via emailed password.

The secured hard drive will be kept inside a tamper-proof bag by the MOzART License Control Team before being delivered to the TOE user's premises for installation by designated logistics company such as DHL, Fedex, UPS or any courier services that provides online package tracking facility.

All supporting non-TOE hardware required by the TOE and supporting non-TOE software would have been delivered onsite by the chosen logistics company prior to the arrival of the secured hard drive and Certis Deployment Team. The supporting non-TOE hardware required will be mounted inside the racks and ready for installation. The secured hard drive will be shipped using a tamper proof bag and all the supporting

non-TOE hardware will be pasted tamper-proof stickers before they are shipped out to prevent it from being opened by unauthorized personnel.

In addition to the existing tamper proof bag and stickers to safe keep the secured hard drive and supporting non-TOE hardware; the packaging boxes that house these items will be sealed with tamperproof stickers to prevent the boxes from being opened before it reaches the TOE user's premises.

2 Evaluation

The evaluation was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the Common Criteria, version 3.1 Revision 5 (Ref [2]) and the Common Methodology for IT Security Evaluation (CEM), version 3.1 Revision 5 (Ref [3]). The evaluation was conducted at Evaluation Assurance Level 2. The evaluation was performed conformant to the MyCC Scheme Requirement (MyCC_REQ) (Ref [4]) and ISCB Evaluation Facility Manual (ISCB_EFM) (Ref [5]).

2.1 Evaluation Analysis Activities

35 The evaluation activities involved a structured evaluation of the TOE, including the following components:

2.1.1 Life-cycle support

- 36 An analysis of the TOE configuration management system and associated documentation was performed. The evaluators found that the configuration items were clearly and uniquely labelled, and that the access control measures as described in the configuration management documentation are effective in preventing unauthorised access to the configuration items. The developer's configuration management system was evaluated, and it was found to be consistent with the provided evidence.
- 37 The evaluators examined the delivery documentation and determined that it described all of the procedures required to maintain the integrity of the TOE during distribution to the consumer.

2.1.2 Development

- The evaluators analyzed the TOE functional specification; they determined that the design completely and accurately describes the TOE security functionality interfaces (TSFIs), and how the TOE security function (TSF) implements the security functional requirements (SFRs).
- 39 The evaluators examined the TOE design specification; they determined that the structure of the entire TOE is described in terms of subsystems. They also determined that, it provides a complete, accurate, and high-level description of the SFR-enforcing behavior of the SFR-enforcing subsystems.

C117 Certification Report

- 40 The evaluators examined the TOE security architecture description; they determined that the information provided in the evidence is presented at a level of detail commensurate with the descriptions of the SFR-enforcing abstractions contained in the functional specification and TOE design.
- 41 At the end, the evaluators confirmed that all the requirements for this class were fulfilled and passed.

2.1.3 Guidance documents

- The evaluators examined the TOE preparative user guidance and operational user guidance, and determined that it sufficiently and unambiguously described how to securely transform the TOE into its evaluated configuration, and how to use and administer the product in order to fulfil the security objectives for the operational environment. The evaluators examined and tested the preparative and operational guidance, and determined that they were complete and sufficiently detailed to result in a secure configuration.
- ⁴³ The evaluators confirmed that the TOE guidance was fulfilled all the requirements and passed for this class.

2.1.4 IT Product Testing

⁴⁴ Testing at EAL 2 consists of assessing developer tests, performing independent functional test, and conducting penetration tests. The TOE testing was conducted by TÜV Austria CyberSecurity Lab Sdn. Bhd (TACSL). The detailed testing activities, including configurations, procedures, test cases, expected results and actual results are documented in a separate Test Plan Report.

2.1.4.1 Assessment of Developer Tests

The evaluators verified that the developer has met their testing responsibilities by repeating some developer test, as documented in the Evaluation Technical Report (Ref [7]) (not a public document because it contains information proprietary to the developer and/or the evaluator). The results of the evaluators tests are consistent with the developers test results defined in their evaluation evidences submitted.

2.1.4.2 Independent Functional Testing

46 At EAL 2, independent functional testing is the evaluation conducted by evaluators based on the information gathered by examining design and guidance documentation, examining developer's test documentation, executing a subset of the developer's test plan, and creating test cases that are independent of the developer's tests.

47 All testing was planned and documented to a sufficient level of detail to allow repeatability of the testing procedures and results. The results of the independent functional tests were recorded by the evaluators and are consistent with the expected test results in the test documentation.

Test ID	Description	Security Function	Results
Test-ATE-001	Secure Channel Test (HTTPS)	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	TOE users need to verify the presence		
	of the padlock icon (found beside the		
	URL) within the web browser. This		
	indicates the connection is identified		
	by the web browser as legitimate		
	certificate issued and signed by a		
	Certificate Authority.		
Test-ATE-002	Secure Channel Test (HTTP)	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	TOE user will be redirected to the TOE		
	via HTTPS protocol. TOE users need to		
	verify the presence of the padlock icon		
	(found beside the URL) within the web		
	browser. This indicates the connection		
	is identified by the web browser as		
	legitimate certificate issued and signed		
	by a Certificate Authority.		

Table 4: Independent Functional Test

C117 Certification Report

Test ID	Description	Security Function	Results
Test-ATE-003	User Login (Administrator) Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The TOE user should be redirected to	FAU_GEN.1	
	the TOE Mode Selection Page.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FIA_AFL.1	
		FIA_ATD.1	
		FIA_SOS.1	
		FIA_UAU.1	
		FIA_UAU.5	
		FIA_UID.1	
Test-ATE-004	Change Password (Administrator)	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	Test	FAU_GEN.1	
	The user new password is being	FAU_GEN.2	
	updated to the system when "Submit"	FIA_ATD.1	
	is clicked. User is able to login to the	FIA_SOS.1	
	TOE using the new password.		
Test-ATE-005	Change Password (Administrator)	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	Test - Old password mismatch	FAU_GEN.1	
	System prompts "Incorrect password'	FAU_GEN.2	
	when " Submit" is clicked.	FIA_ATD.1	
		FIA_SOS.1	
Test-ATE-006	User Profile Management Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The user profile / user preference	FAU_GEN.1	
	should be updated in the system.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FIA_ATD.1	
		FIA_SOS.1	
Test-ATE-007	Create Building Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Building will be created and	FAU_GEN.1	
	reflected in the Buildings listing.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	

Test ID	Description	Security Function	Results
Test-ATE-008	Update Floor Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Floor will be updated and reflected	FAU_GEN.1	
	in the selected Building listing.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-009	Create Case Type Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The case type will be created and	FAU_GEN.1	
	reflected in the case type listing.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
_	Update SLA Configurations Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
Test-ATE-010	The SLA configuration will be updated	FAU_GEN.1	
	and reflected in the SLA configuration	FAU_GEN.2	
	listing.	FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-011	Create Purposes Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Purpose will be created and	FAU_GEN.1	
	reflected in the Purpose listing.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-012	Update Event Categories Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Event Category will be updated	FAU_GEN.1	
	and reflected in the Event Category	FAU_GEN.2	
	listing.	FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-013	Create Case Priority Types Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Priority Level will be created and	FAU_GEN.1	
	reflected in the Priority Level listing.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	

Test ID	Description	Security Function	Results
Test-ATE-014	Update Task Type Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Task Type will be updated and	FAU_GEN.1	
	reflected in the Task Type listing.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-015	Create Cameras (Equipment	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	Management) Test	FAU_GEN.1	
	The camera (equipment) will be	FAU_GEN.2	
	created and reflected in the Equipment	FDP_ACC.1	
	Management listing for the selected	FDP_ACF.1	
	location.		
Test-ATE-016	Update Equipment Event Mapping	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	Test	FAU_GEN.1	
	The Equipment Event Mapping will be	FAU_GEN.2	
	updated and reflected in the	FDP_ACC.1	
	Equipment-Event Mapping listing.	FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-017	Create Teams Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Team will be created and reflected	FAU_GEN.1	
	in the Teams listing.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-018	Update Guard Tour Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Guard Tour will be updated and	FAU_GEN.1	
	reflected in the selected Guard Tour	FAU_GEN.2	
	listing.	FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-019	Create Duty Roster Types Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The Duty Type will be created and	FAU_GEN.1	
	reflected in the Duty Type listing.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	

ISCB-5-RPT-C117-CR-v1

Test ID	Description	Security Function	Results
Test-ATE-020	Create Duty RosterStaff	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	Availability Test	FAU_GEN.1	Tassea
	The staff availability is highlighted on	FAU_GEN.2	
	the calendar.	FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-021	Create Duty Roster - Duty Plan Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The newly created Duty Plan is shown	FAU_GEN.1	
	in the Duty Plan list.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-022	Create Duty Roster - Work Schedule	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	Test	FAU_GEN.1	
	The Work Schedule is highlighted on	FAU_GEN.2	
	the calendar.	FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-023	Audit Reporting Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The audit trails are shown based on the	FAU_GEN.1	
	selection criteria.	FAU_GEN.2	
	User Login - Failed Attempts	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	(Supervisor) Test	FAU_GEN.1	lusseu
Tost-ATE-024	The TOE user should be locked from	FAU_GEN.2	
Test-ATE-024	login to the TOE for thirty (30) minutes	FIA_AFL.1	
	after five (5) invalid login attempts.	FIA_ATD.1	
		FIA_SOS.1	
		FIA_UAU.1	
		FIA_UAU.5	
		FIA_UID.1	
Test-ATE-025	Change Password (Supervisor) Test -	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	New and confirm password	FAU_GEN.1	
	mismatch	FAU_GEN.2	
	System prompts "Your new password	FIA_ATD.1	
	do not match" when "Submit" is clicked.	FIA_SOS.1	

Test ID	Description	Security	Results
		Function	
Test-ATE-026	User Profile Management Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The user profile / user preference	FAU_GEN.1	
	should be updated in the system.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FIA_ATD.1	
		FIA_SOS.1	
Test-ATE-027	Update Duty Roster - Staff	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	Availability Test	FAU_GEN.1	
	The updated staff availability is	FAU_GEN.2	
	highlighted on the calendar.	FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-028	Update Duty Roster - Duty Plan Test	FTP_TRP.1	Passed
	The updated Duty Plan is shown in the	FAU_GEN.1	
	Duty Plan list.	FAU_GEN.2	
		FDP_ACC.1	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-029	Update Duty Roster - Work Schedule	FTP_TRP.1,	Passed
	Test	FAU_GEN.1,	
	The Work Schedule is highlighted on	FAU_GEN.2,	
	the calendar.	FDP_ACC.1,	
		FDP_ACF.1	
	View Incidents Test	FTP_TRP.1,	Passed
	The selected incident / event will be	FAU_GEN.1,	
Test-ATE-030	shown in a new tab in the TOE Main	FAU_GEN.2,	
	Page.	FDP_ACC.1,	
		FDP_ACF.1	
	Create Case Test	FTP TRP.1.	Daccad
	The TOE Main Page will be refreshed.	FAU_GEN.1	rasseu
	and the list of existing incidents/cases	FAU GEN.2	
Test-ATE-031	will be displayed along with the newly	FDP ACC 1	
	created incident/case	FDP ACF 1	

Test ID	Description	Security Function	Results
Test ATE 022	Greate Task Test		-
Test-ATE-052	The task will be created in the case	FIP_IRP.1,	Passed
	The task will be created in the case.	FAU_GEN.I,	
		FAU_GEN.2,	
		FDP_ACC.1,	
		FDP_ACF.1	
T ATE 022			
Test-ATE-033	User Login - Invalid 2FA Token	FIP_IRP.I,	Passed
	(Operator) Test	FAU_GEN.I,	
	The TOE user will not be able to gain	FAU_GEN.2,	
	access to the TOE without entering a	FIA_AFL.1,	
	valid 2FA token.	FIA_ATD.1,	
		FIA_SOS.1,	
		FIA_UAU.1,	
		FIA_UAU.5,	
		FIA_UID.1	
Test-ATE-034	Change Password (Operator) Test -		Passed
	Password does not meet the defined	FTP_TRP.1,	
	complexity	FAU_GEN.1,	
		FAU_GEN.2,	
	System prompts "Your new password	FIA_ATD.1,	
	does not meet the required password	FIA_SOS.1	
	strength" when "Submit" is clicked		
Test-ATE-035	User Profile Management Test		Passad
	The user profile / user preference	FTP TRP.1.	rasseu
	should be updated in the system.	FAU GEN 1	
		FAU GEN 2	

Test ID	Description	Security Function	Results
Test-ATE-036	Update Case Test	FTP_TRP.1,	Passed
	The incident/case details will be	FAU_GEN.1,	
	updated.	FAU_GEN.2,	
		FDP_ACC.1,	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-037	Update Task Test	FTP_TRP.1,	Passed
	The task details/status will be updated.	FAU_GEN.1,	
		FAU_GEN.2,	
		FDP_ACC.1,	
		FDP_ACF.1	
Test-ATE-038	Virtual Patrol Test	FTP_TRP.1,	Passed
	CCTV that has been acknowledged will	FDP_ACC.1,	
	have the status updated as	FDP_ACF.1	
	"Acknowledge"		
Test-ATE-039	Invalid User Access Test	FTP_TRP.1,	Passed
	The user is brought back to the mode	FAU_GEN.1,	
	selection page as user doesn't have	FAU_GEN.2,	
	access to the System Admin menu.	FDP_ACC.1,	
		FDP_ACF.1	

48 All testing performed by evaluators produced the expected results and as such the TOE behaved as expected.

2.1.4.3 Vulnerability Analysis

- 49 The evaluators performed a vulnerability analysis of the TOE in order to identify potential vulnerabilities in the TOE. This vulnerability analysis considered public domain sources and an analysis of guidance documentation, functional specification, TOE design, and security architecture description.
- 50 From the vulnerability analysis, the evaluators conducted penetration testing to determine that the TOE is resistant to attack performed by an attacker possessing a

Basic attack potential. The following factors have been taken into consideration during penetration tests:

- a) Time taken to identify and exploit (elapsed time);
- b) Specialist technical expertise required (specialised expertise);
- c) Knowledge of the TOE design and operation (knowledge of the TOE);
- d) Window of opportunity; and
- e) IT hardware/software or other equipment required for exploitation

2.1.4.4 Vulnerability testing

- 51 The penetration tests focused on:
 - a) Insecure Channel
 - b) Authentication Bypass
 - c) Sensitive Content Discovery
 - d) Network Sniffing
 - e) Password Requirements
 - f) Password Brute Force
 - g) Black box scanning
 - h) XSS
 - i) SQLi
- 52 The result of the penetration testing noted that there is no residual vulnerability found. However, it is important to ensure that the TOE is use only in its evaluated configuration and in secure environment as specified in the Security Target (Ref [6]).

2.1.4.5 Testing Results

Tests conducted for the TOE produced the expected results and demonstrated that the product behaved as specified in its Security Target and its functional specification. Therefore, the certifiers confirmed that all the test conducted were PASSED as expected.

3 Result of the Evaluation

- After due consideration during the oversight of the execution of the evaluation by the certifiers and of the Evaluation Technical Report (Ref [7]), the Malaysian Common Criteria Certification Body certifies the evaluation of MOzART Command Center Web Portal v1.1 which is performed by TÜV Austria CyberSecurity Lab Sdn. Bhd (TACSL).
- 55 TÜV Austria CyberSecurity Lab Sdn. Bhd (TACSL) found that MOzART Command Center Web Portal v1.1 upholds the claims made in the Security Target (Ref [6]) and supporting documentations, and has met the requirements of the Common Criteria (CC) Evaluation Assurance Level 2.
- 56 Certification is not a guarantee that a TOE is completely free of exploitable vulnerabilities. There will remain a small level of risk that exploitable vulnerabilities remain undiscovered in its claimed security functionality. The risk is reduced as the certified level of assurance increases for the TOE.

3.1 Assurance Level Information

- 57 EAL 2 provides assurance by a full security target and analysis of the SFRs in that Security Target, using functional and interface specifications, guidance documentation and a description of the design of the TOE and the implementation to understand the security behaviours.
- The analysis is supported by independent testing of the TSF, evidence of developer testing based on the functional specification, selective independent confirmation of the developer test results, and a vulnerability analysis (based upon the functional specification, TOE design, security architecture description and guidance evidence provided) demonstrating resistance to penetration attackers with a basic attack potential.
- 59 EAL 2 also provides assurance through use of a configuration management system and evidence of secure delivery procedures.

3.2 Recommendation

- 60 The Malaysian Certification Body (MyCB) is strongly recommended that:
 - a) the developer to implement a session timeout mechanism into the platform.
 - b) The developer to apply international standard hardening checklists on the platform's system environment to ensure secure configuration.

Annex A References

A.1 References

- [1] Arrangement on the recognition of Common Criteria Certificates in the field of Information Technology Security, July, 2014.
- [2] The Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1, Revision 5, April 2017.
- [3] The Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1, Revision 5, April 2017.
- [4] MyCC Scheme Requirement (MYCC_REQ), v1, CyberSecurity Malaysia, December 2019.
- [5] ISCB Evaluation Facility Manual (ISCB_EFM), v2a, August 2020.
- [6] MOZART Command Center Web Portal Security Target, Version 1.26, 11 May 2021.
- [7] Evaluation Technical Report Certis CISCO MOzART Command Center Web Portal v1.3 ,2 July 2021.

A.2 Terminology

A.2.1 Acronyms

Acronym	Expanded Term
СВ	Certification Body
СС	Common Criteria (ISO/IEC15408)
CEM	Common Evaluation Methodology (ISO/IEC 18045)
CCRA	Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
ISO	International Organisation for Standardization
ISCB	Information Security Certification Body
МуСВ	Malaysian Common Criteria Certification Body

Table 5: List of Acronyms

C117 Certification Report

Acronym	Expanded Term
МуСС	Malaysian Common Criteria Evaluation and Certification
	Scheme
MyCPR	MyCC Scheme Certified Products Register
MySEF	Malaysian Security Evaluation Facility
РР	Protection Profile
ST	Security Target
TOE	Target of Evaluation

A.2.2 Glossary of Terms

Table 6: Glossary of Terms

Term	Definition and Source
CC International	An interpretation of the CC or CEM issued by the CCMB that
Interpretation	is applicable to all CCRA participants.
Certificate	The official representation from the CB of the certification of
	a specific version of a product to the Common Criteria.
Certification Body	An organisation responsible for carrying out certification
	and for overseeing the day-today operation of an Evaluation
	and Certification Scheme. Source CCRA
Consumer	The organisation that uses the certified product within their
	infrastructure.
Developer	The organisation that develops the product submitted for CC
	evaluation and certification.
Evaluation	The assessment of an IT product, IT system, or any other
	valid target as defined by the scheme, proposed by an
	applicant against the standards covered by the scope defined
	in its application against the certification criteria specified in
	the rules of the scheme. Source CCRA and MS-ISO/IEC Guide
	65

C117 Certification Report

Term	Definition and Source
Evaluation and Certification	The systematic organisation of the functions of evaluation
Scheme	and certification under the authority of a certification body
	in order to ensure that high standards of competence and
	impartiality are maintained and that consistency is achieved.
	Source CCRA.
Interpretation	Expert technical judgement, when required, regarding the
	meaning or method of application of any technical aspect of
	the criteria or the methodology. An interpretation may be
	either a national interpretation or a CC international
	interpretation.
Certifier	The certifier responsible for managing a specific certification
	task.
Evaluator	The evaluator responsible for managing the technical aspects
	of a specific evaluation task.
Maintenance Certificate	The update of a Common Criteria certificate to reflect a
	specific version of a product that has been maintained under
	the MyCC Scheme.
National Interpretation	An interpretation of the CC, CEM or MyCC Scheme rules that
	is applicable within the MyCC Scheme only.
Security Evaluation Facility	An organisation (or business unit of an organisation) that
	conducts ICT security evaluation of products and systems
	using the CC and CEM in accordance with Evaluation and
	Certification Scheme policy
Sponsor	The organisation that submits a product for evaluation and
	certification under the MyCC Scheme. The sponsor may also
	be the developer.

--- END OF DOCUMENT ---