



Certification Report

NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option

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Foreword

The Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security (NSCIB) provides a third-party evaluation and certification service for determining the trustworthiness of Information Technology (IT) security products. Under this NSCIB, TrustCB B.V. has the task of issuing certificates for IT security products, as well as for protection profiles and sites.

Part of the procedure is the technical examination (evaluation) of the product, protection profile or site according to the Common Criteria assessment guidelines published by the NSCIB. Evaluations are performed by an IT Security Evaluation Facility (ITSEF) under the oversight of the NSCIB Certification Body, which is operated by TrustCB B.V. in cooperation with the Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations.

An ITSEF in the Netherlands is a commercial facility that has been licensed by TrustCB B.V. to perform Common Criteria evaluations; a significant requirement for such a licence is accreditation to the requirements of ISO Standard 17025 "General requirements for the accreditation of calibration and testing laboratories".

By awarding a Common Criteria certificate, TrustCB B.V. asserts that the product or site complies with the security requirements specified in the associated (site) security target, or that the protection profile (PP) complies with the requirements for PP evaluation specified in the Common Criteria for Information Security Evaluation. A (site) security target is a requirements specification document that defines the scope of the evaluation activities.

The consumer should review the (site) security target or protection profile, in addition to this certification report, to gain an understanding of any assumptions made during the evaluation, the IT product's intended environment, its security requirements, and the level of confidence (i.e., the evaluation assurance level) that the product or site satisfies the security requirements stated in the (site) security target.

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Recognition of the Certificate

Presence of the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA) and the SOG-IS logos on the certificate indicates that this certificate is issued in accordance with the provisions of the CCRA and the SOG-IS Mutual Recognition Agreement (SOG-IS MRA) and will be recognised by the participating nations.

International recognition

The CCRA was signed by the Netherlands in May 2000 and provides mutual recognition of certificates based on the Common Criteria (CC). Since September 2014 the CCRA has been updated to provide mutual recognition of certificates based on cPPs (exact use) or STs with evaluation assurance components up to and including EAL2+ALC_FLR.

For details of the current list of signatory nations and approved certification schemes, see http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org.

European recognition

The SOG-IS MRA Version 3, effective since April 2010, provides mutual recognition in Europe of Common Criteria and ITSEC certificates at a basic evaluation level for all products. A higher recognition level for evaluation levels beyond EAL4 (respectively E3-basic) is provided for products related to specific technical domains. This agreement was signed initially by Finland, France, Germany, The Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom. Italy joined the SOG-IS MRA in December 2010.

For details of the current list of signatory nations, approved certification schemes and the list of technical domains for which the higher recognition applies, see https://www.sogis.eu.



1 Executive Summary

This Certification Report states the outcome of the Common Criteria security evaluation of the NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option. The developer of the NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option is cv cryptovision GmbH located in Gelsenkirchen, Germany and NXP Semiconductors Germany GmbH was the sponsor of the evaluation and certification. A Certification Report is intended to assist prospective consumers when judging the suitability of the IT security properties of the product for their particular requirements.

The TOE consists of an applet and the certified Java Card platform that can be configured to be used as an eMRTD as specified in [ST]. The TOE provides the Basic Access Control according to the ICAO documents referenced in the [ST].

The TOE is delivered during the preparation phase after which the initialisation and personalisation are performed.

The TOE has been evaluated by SGS Brightsight B.V. located in Delft, The Netherlands. The evaluation was completed on 9 August 2023 with the approval of the ETR. The certification procedure has been conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security [NSCIB].

The scope of the evaluation is defined by the security target [ST], which identifies assumptions made during the evaluation, the intended environment for the NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option, the security requirements, and the level of confidence (evaluation assurance level) at which the product is intended to satisfy the security requirements. Consumers of the NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option are advised to verify that their own environment is consistent with the security target, and to give due consideration to the comments, observations and recommendations in this certification report.

The results documented in the evaluation technical report [ETR] ¹ for this product provide sufficient evidence that the TOE meets the EAL4 augmented (EAL4+) assurance requirements for the evaluated security functionality. This assurance level is augmented with ALC_DVS.2 (Sufficiency of security measures).

The evaluation was conducted using the Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5 [CEM] for conformance to the Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5 [CCI] (Parts I, II and III).

TrustCB B.V., as the NSCIB Certification Body, declares that the evaluation meets all the conditions for international recognition of Common Criteria Certificates and that the product will be listed on the NSCIB Certified Products list. Note that the certification results apply only to the specific version of the product as evaluated.

The Evaluation Technical Report contains information proprietary to the developer and/or the evaluator, and is not available for public review.



2 Certification Results

2.1 Identification of Target of Evaluation

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) for this evaluation is the NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option from cv cryptovision GmbH located in Gelsenkirchen, Germany.

The TOE is comprised of the following main components:

Delivery item type	Identifier	Version
Hardware	NXP Secure Smart Card Controller N7122 with IC Dedicated Software and Crypto Library (R1/R2) (BSI-DSZ-CC-1149-2022-MA-01)	
Platform	NXP JCOP4.5 P71, registered under the reference NSCIB-CC-0313985-MA	226072
Applet	NXP eDoc Suite on JCOP4.5 P71 – cryptovision ePasslet Suite	4.0

To ensure secure usage a set of guidance documents is provided, together with the NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option. For details, see section 2.5 "Documentation" of this report.

For a detailed and precise description of the TOE lifecycle, see the [ST], Chapter 1.4.

2.2 Security Policy

The TOE is a Java Card configured to provide a contact and contactless integrated circuit chip containing components for a machine readable travel document (MRTD chip). After instantiation and configuration of the according configuration it can be programmed according to the Logical Data Structure (LDS) and provides the Basic Access Control according to the ICAO documents referenced in the [ST] and the set of Security Functional Requirements defined in the [ST] and implemented by the TOE.

2.3 Assumptions and Clarification of Scope

2.3.1 Assumptions

The assumptions defined in the Security Target are not covered by the TOE itself. These aspects lead to specific Security Objectives to be fulfilled by the TOE-Environment. For detailed information on the security objectives that must be fulfilled by the TOE environment, see section 4.2 of the [ST].

2.3.2 Clarification of scope

The evaluation did not reveal any threats to the TOE that are not countered by the evaluated security functions of the product.

The TOE can be ordered with or without biometry, however biometry is not claimed in anyway nor specified in the Security Target and considered SFR-Non-interfering.

Note that the ICAO MRTD infrastructure critically depends on the objectives for the environment to be met. These are not weaknesses of this particular TOE, but aspects of the ICAO MRTD infrastructure as a whole.

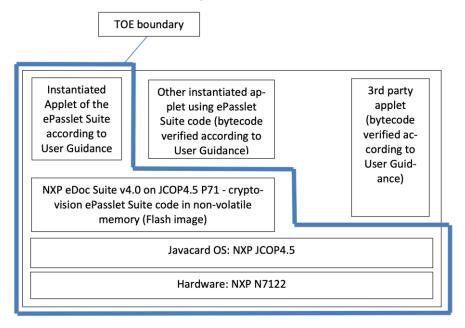
The environment in which the TOE is personalised must perform proper and safe personalisation according to the guidance and referred ICAO guidelines.



The environment in which the TOE is used must ensure that the inspection system protects the confidentiality and integrity of the data send and read from the TOE.

2.4 Architectural Information

The logical architecture of the TOE can be depicted as follows:



The whole applet code resides in the Flash memory; the applets providing these different configurations are instantiated into Flash memory. Multiple configurations (and hence support for different applications) can be present at the same time by instantiating multiple applets with their distinct configurations.

A common combination could be an ICAO MRTD applet and an ePKI applet providing a travel application with LDS data and EAC authentication together with a signature application. Please note that other applications besides a MRTD applet shall not provide contactless trackable information without authentication.

2.5 Documentation

The following documentation is provided with the product by the developer to the customer:



Identifier	Version
NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 – cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing an ICAO MRTD application with Extended Access Control (EACv1) or with Basic Access Control (BAC) and Supplemental Access Control (SAC) Preparation Guidance (AGD_PRE), dated 09 May 2023	1.0.6
NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 – cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing an ICAO MRTD application with Extended Access Control (EACv1) or with Basic Access Control (BAC) and Supplemental Access Control (SAC) Operational Guidance (AGD_OPE), dated 09 May 2023	1.0.6
NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 – cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card Applet Suite providing Electronic ID Documents applications Guidance Manual, dated 19 December 2022	1.0.1

2.6 IT Product Testing

Testing (depth, coverage, functional tests, independent testing): The evaluators examined the developer's testing activities documentation and verified that the developer has met their testing responsibilities.

2.6.1 Testing approach and depth

The developer performed extensive testing on functional specification, subsystem and module level. All parameter choices were addressed at least once. All boundary cases identified were tested explicitly, and additionally the near-boundary conditions were covered probabilistically. The testing was largely automated using industry standard and proprietary test suites. Test scripts were used extensively to verify that the functions return the expected values.

The underlying hardware and crypto-library test results are extendable to composite evaluations, because the underlying platform is operated according to its guidance and the composite evaluation requirements are met.

For the testing performed by the evaluators, the developer provided samples and a test environment. The evaluators reproduced a selection of the developer tests, as well as a small number of test cases designed by the evaluator.

2.6.2 Independent penetration testing

The methodical analysis performed was conducted along the following steps:

- When evaluating the evidence in the classes ASE, ADV and AGD the evaluator considers
 whether potential vulnerabilities can already be identified due to the TOE type and/or specified
 behaviour in such an early stage of the evaluation.
- For ADV_IMP a thorough implementation representation review is performed on the TOE.
 During this attack oriented analysis the protection of the TOE is analysed using the knowledge gained from all previous evaluation classes. This results in the identification of (additional) potential vulnerabilities. For this analysis will be performed according to the attack methods in [JIL-AP]. An important source for assurance in this step is the technical report [JCOP-ETRfC] of the underlying platform.
- All potential vulnerabilities are analysed using the knowledge gained from all evaluation
 classes and information from the public domain. A judgment was made on how to assure that
 these potential vulnerabilities are not exploitable. The potential vulnerabilities are addressed
 by penetration testing, a guidance update or in other ways that are deemed appropriate.

The total test effort expended by the evaluators was 4 weeks. During that test campaign, 33% of the total time was spent on Perturbation attacks and 67% on logical tests.



2.6.3 Test configuration

The TOE was tested in the following configurations:

- EAC-PACE TOE
- SSCD-KeyGen

2.6.4 Test results

The testing activities, including configurations, procedures, test cases, expected results and observed results are summarised in the *[ETR]*, with references to the documents containing the full details.

The developer's tests and the independent functional tests produced the expected results, giving assurance that the TOE behaves as specified in its [ST] and functional specification.

No exploitable vulnerabilities were found with the independent penetration tests.

The algorithmic security level of cryptographic functionality has not been rated in this certification process, but the current consensus on the algorithmic security level in the open domain, i.e., from the current best cryptanalytic attacks published, has been taken into account.

2.7 Reused Evaluation Results

Sites involved in the development and production of the hardware platform were reused by composition.

2.8 Evaluated Configuration

The TOE is defined uniquely by its name and version number NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option.

2.9 Evaluation Results

The evaluation lab documented their evaluation results in the *[ETR]*, which references an ASE Intermediate Report and other evaluator documents.

The verdict of each claimed assurance requirement is "Pass".

Based on the above evaluation results the evaluation lab concluded the NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 - cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option, to be **CC Part 2 extended, CC Part 3 conformant**, and to meet the requirements of **EAL 4 augmented with ALC_DVS.2**. This implies that the product satisfies the security requirements specified in Security Target [ST].

The Security Target claims strict conformance to the Protection Profile [PP 0055].

2.10 Comments/Recommendations

The user guidance as outlined in section 2.5 "Documentation" contains necessary information about the usage of the TOE. Certain aspects of the TOE's security functionality, in particular the countermeasures against attacks, depend on accurate conformance to the user guidance of both the software and the hardware part of the TOE. There are no particular obligations or recommendations for the user apart from following the user guidance. Please note that the documents contain relevant details concerning the resistance against certain attacks.

In addition, all aspects of assumptions, threats and policies as outlined in the Security Target not covered by the TOE itself must be fulfilled by the operational environment of the TOE.

The customer or user of the product shall consider the results of the certification within his system risk management process. For the evolution of attack methods and techniques to be covered, the customer should define the period of time until a re-assessment for the TOE is required and thus requested from the sponsor of the certificate.

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The strength of the cryptographic algorithms and protocols was not rated in the course of this evaluation. This specifically applies to the following proprietary or non-standard algorithms, protocols and implementations: None



3 Security Target

The NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 – cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option Security Target, Version 1.2, Dated 08 August 2023 [ST] is included here by reference.

Please note that, to satisfy the need for publication, a public version [ST-lite] has been created and verified according to [ST-SAN].

4 Definitions

This list of acronyms and definitions contains elements that are not already defined by the CC or CEM:

BAC Basic Access Control

EAC Extended Access Control

eMRTD electronic MRTD

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

IT Information Technology

ITSEF IT Security Evaluation Facility

JIL Joint Interpretation Library

MRTD Machine Readable Travel Document

NSCIB Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the area of IT Security

PACE Password Authenticated Connection Establishment

PP Protection Profile

TOE Target of Evaluation



5 Bibliography

This section lists all referenced documentation used as source material in the compilation of this report.

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	Common	i Ciliena ioi illioilliali	JII I ECHHOOGY S	becurity Evaluation	, raito i, ii	

and III, Version 3.1 Revision 5, April 2017

[CEM] Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation,

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[COMP] Joint Interpretation Library, Composite product evaluation for Smart Cards

and similar devices, Version 1.5.1, May 2018

[ETR] Evaluation Technical Report "NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 –

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Dated 09 August 2023

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Version 1.0, 30 June 2022

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Semiconductors Germany GmbH. Report number: NSCIB-CC-0313985-CR.

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CC-0313985-MA. Version 1, 04 January 2023

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December 2022

[JCOP-ST-Lite] JCOP 4.5 P71 Security Target Lite for JCOP 4.5 P71, Rev. 1.5, dated 27

October 2022

[JIL-AAPS] JIL Application of Attack Potential to Smartcards, Version 3.2, November

2022

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[NSCIB] Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security, Version 2.6,

02 August 2022

[PP_0055] Protection Profile Machine Readable Travel Document with "ICAO

Application", Basic Access Control (MRTD-PP), Version 1.10, 25 March

2009, registered under the reference BSI-CC-PP-0055-2009

[ST] NXP eDoc Suite v4.0 on JCOP4.5 P71 – cryptovision ePasslet Suite – Java

Card applet configuration providing Machine-Readable Electronic Documents based on BSI TR-03110 for Official Use with BAC option Security Target,

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April 2006

(This is the end of this report.)