FUJIFILM Apeos C3060 / C2560 / C2060 models with Copy, Print, Fax, Scan and Overwrite Storage Security Target (for Europe, America, Middle East, Africa, South Asia)

Version 1.09

This document is a translation of the evaluated and certified security target written in Japanese.

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1.ST INTRODUCTION

This chapter describes Security Target (ST) Reference, TOE Reference, TOE Overview, and TOE Description.

1.1.ST Reference

This section provides information needed to identify this ST.

| | FUJIFILM Apeos C3060 / C2560 / C2060 |
|-------------------|--|
| ST Title: | models with Copy, Print, Fax, Scan and Overwrite Storage |
| | Security Target (for Europe, America, Middle East, Africa, South Asia) |
| ST Version: | V 1.09 |
| Publication Date: | November 14, 2023 |
| Author: | FUJIFILM Business Innovation Corp. |

1.2.TOE Reference

This section provides information needed to identify the TOE.

| TOE Identification: | FUJIFILM Apeos C3060 / C2560 / C2060 |
|--|---|
| TOE Identification: models with Copy, Print, Fax, Scan and Overwrite Storage | |
| Version: | Controller ROM Ver. 21.26.4, FAX ROM Ver. 2.2.1 |

The TOE is one of the following products.

Europe, America, Middle East, Africa, South Asia market

| Product | Version |
|---|---------------------|
| FUJIFILM Apeos C3060 model with Copy, Print, Fax (1 line), | Controller ROM Ver. |
| Scan and Overwrite Storage | 21.26.4, |
| FUJIFILM Apeos C3060 model with Copy, Print, Fax (3 lines), | Fax ROM Ver.2.2.1 |
| Scan and Overwrite Storage | |
| FUJIFILM Apeos C2560 model with Copy, Print, Fax (1 line), | |
| Scan and Overwrite Storage | |
| FUJIFILM Apeos C2560 model with Copy, Print, Fax (3 lines), | |
| Scan and Overwrite Storage | |
| FUJIFILM Apeos C2060 model with Copy, Print, Fax (1 line), | |
| Scan and Overwrite Storage | |
| FUJIFILM Apeos C2060 model with Copy, Print, Fax (3 lines), | |
| Scan and Overwrite Storage | |

1.3.TOE Overview

1.3.1. TOE Type

The TOE is an MFD that is connected to a wired Local Area Network (LAN) and supports the copy, scan, print, fax, and document storage and retrieval functions.

1.3.2. Usage and Major Security Features of TOE

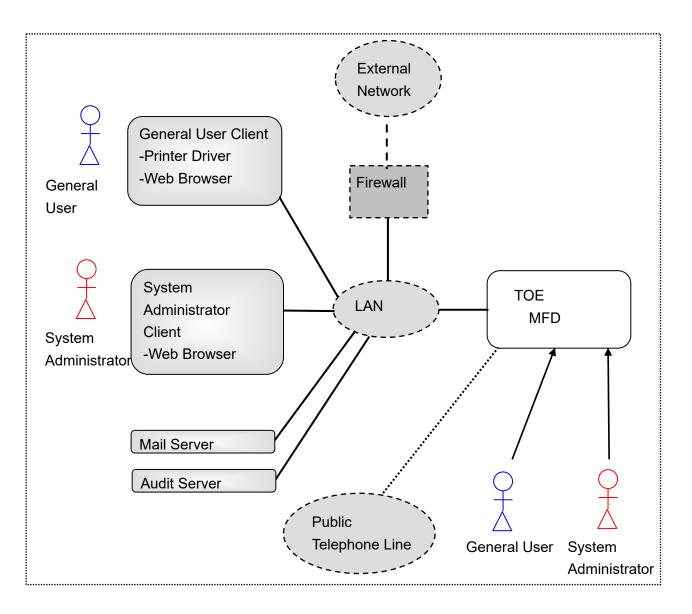


Figure 1 Operational Environment Assumed by TOE

The MFD is used in an environment that is connected to a wired Local Area Network (LAN) isolated from the external network by the firewall.

The MFD can connect to the public telephone line to send and receive fax data.

General users use each basic function of the MFD from the control panel of the MFD or web browser or printer driver of the general user clients. And system administrators use the management function of the MFD from the control panel of the MFD or web browser of the system administrator clients.

The MFD has the functions to copy, scan, print, fax (send and receive), store and retrieve the documents handled by users.

To prevent alteration and leakage of these documents, the MFD has the functions to identify and authenticate users, control access to documents and functions based on user roles, encrypt the setting data and document data stored in MFD storage, protect the communication data on the LAN, manage security settings (available only to system administrators), store the usage history of the MFD in the MFD internally and send the usage history to an external audit server (security audit function), verify the integrity of the TSF executable code and TSF data, verify the authenticity of the TSF executable code when the code is updated, and separate the fax line and the LAN, and overwrite residual image data stored in the storage.

To use overwrite residual image data function, it is necessary to purchase the data overwrite kit and enable the overwrite storage function.

The products that are included in the TOE support local authentication and remote authentication, when the remote authentication option is installed. However, only local authentication is used in the settings of the TOE.

Note:

• There are two types of Folders: The Personal Folder, which SAs and general users can create, and the Shared Folder, which the Key Operator can create. The guidance of the TOE prohibits the use of the Shared Folder. In this ST, "Folder" means "Personal Folder."

• The interfaces for users to connect personal storage devices (portable flash memory devices, etc.) to the MFD are disabled.

1.3.3. Required Non-TOE Hardware and Software

In the operational environment shown in Figure 1, the TOE is an MFD, and there are the following non-TOE hardware and software.

(1) General user client

The hardware is a general-purpose computer.

When the computer is used as a printer client, the user needs to install a printer driver on the computer so that a request to print document data can be sent to the MFD.

In order to use the web server function of the MFD, the user needs to use a web browser installed on the computer.

(2) System administrator client

The hardware is a general-purpose computer.

A web browser is necessary for a system administrator to refer to and change the TOE settings and update the TOE firmware.

(3) Mail server

A mail server is necessary for the MFD to send scanned documents via email. The hardware/OS of the server is a general-purpose computer/server, and an email service that supports the SMTP protocol protected by TLS 1.2 needs to be installed.

(4) Audit server

An audit server is necessary to collect audit events occurred on the MFD. The hardware/OS is a general-purpose computer/server, and the MFD sends audit logs to the audit server that support TLS 1.2 using Syslog.

In the TOE evaluation, the following shall be used as the hardware and software listed above.

The OS for (1) general user client and (2) system administrator client shall be Windows 10 and Windows 11, and web browser shall be Microsoft Edge and FireFox.

(3) mail server shall be Cent OS 7.9 and Postfix version 2.10.1.

(4) audit server shall be Cent OS 7.9 and rsyslog 8.24.0.

The printer driver used in (1) general user client shall be either of the following printer drivers, which FUJIFILM Business Innovation Corp. offers for the target MFD models.

"PCL6 Print Driver Version 7.0.5"

1.4.TOE Description

This section describes user roles and the logical and physical boundaries of the TOE.

1.4.1. Users Assumptions

Table 1 specifies the TOE user roles assumed in this ST.

Table 1 User Roles

| Name | User data type | Definition |
|----------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| U.NORMAL | General user | An identified and authorized |
| | | User who is not granted the |
| | | administrative role. |
| U.ADMIN | System administrator | An identified and authorized |
| | | User who is granted the |
| | | administrative role. |
| | | (In the TOE, the Key |
| | | Operator and SAs are |
| | | U.ADMIN. They are |
| | | collectively referred to as |
| | | U.ADMIN in this ST.) |

1.4.2. Logical Boundary of the TOE

Figure 2 shows the logical architecture of the TOE.

Among the functions within the logical boundary, the ones without underlines are basic functions and the ones with underlines are security functions.

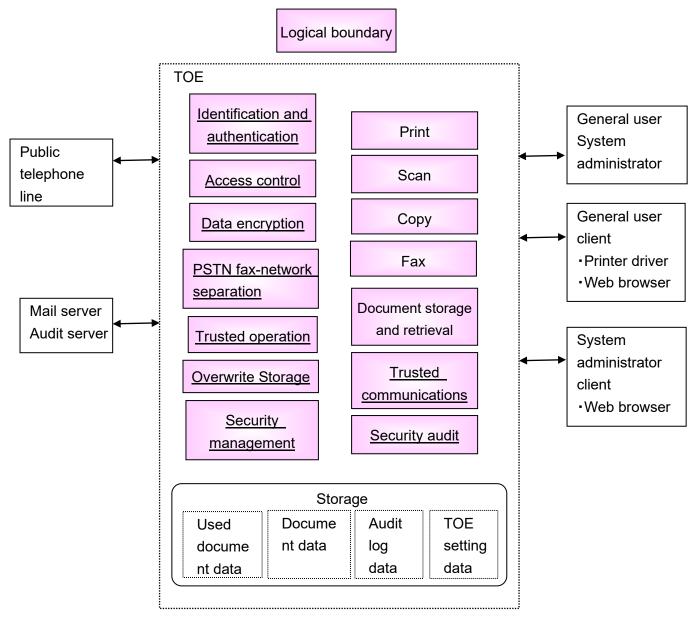


Figure 2 TOE Logical Boundary

1.4.2.1. Basic Functions

- (1) Print: The MFD receives a digital document sent from the printer driver of the general user client. The received document is converted into a preview image and a hard copy in accordance with the request from the control panel.
- (2) Scan: The MFD scans the document on the scanner in accordance with the request from the control panel and converts the document into a digital document. Scanned documents can be previewed. The TOE has the function to send digital documents

converted from paper documents by the scan function to the mail server and the function to store these documents in Folders using the document storage and retrieval function.

- (3) Copy: The MFD copies the document on the scanner in accordance with the request from the control panel.
- (4) PSTN fax send: The MFD scans the document on the scanner in accordance with the request from the control panel and sends the document data to the PSTN fax destination through PSTN using the standard PSTN fax protocol. The scanned documents can be previewed before sending.
- (5) PSTN fax receive: The MFD receives fax document data sent from the machine on the other end of line through PSTN and stores the data in a Folder which was assigned by a system administrator using the document storage and retrieval function. The stored documents can be previewed. The folder shall be one of the Folders created by SA.
- (6) Document storage and retrieval: The MFD stores digital documents in Folders and enables the following functions for stored documents in response to requests sent from the control panel or web browser of general user clients. In the TOE, digital documents that can be stored in a Folder are scanned documents with the scan function, or fax documents received with the PSTN fax receive.

Preview: Displays a preview of the electronic document stored in the folder according to instructions from the control panel.

Print: Print a digital document stored in Folder in accordance with the request from the control panel.

Retrieve: Send documents to general user clients in response to requests sent from web browser of the general user clients.

Delete: Delete stored digital documents in accordance with the request from the control panel or web browser of the general user clients.

1.4.2.2. Security Functions

The TOE provides the following security functions to support the basic functions described in 1.4.2.1.

(1) Identification and Authentication

Identifying/authenticating users and granting roles to the users ensure that functions of the MFD are accessible only to users who have been granted roles by a system administrator. The user identification and authentication function are also used as the basis for access control and administrative roles and helps associate specific users with security-relevant events and records of MFD use. The MFD carries out the identification and authentication of users.

TOE performs the identification and authentication of users with three interfaces such as the control panel, web browser of the user client and printer driver. It

prompts to input ID and password. And it shows bullets for the input password so that the password can be hidden.

When a user attempts to be authenticated and fails consecutively multiple times, another request to authenticate the user is no longer accepted. TOE has a function to specify the minimum length of password for users. And TOE clears the login session automatically if no operation has been done after successful login within a specific duration.

When the remote authentication option is additionally installed, the products that are included in the TOE support local authentication and remote authentication. However, only local authentication is selected in the TOE settings.

(2) Access Control

Access control ensures that documents, information related to document processing, and security-relevant data are accessible only to users who have appropriate access permissions.

(3) Data Encryption

Data encryption ensures that the data and communications data stored in the TOE cannot be accessed by an attacker through an unauthorized interface.

- Depending on the policy, data encryption is also used to protect documents and confidential system information on field-replaceable nonvolatile storage devices and to protect such data when these devices are removed from the MFD.
- The effectiveness of data encryption is assured through the use of internationally accepted cryptographic algorithms.

• The storage encryption key is generated when the TOE is turned on for the first time or after the operation to restore factory settings is carried out. The key is stored in the non-Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage with encryption. The operation to restore factory settings purges the existing encryption key and generate a new encryption key. And encryption keys for communication are stored in volatile memory and removed by power off of TOE.

(4) Trusted Communications

Trusted communications protect communication data with TLS 1.2 protocol on an internal network, such as document data, job information, audit log, and TOE setting data.

The TOE supports general encrypted communication protocols (TLS/HTTPS and TLS).

(5) Security Management

The security management function ensures that only users who have been identified and authenticated as system administrators can refer to or change the settings of security functions of the TOE from the control panel or web browser of the system administrator client.

(6) Security Audit

The events of when, who, and which actions all TOE users carried out (user operation, device failure, configuration change etc.) are sent to the audit server and

stored as audit log. The audit log is encrypted by the TLS 1.2 protocol when being sent.

The audit log is stored in the TOE internally, only authorized users as a system administrator can also download it from a web browser of a system administrator client. When audit logs stored in TOE become full, the oldest record is overwritten with the new record so that TOE prevents loss of audit logs.

(7) Trusted Operation

Firmware updates for the MFD are verified before being applied to ensure the authenticity of the software. The MFD performs self-tests to ensure that its operation is not disrupted by some detectable malfunctions.

(8) PSTN Fax-Network Separation

With regards to PSTN fax-network separation, the MFD ensures that the PSTN fax modem is not used to create a data bridge between the PSTN and the LAN.

(9) Overwrite Storage

Used document data stored in the internal storage is overwritten after any of functions, such as copy, print, and scan, is completed.

1.4.3. Physical Boundary of the TOE

The physical boundary of the TOE is the whole MFD. The TOE does not include options and add-ons that are not relevant to security, such as finishers. Physical components that constitute the TOE are listed in Tables 2 and 3.

| Market | Unit | Version | Format | Delivery method |
|--|---|--|---|--------------------|
| Europe, America, Middle East, Africa, | FUJIFILM Apeos C3060 model with Copy, Print, Fax (1 line), Scan and | Controller ROM Ver. 21.26.4, Fax ROM Ver. 2.2.1 | Hardware on which firmware in binary format is installed | On-site |
| South Asia | Overwrite Storage | 2.2.1 | | |
| Europe, America, Middle East, Africa, | FUJIFILM Apeos C3060 model with Copy, Print, Fax (3 lines), Scan and | Controller ROM Ver. 21.26.4, Fax ROM Ver. 2.2.1 | Hardware on which firmware in binary format is installed | On-site |
| South Asia | Overwrite Storage | | | |
| Europe, America, Middle East, | FUJIFILM Apeos C2560 model with Copy, Print, Fax (1 | Controller ROM Ver. 21.26.4, Fax ROM Ver. 2.2.1 | Hardware on which firmware in binary format is installed | On-site |
| Africa, South Asia | line), Scan and Overwrite Storage | ۷.۷.۱ | | |

Table 2 Physical Components Constituting the TOE (MFD Main Unit)

| Europe, | FUJIFILM Apeos | Controller ROM | Hardware on | On-site |
|--------------|---------------------|----------------|------------------|---------|
| America, | C2560 model with | Ver. 21.26.4, | which firmware | |
| Middle East, | Copy, Print, Fax (3 | Fax ROM Ver. | in binary format | |
| Africa, | lines), Scan and | 2.2.1 | is installed | |
| South Asia | Overwrite Storage | | | |
| Europe, | FUJIFILM Apeos | Controller ROM | Hardware on | On-site |
| America, | C2060 model with | Ver. 21.26.4, | which firmware | |
| Middle East, | Copy, Print, Fax (1 | Fax ROM Ver. | in binary format | |
| Africa, | line), Scan and | 2.2.1 | is installed | |
| South Asia | Overwrite Storage | | | |
| Europe, | FUJIFILM Apeos | Controller ROM | Hardware on | On-site |
| America, | C2060 model with | Ver. 21.26.4, | which firmware | |
| Middle East, | Copy, Print, Fax (3 | Fax ROM Ver. | in binary format | |
| Africa, | lines), Scan and | 2.2.1 | is installed | |
| South Asia | Overwrite Storage | | | |

As shown in Table 3, the guidance of this TOE is available.

| Table 3 Physical Components Constituting the TOE (Guidance) |
|---|
|---|

| Form number | Format | Delivery method | Guidance name | Hash value |
|-------------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| GM1578E5-3 | PDF file | Web | Reference Guide | 466fd4e0c85ee7f3 |
| Edition 1 | | | Main Unit | dcb0256ac8abe32 |
| | | | Apeos C3060 | 267f4edcf49a9769 |
| | | | Apeos C2560 | 0368371db0b2673 |
| | | | Apeos C2060 | fc |
| GM1579E5-4 | PDF file | Web | Reference Guide | 824e62ab00cfd94 |
| Edition 1 | | | Operations | 5d4bf4becac8e37 |
| | | | Apeos C3060 | d557b8d1883be3c |
| | | | Apeos C2560 | 10abea57703d2b |
| | | | Apeos C2060 | a4227 |
| FD1165E5-3 | Paper | On-site | Apeos C3060 | - |
| Edition 1 | | | Apeos C2560 | |
| | | | Apeos C2060 | |
| | | | User's Manual | |
| GM1855E5- | PDF file | Web | Apeos C3060 | 99d626b38b1aa8 |
| 1_20231023 | | | Apeos C2560 | eea4a9d6b216ccc |
| (Edition 1) | | | Apeos C2060 | 5a84637b32d524c |
| | | | Security Function | 57652db9d6283b |
| | | | Supplementary | 085890 |
| | | | Guide | |

2. CONFORMANCE CLAIM

2.1.CC Conformance Claim

This ST and TOE claim conformance to the following versions of CC:

Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation Part 1: Introduction and general model (April 2017 Version 3.1 Revision 5) Part 2: Security functional components (April 2017 Version 3.1 Revision 5) Part 3: Security assurance components (April 2017 Version 3.1 Revision 5)

CC Part2 extended CC Part3 conformant

2.2.PP claim, Package Claim

2.2.1. PP Claim

This ST claims exact conformance to the following HCD-PP.

Title: Protection Profile for Hardcopy Devices Version: 1.0 dated September 10, 2015 Errata: Protection Profile for Hardcopy Devices – v1.0 Errata #1, June 2017

2.2.2. Package Claim

This Security Target and TOE do not claim package conformance.

2.2.3. Conformance Rationale

This ST and TOE satisfy the conditions required by the PP. The TOE type conforms to the PP because this ST and TOE satisfy the following conditions required by the PP and claim exact conformance to the PP.

Required Uses

Printing, scanning, copying, network communications, administration

- Conditionally Mandatory Uses
 - PSTN faxing, storage and retrieval, field-replaceable nonvolatile storage.
- Optional Uses

Internal audit log storage, Image Overwrite

3.SECURITY PROBLEM DEFINITION

This chapter describes the threats, organizational security policies, and the assumptions for the use of the TOE.

3.1.Threats

3.1.1. Assets Protected by TOE

The TOE protects the following assets.

Table 4 Assets for User Data

| Designation | User Data type | Definition |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| D.USER.DOC | User Document Data | Information contained in a User's |
| | | Document, in electronic or hardcopy |
| | | form |
| D.USER.JOB | User Job Data | Information related to a User's |
| | | Document or Document Processing |
| | | Job |

Table 5 Assets for TSF Data

| Designation | TSF Data type | Definition |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|
| D.TSF.PROT | Protected TSF Data | TSF Data for which alteration by a |
| | | User who is neither the data owner nor |
| | | in an Administrator role might affect the |
| | | security of the TOE, but for which |
| | | disclosure is acceptable |
| D.TSF.CONF | Confidential TSF Data | TSF Data for which either disclosure or |
| | | alteration by a User who is neither the |
| | | data owner nor in an Administrator role |
| | | might affect the security of the TOE |

3.1.2. Threats

Table 6 identifies the threats addressed by the TOE.

Table 6 Threats

| Designation | Definition |
|------------------|---|
| T.UNAUTHORIZED_A | An attacker may access (read, modify, or delete) User |
| CCESS | Document Data or change (modify or delete) User Job |
| | Data in the TOE through one of the TOE's interfaces. |

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| T.TSF_COMPROMISE | An attacker may gain Unauthorized Access to TSF Data in |
|------------------|--|
| | the TOE through one of the TOE's interfaces. |
| T.TSF_FAILURE | A malfunction of the TSF may cause loss of security if the |
| | TOE is permitted to operate. |
| T.UNAUTHORIZED_U | An attacker may cause the installation of unauthorized |
| PDATE | software on the TOE. |
| T.NET_COMPROMISE | An attacker may access data in transit or otherwise |
| | compromise the security of the TOE by monitoring or |
| | manipulating network communication. |
| | |

3.2. Organizational Security Policies

Table 7 describes the organizational security policies the TOE must comply with.

| Table 7 Organizational Security Policies | |
|--|---|
| Table / Organizational Security Folicies |) |
| | • |
| | |

| Designation | Definition |
|------------------|---|
| P.AUTHORIZATION | Users must be authorized before performing Document |
| | Processing and administrative functions. |
| P.AUDIT | Security-relevant activities must be audited, and the log of |
| | such actions must be protected and transmitted to an |
| | External IT Entity. |
| P.COMMS_PROTECTI | The TOE must be able to identify itself to other devices on |
| ON | the LAN. |
| P.STORAGE_ENCRYP | If the TOE stores User Document Data or Confidential |
| TION | TSF Data on Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage |
| (conditionally | Devices, it will encrypt such data on those devices. |
| mandatory) | |
| P.KEY_MATERIAL | Cleartext keys, submasks, random numbers, or any other |
| (conditionally | values that contribute to the creation of encryption keys for |
| mandatory) | Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage of User Document |
| | Data or Confidential TSF Data must be protected from |
| | unauthorized access and must not be stored on that |
| | storage device. |
| P.FAX_FLOW | If the TOE provides a PSTN fax function, it will ensure |
| (conditionally | separation between the PSTN fax line and the LAN. |
| mandatory) | |
| P.IMAGE_OVERWRIT | Upon completion or cancellation of a Document |
| E | Processing job, the TOE shall overwrite residual image |
| (optional) | data from its Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage |
| | Devices. |

3.3.Assumptions

Table 8 describes the assumptions for the performance, operation, and use of the TOE.

Table 8 Assumptions

| Designation | Definition |
|-----------------|---|
| A.PHYSICAL | Physical security, commensurate with the value of the |
| | TOE and the data it stores or processes, is assumed to be |
| | provided by the environment. |
| A.NETWORK | The Operational Environment is assumed to protect the |
| | TOE from direct, public access to its LAN interface. |
| A.TRUSTED_ADMIN | TOE Administrators are trusted to administer the TOE |
| | according to site security policies. |
| A.TRAINED_USERS | Authorized Users are trained to use the TOE according to |
| | site security policies. |

4.SECURITY OBJECTIVES

This chapter describes the security objectives for the environment. Table 9 defines the security objectives for the TOE environment.

| Designation | Definition |
|-------------------|---|
| OE.PHYSICAL_PROTE | The Operational Environment shall provide physical |
| CTION | security, commensurate with the value of the TOE and the |
| | data it stores or processes. |
| OE.NETWORK_PROT | The Operational Environment shall provide network |
| ECTION | security to protect the TOE from direct, public access to its |
| | LAN interface. |
| OE.ADMIN_TRUST | The TOE Owner shall establish trust that Administrators |
| | will not use their privileges for malicious purposes. |
| OE.USER_TRAINING | The TOE Owner shall ensure that Users are aware of site |
| | security policies and have the competence to follow them. |
| OE.ADMIN_TRAININ | The TOE Owner shall ensure that Administrators are |
| G | aware of site security policies and have the competence to |
| | use manufacturer's guidance to correctly configure the |
| | TOE and protect passwords and keys accordingly. |

Table 9 Security Objectives for the TOE Environment

5. EXTENDED COMPONENTS DEFINITION

Extended components in this section are defined in HCD-PP.

5.1. Extended Functional Requirements Definition

5.1.1. Class FAU: Security Audit

FAU_STG_EXT Extended: External Audit Trail Storage

Family Behavior:

This family defines requirements for the TSF to ensure that secure transmission of audit data from TOE to an External IT Entity.

Component leveling:

FAU STG EXT.1 Extended: External Audit Trail Storage interfaces

1

FAU_STG_EXT.1 External Audit Trail Storage requires the TSF to use a trusted channel implementing a secure protocol.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• The TSF shall have the ability to configure the cryptographic functionality.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

FAU_STG_EXT.1 Protected Audit Trail Storage

| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Dependencies: | FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation, |
| | FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel |

FAU_STG_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall be able to transmit the generated audit data to an External IT Entity using a trusted channel according to FTP_ITC.1.

Rationale:

The TSF is required that the transmission of generated audit data to an External IT Entity which relies on a non-TOE audit server for storage and review of audit records. The storage of these audit records and the ability to allow the administrator to review these audit records is provided by the Operational Environment in that case. The Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the transmission of audit data to an External IT Entity.

This extended component protects the audit records, and it is therefore placed in the FAU class with a single component.

5.1.2. Class FCS: Cryptographic Support

FCS_CKM_EXT Extended: Cryptographic Key Management

Family Behavior:

This family addresses the management aspects of cryptographic keys. Especially, this extended component is intended for cryptographic key destruction.

Component leveling:

FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction interfaces

4

FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Cryptographic Key Material Destruction ensures not only keys but also key materials that are no longer needed are destroyed by using an approved method.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | Cryptographic Key Material Destruction |
|------------------|---|
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | [FCS_CKM.1(a) Cryptographic Key Generation (for |
| | asymmetric keys), or |
| | FCS_CKM.1(b) Cryptographic key generation |
| | (Symmetric Keys)], |
| | FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction |

FCS_CKM_EXT.4.1 The TSF shall destroy all plaintext secret and private cryptographic keys and cryptographic critical security parameters when no longer needed.

Rationale:

Cryptographic Key Material Destruction is to ensure the keys and key materials that are no longer needed are destroyed by using an approved method, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the Cryptographic Key Material Destruction.

This extended component protects the cryptographic key and key materials against exposure, and it is therefore placed in the FCS class with a single component.

FCS_HTTPS_EXT Extended: HTTPS selected

Family Behavior:

Components in this family define requirements for protecting remote management sessions between the TOE and a Security Administrator. This family describes how HTTPS will be implemented. This is a new family defined for the FCS Class.

Component leveling:

FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 Extended: HTTPS selected Destruction interfaces _____1

FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 HTTPS selected, requires that HTTPS be implemented according to RFC 2818 and supports TLS.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• Failure of HTTPS session establishment

| FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 | HTTPS selected | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Hierarchical to: | | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | | No dependencies. |

FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall implement the HTTPS protocol that complies with RFC 2818.

FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1.2 The TSF shall implement HTTPS using TLS as specified in FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1.

Rationale:

HTTPS is one of the secure communication protocols, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the communication protocols using cryptographic algorithms.

This extended component protects the communication data using cryptographic algorithms, and it is therefore placed in the FCS class with a single component.

FCS_KYC_EXT Extended: Cryptographic Operation (Key Chaining)

Family Behavior:

This family provides the specification to be used for using multiple layers of encryption keys to ultimately secure the protected data encrypted on the storage.

Component leveling:

FCS_KYC_EXT.1 Extended: Key Chaining

FCS_KYC_EXT.1 Key Chaining, requires the TSF to maintain a key chain and specifies the characteristics of that chain.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FCS_KYC_EXT.1 | Key Chaining | |
|------------------|--------------|--|
| Hierarchical to: | | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | | [FCS_COP.1(e) Cryptographic operation (Key |
| | | Wrapping), |
| | | FCS_SMC_EXT.1 Extended: Submask Combining, |
| | | FCS_COP.1(i) Cryptographic operation (Key |
| | | Transport), |
| | | FCS_KDF_EXT.1 Cryptographic Operation (Key |
| | | Derivation), and/or |
| | | FCS_COP.1(f) Cryptographic operation (Key |
| | | Encryption)]. |

FCS_KYC_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall maintain a key chain of: [selection: one, using a submask as the BEV or DEK; intermediate keys originating from one or more submask(s) to the BEV or DEK using the following method(s): [selection: key wrapping as specified in FCS_COP.1(e), key combining as specified in FCS_SMC_EXT.1, key encryption as specified in FCS_COP.1(f), key derivation as specified in FCS_KDF_EXT.1, key transport as specified in FCS_COP.1(i)]] while maintaining an effective strength of [selection: 128-bit and 256-bit].

Rationale:

1

Key Chaining ensures that the TSF maintains the key chain, and also specifies the characteristics of that chain. However, the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the management of multiple layers of encryption key to protect encrypted data.

This extended component protects the TSF data using cryptographic algorithms, and it is therefore placed in the FCS class with a single component.

FCS_RBG_EXT Extended: Cryptographic Operation (Random Bit Generation)

Family Behavior:

This family defines requirements for random bit generation to ensure that it is performed in accordance with selected standards and seeded by an entropy source.

Component leveling:

| FCS_RBG_EXT.1 Extended: Random Bit Generation | | 1 | |
|---|--|---|--|
|---|--|---|--|

FCS_RBG_EXT.1 Random Bit Generation requires random bit generation to be performed in accordance with selected standards and seeded by an entropy source.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FCS_RBG_EXT.1 | Random Bit Generation |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. |

FCS_RBG_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall perform all deterministic random bit generation services in accordance with [selection: ISO/IEC 18031:2011, NIST SP 800-90A] using [selection: Hash_DRBG (any), HMAC_DRBG (any), CTR_DRBG (AES)].

FCS_RBG_EXT.1.2 The deterministic RBG shall be seeded by an entropy source that accumulates entropy from [selection: [assignment: number of software-based sources] software-based noise source(s), [assignment: number of hardware-based sources] hardware-based noise source(s)] with a minimum of [selection: 128 bits, 256 bits] of entropy at least equal to the greatest security strength, according to ISO/IEC 18031:2011 Table C.1 "Security strength table for hash functions", of the keys and hashes that it will generate.

Rationale:

Random bits/number will be used by the SFRs for key generation and destruction, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the random bit generation. This extended component ensures the strength of encryption keys, and it is therefore placed in the FCS class with a single component.

FCS_TLS_EXT Extended: TLS selected

Family Behavior:

This family addresses the ability for a server and/or a client to use TLS to protect data between a client and the server using the TLS protocol.

Component leveling:

 FCS TLS EXT.1 Extended: TLS selected
 1

FCS_TLS_EXT.1 TLS selected, requires the TLS protocol implemented as specified.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• Failure of TLS session establishment

FCS_TLS_EXT.1 Extended: TLS selected

| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
|------------------|--|
| Dependencies: | FCS_CKM.1(a) Cryptographic Key Generation (for asymmetric keys) |
| | FCS_COP.1(a) Cryptographic Operation (Symmetric encryption/decryption) |
| | FCS_COP.1(b) Cryptographic Operation (for |
| | signature generation/verification) |
| | FCS_COP.1(c) Cryptographic Operation (Hash |
| | Algorithm) |
| | FCS_COP.1(g) Cryptographic Operation (for keyed- |
| | hash message authentication) |
| | FCS_RBG_EXT.1 Extended: Cryptographic |
| | Operation (Random Bit Generation) |

FCS_TLS_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall implement one or more of the following protocols [selection: *TLS 1.0 (RFC 2246), TLS 1.1 (RFC 4346), TLS 1.2 (RFC 5246)*] supporting the following cipher suites:

Mandatory cipher suites: TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA

Optional cipher suites: [selection: None TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS DHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_ SHA256 TLS DHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256 TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_ SHA256 TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC SHA384 TLS ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 128 GCM SHA256 TLS ECDHE ECDSA WITH AES 256 GCM SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 1.

Rationale:

TLS is one of the secure communication protocols, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the communication protocols using cryptographic algorithms.

This extended component protects the communication data using cryptographic algorithms, and it is therefore placed in the FCS class with a single component.

5.1.3. Class FDP: User Data Protection

FDP_DSK_EXT Extended: Protection of Data on Disk

Family Behavior:

This family is to mandate the encryption of all protected data written to the storage.

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Component leveling:

FDP DSK EXT.1 Extended: Protection of Data on Disk

1

FDP_DSK_EXT.1 Extended: Protection of Data on Disk, requires the TSF to encrypt all the Confidential TSF and User Data stored on the Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Devices in order to avoid storing these data in plaintext on the devices.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FDP_DSK_EXT.1 | Protection of Data on Disk |
|------------------|--|
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | FCS_COP.1(d) Cryptographic operation (AES Data |
| | Encryption/Decryption) |

FDP_DSK_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall [selection: *perform encryption in accordance with FCS_COP.1(d), use a self-encrypting Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Device that is separately CC certified to conform to the FDE EE cPP*] such that any Field- Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Device contains no plaintext User Document Data and no plaintext confidential TSF Data.

FDP_DSK_EXT.1.2 The TSF shall encrypt all protected data without user intervention.

Rationale:

Extended: Protection of Data on Disk is to specify that encryption of any confidential data without user intervention, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the Protection of Data on Disk.

This extended component protects the Data on Disk, and it is therefore placed in the FDP class with a single component.

FDP_FXS_EXT Extended: Fax Separation

Family Behavior:

This family addresses the requirements for separation between PSTN fax line and the LAN to which TOE is connected.

Component leveling:

FDP FXS EXT.1 Extended: Fax Separation

1

FDP_FXS_EXT.1 Fax Separation, requires the fax interface cannot be used to create a network bridge between a PSTN and the LAN to which TOE is connected.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FDP_FXS_EXT.1 | Fax separation | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Hierarchical to: | | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | | No dependencies. |

FDP_FXS_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall prohibit communication via the fax interface, except transmitting or receiving User Data using fax protocols.

Rationale:

Fax Separation is to protect a LAN against attack from PSTN line, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the Protection of TSF or User Data.

This extended component protects the TSF Data or User Data, and it is therefore placed in the FDP class with a single component.

5.1.4. Class FIA: Identification and Authentication

FIA_PMG_EXT Extended: Password Management

Family Behavior:

This family defines requirements for the attributes of passwords used by administrative users to ensure that strong passwords and passphrases can be chosen and maintained.

Component leveling:

| | | 1 |
|---|-------|---|
| FIA PMG EXT.1 Extended: Password Management | 1 | |
| | | 1 |

FIA_PMG_EXT.1 Password management requires the TSF to support passwords with varying composition requirements, minimum lengths, maximum lifetime, and similarity constraints.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FIA_PMG_EXT.1 | Password management |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. |

FIA_PMG_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall provide the following password management capabilities for User passwords:

Passwords shall be able to be composed of any combination of upper and lower case letters, numbers, and the following special characters: [selection: "!", "@", "#", "\$", "%", "\", "&", "*", "(", ")", [assignment: other characters]];

Minimum password length shall be settable by an Administrator, and have the capability to require passwords of 15 characters or greater.

Rationale:

Password Management is to ensure the strong authentication between the endpoints of communication, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the Password Management.

This extended component protects the TOE by means of password management, and it is therefore placed in the FIA class with a single component.

5.1.5. Class FPT: Protection of the TSF

FPT_KYP_EXT Extended: Protection of Key and Key Material

Family Behavior:

This family addresses the requirements for keys and key materials to be protected if and when written to nonvolatile storage.

Component leveling:

FPT_KYP_EXT.1 Extended: Protection of key and key material

FPT_KYP_EXT.1 Extended: Protection of key and key material, requires the TSF to ensure that no plaintext key or key materials are written to nonvolatile storage.

1

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FPT_KYP_EXT.1 | Protection of Key and Key Material |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. |

FPT_KYP_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall not store plaintext keys that are part of the keychain specified by FCS_KYC_EXT.1 in any Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Device, and not store any such plaintext key on a device that uses the key for its encryption.

Rationale:

Protection of Key and Key Material is to ensure that no plaintext key or key material are written to nonvolatile storage, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the protection of key and key material.

This extended component protects the TSF data, and it is therefore placed in the FPT class with a single component.

FPT_SKP_EXT Extended: Protection of TSF Data

Family Behavior:

This family addresses the requirements for managing and protecting the TSF data, such as cryptographic keys. This is a new family modelled as the FPT Class.

Component leveling:

| FP1_SKP_EX1.1 Extended: Protection of TSF Data 1 | FPT_SKP_EXT.1 Extended: Protection of TSF Data | | 1 | |
|--|--|--|---|--|
|--|--|--|---|--|

FPT_SKP_EXT.1 Protection of TSF Data (for reading all symmetric keys), requires preventing symmetric keys from being read by any user or subject. It is the only component of this family.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

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• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FPT_SKP_EXT.1 | Protection of TSF Data |
|------------------|------------------------|
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. |

FPT_SKP_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall prevent reading of all pre-shared keys, symmetric keys, and private keys.

Rationale:

Protection of TSF Data is to ensure the pre-shared keys, symmetric keys and private keys are protected securely, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the protection of such TSF data.

This extended component protects the TOE by means of strong authentication using Pre- shared Key, and it is therefore placed in the FPT class with a single component.

FPT_TST_EXT Extended: TSF testing

Family Behavior:

This family addresses the requirements for self-testing the TSF for selected correct operation.

Component leveling:

FPT TST EXT.1 Extended: TSF testing

FPT_TST_EXT.1 TSF testing requires a suite of self-testing to be run during initial start-up in order to demonstrate correct operation of the TSF.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FPT_TST_EXT.1 | TSF testing | |
|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Hierarchical to: | | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | | No dependencies. |

FPT_TST_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall run a suite of self-tests during initial start-up (and power on) to demonstrate the correct operation of the TSF.

1

Rationale:

TSF testing is to ensure the TSF can be operated correctly, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the TSF testing. There is no SFR defined for TSF testing. This extended component protects the TOE, and it is therefore placed in the FPT class with a single component.

FPT_TUD_EXT Extended: Trusted Update

Family Behavior:

This family defines requirements for the TSF to ensure that only administrators can update the TOE firmware/software, and that such firmware/software is authentic.

Component leveling:

 FPT TUD EXT.1 Extended: Trusted Update
 1

FPT_TUD_EXT.1 Trusted Update, ensures authenticity and access control for updates.

Management:

The following actions could be considered for the management functions in FMT:

• There are no management actions foreseen.

Audit:

The following actions should be auditable if FAU_GEN Security Audit Data Generation is included in the PP/ST:

• There are no auditable events foreseen.

| FPT_TUD_EXT.1 | Trusted Update | |
|------------------|----------------|--|
| Hierarchical to: | | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | | [FCS_COP.1(b) Cryptographic Operation (for |
| | | signature generation/verification), or |
| | | FCS_COP.1(c) Cryptographic operation (Hash |
| | | Algorithm)]. |

FPT_TUD_EXT.1.1 The TSF shall provide authorized administrators the ability to query the current version of the TOE firmware/software.

FPT_TUD_EXT.1.2 The TSF shall provide authorized administrators the ability to initiate updates to TOE firmware/software.

FPT_TUD_EXT.1.3 The TSF shall provide a means to verify firmware/software updates to the TOE using a digital signature mechanism and [selection: *published hash, no other functions*] prior to installing those updates.

Rationale:

Firmware/software is a form of TSF Data, and the Common Criteria does not provide a suitable SFR for the management of firmware/software. In particular, there is no SFR defined for importing TSF Data.

This extended component protects the TOE, and it is therefore placed in the FPT class with a single component.

6.SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

This chapter describes the security functional requirements, security assurance requirements, and security requirement rational.

The definitions of terms used in this chapter are as follows.

6.1.Notation

Bold typeface indicates the portion of an SFR that has been completed or refined in HCD-PP, relative to the original SFR definition in Common Criteria Part 2 or to its Extended Component Definition.

Bold italic typeface indicates the portion of an SFR that has been partially completed or refined in HCD-PP. It also must be selected and/or completed in this ST.

<u>Underlined bold italic</u> typeface in parentheses that follows <u>underlined bold</u> typeface indicates the portion of an SFR that has been partially completed in HCD-PP and refined in this ST. *Italic* typeface indicates the text within an SFR that must be selected and/or completed in this ST. *Gray italic* typeface indicates the text within an SFR that has not been selected in this ST. <u>Underlined italic</u> typeface indicates the text within an SFR that has been assigned in this ST.

The definition of SFR components followed by (a), (b)... is as described in the PP. SFR components followed by (a1), (a2)... represent required iterations of iterations.

6.2. Security Functional Requirements

Security functional requirements provided by the TOE are described below.

6.2.1. Class FAU: Security Audit

| Audit data generation (for O.AUDIT) | |
|--|--|
| No other compone | ents. |
| FPT_STM.1 | Reliable time stamps |
| The TSF shall be able to generate an audit record of the following auditable events: a) Start-up and shutdown of the audit functions; b) All auditable events for the not specified level of aud and c) All auditable events specified in Table 11, [assignment: <i>no other auditable events</i>]. | |
| | (for O.AUDIT) No other compone FPT_STM.1 The TSF shall be following auditable a) Start-up and sh b) All auditable ev and c) All auditable e |

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FAU_GEN.1.2

The TSF shall record within each audit record at least the following information:

a) Date and time of the event, type of event, subject identity (if applicable), and the outcome (success or failure) of the event; and

b) For each audit event type, based on the auditable
event definitions of the functional components included in
the PP/ST, additional information specified in Table 10,
[assignment: <u>no other relevant information</u>].

| Auditable Events | Relevant SFR | Additional Information |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Job completion | FDP_ACF.1 | Type of job |
| Unsuccessful User authentication | FIA_UAU.1 | None |
| Unsuccessful User identification | FIA_UID.1 | None |
| Use of management functions | FMT_SMF.1 | None |
| Modification to the group of Users that are part of a role | FMT_SMR.1 | None |
| Changes to the time | FPT_STM.1 | None |
| Failure to establish session | FTP_ITC.1, | Reason for |
| | FTP_TRP.1(a), FTP_TRP.1(b) | failure |

| FAU_GEN.2 | User identity association | |
|------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | (for O.AUDIT) | |
| | | |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | |
| Dependencies: | FAU_GEN.1 | Audit data generation |
| | FIA_UID.1 Timing | of identification |
| | | |
| FAU_GEN.2.1 | | sulting from actions of identified users, |
| | | ble to associate each auditable event |
| | with the identity of | the user that caused the event. |
| FAU_SAR.1 | Audit review | |
| - | (for O.AUDIT) | |
| | · · · · | |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | |
| Dependencies: | FAU_GEN.1 | Audit data generation |

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| FAU_SAR.1.1 | The TSF shall provide [assignment: <i>U.ADMIN</i>] with the capability to read all records from the audit records. | |
|------------------|---|--|
| FAU_SAR.1.2 | The TSF shall provide the audit records in a manner suitable for the user to interpret the information. | |
| FAU_SAR.2 | Restricted audit review (for O.AUDIT) | |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | |
| Dependencies: | FAU_SAR.1 Audit review | |
| FAU_SAR.2.1 | The TSF shall prohibit all users read access to the audit records, except those users that have been granted explicit read-access. | |
| FAU_STG.1 | Protected audit trail storage (for O.AUDIT) | |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | |
| Dependencies: | FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation | |
| FAU_STG.1.1 | The TSF shall protect the stored audit records in the audit trail from unauthorised deletion. | |
| FAU_STG.1.2 | The TSF shall be able to prevent unauthorised modifications to the stored audit records in the audit trail. | |
| FAU_STG.4 | Prevention of audit data loss (for O.AUDIT) | |
| Hierarchical to: | FAU STG.3 Action in case of possible audit data loss | |
| Dependencies: | FAU_STG.1 Protected audit trail storage | |
| FAU_STG.4.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall [selection, choose one of: "ignore audited events", "prevent audited events, except those taken by the authorised user with special rights", "overwrite the oldest stored audit records"] and [assignment: <u>no other actions to be taken</u>] if the audit trail is full. | |
| FAU_STG_EXT.1 | Extended: External Audit Trail Storage (for O.AUDIT) | |
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| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Dependencies: | FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation, | | | |
| | FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel. | | | |
| FAU_STG_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall be able to transmit the generated audit data to an External IT Entity using a trusted channel according to FTP_ITC.1. | | | |

6.2.2. Class FCS: Cryptographic Support

| FCS_CKM.1(a) | Cryptographic Key Generation (for asymmetric keys) (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION) |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. [FCS_COP.1(b) Cryptographic Operation (for signature generation/verification), or FCS_COP.1(i) Cryptographic operation (Key Transport)] FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction |
| FCS_CKM.1.1(a) | Refinement: The TSF shall generate asymmetric cryptographic keys used for key establishment in accordance with [selection: NIST Special Publication 800-56A, "Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key Establishment Schemes Using Discrete Logarithm Cryptography" for finite field-based key establishment schemes; NIST Special Publication 800-56A, "Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key Establishment Schemes Using Discrete Logarithm Cryptography" for elliptic curve-based key establishment schemes and implementing "NIST curves" P-256, P-384 and [selection: P-521, no other curves] (as defined in FIPS PUB 186-4, "Digital Signature Standard") NIST Special Publication 800-56B, "Recommendation for Pair-Wise Key Establishment Schemes Using Integer Factorization Cryptography" for RSA-based key establishment schemes |

] and specified cryptographic key sizes equivalent to, or greater than, a symmetric key strength of 112 bits.

| FCS_CKM.1(b) | Cryptographic key generation (Symmetric Keys) (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION, O.STORAGE_ENCRYPTION) | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. [FCS_COP.1(a) Cryptographic Operation (Symmetric encryption/decryption), or FCS_COP.1(d) Cryptographic Operation (AES Data Encryption/Decryption), or FCS_COP.1(e) Cryptographic Operation (Key Wrapping), or FCS_COP.1(f) Cryptographic operation (Key Encryption), or FCS_COP.1(g) Cryptographic Operation (for keyed-hash message authentication), or FCS_COP.1(h) Cryptographic Operation (for keyed-hash message authentication)] FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction FCS_RBG_EXT.1 Extended: Cryptographic Operation (Random Bit Generation) | | |
| FCS_CKM.1.1(b) | Refinement: The TSF shall generate symmetric cryptographic keys using a Random Bit Generator as specified in FCS_RBG_EXT.1 and specified cryptographic key sizes [selection: <i>128-bit</i> , <i>256-bit</i>] that meet the following: No Standard. | | |
| FCS_CKM.4 | Cryptographic key destruction (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION, O.STORAGE_ENCRYPTION, O.PURGE_DATA) | | |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. [FCS_CKM.1(a) Cryptographic Key Generation (for asymmetric keys), or FCS_CKM.1(b) Cryptographic key generation (Symmetric Keys)] | | |
| FCS_CKM.4.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall destroy cryptographic keys in accordance with a specified cryptographic key destruction method [selection: | | |

For volatile memory, the destruction shall be executed by [selection: powering off a device, [assignment: other mechanism that ensures keys are destroyed]].

For nonvolatile storage, the destruction shall be executed by a [selection: single, three or more times] overwrite of key data storage location consisting of [selection: a pseudo random pattern using the TSF's RBG (as specified in FCS_RBG_EXT.1), a static pattern], followed by a [selection: read-verify, none]. If read-verification of the overwritten data fails, the process shall be repeated again;

] that meets the following: [selection: *NIST SP800-88, no standard*].

| FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | Cryptographic Key Material Destruction |
|---------------|--|
| | (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION, |
| | O.STORAGE_ENCRYPTION, O.PURGE_DATA) |

| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
|------------------|--|
| Dependencies: | [FCS_CKM.1(a) Cryptographic Key Generation (for |
| | asymmetric keys), or |
| | FCS_CKM.1(b) Cryptographic key generation (Symmetric |
| | Keys)], |
| | FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction |

FCS_CKM_EXT.4.1The TSF shall destroy all plaintext secret and private
cryptographic keys and cryptographic critical security
parameters when no longer needed.

FCS_COP.1(a) Cryptographic Operation (Symmetric encryption/decryption) (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION)

 Hierarchical to:
 No other components.

 Dependencies:
 FCS_CKM.1(b) Cryptographic key generation (Symmetric Keys)

 FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction

| FCS_COP.1.1(a) | Refinement: The TSF shall perform encryption and decryption in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm AES operating in [assignment: <u>CBC, GCM]</u> and cryptographic key sizes 128-bits and 256-bits that meets the following: FIPS PUB 197, "Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)" [Selection: NIST SP 800-38A, NIST SP 800-38B, NIST SP 800-38C, NIST SP 800-38D] |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| FCS_COP.1(b1) | Cryptographic Operation (for signature generation/verification) (for O.UPDATE VERIFICATION) |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FCS_CKM.1(a) Cryptographic Key Generation (for asymmetric keys) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction |
| FCS_COP.1.1(b1) | Refinement: The TSF shall perform cryptographic signature services in accordance with a [selection: -Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) with key sizes (modulus) of [assignment: 2048 bits or greater], RSA Digital Signature Algorithm (rDSA) with key sizes (modulus) of [assignment: 2048 bits or greater], or -Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA) with key sizes of [assignment: 256 bits or greater]] that meets the following [selection: Case: Digital Signature Algorithm FIPS PUB 186-4, "Digital Signature Standard" Case: RSA Digital Signature Standard" Case: Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm FIPS PUB 186-4, "Digital Signature Standard" The TSF shall implement "NIST curves" P-256, P384 and [selection: P521, no other curves] (as defined in FIPS PUB 186-4, "Digital Signature Standard").]. |
| FCS_COP.1(b2) | Cryptographic Operation (for signature generation/verification) (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION) |

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| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FCS_CKM.1(a) Cryptographic Key Generation (for asymmetric keys) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| FCS_COP.1.1(b2) | Refinement: The TSF shall perform cryptographic signature services in accordance with a [selection: <i>-Digital Signature Algorithm (DSA) with key sizes</i> (modulus) of [assignment: 2048 bits or greater], RSA Digital Signature Algorithm (rDSA) with key sizes (modulus) of [assignment: 2048 bits, 3072 bits], or <i>-Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA)</i> with key sizes of [assignment: 256 bits, 384bits, <i>521bits]</i>] that meets the following [selection: <i>Case: Digital Signature Algorithm FIPS PUB</i> 186-4, <i>"Digital Signature Standard"</i> <i>Case: RSA Digital Signature Algorithm FIPS PUB</i> 186- <i>4, "Digital Signature Standard"</i> <i>Case: Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm FIPS PUB</i> 186- <i>4, "Digital Signature Standard"</i> <i>The TSF shall implement "NIST curves" P-256, P384</i> and [selection: P521, no other curves] (as defined in <i>FIPS PUB</i> 186-4, <i>"Digital Signature Standard"</i> .]. | | |
| FCS_COP.1(c1) | Cryptographic operation (Hash Algorithm) (selected in FPT_TUD_EXT.1.3, or with FCS_SNI_EXT.1.1) | | |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. No dependencies. | | |
| FCS_COP.1.1(c1) | Refinement: The TSF shall perform cryptographic hashing services in accordance with [selection: SHA-1, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512] that meet the following: [ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004]. | | |
| FCS_COP.1(c2) | Cryptographic operation (Hash Algorithm) (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION) | | |

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| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. | | |
| FCS_COP.1.1(c2) | Refinement: The TSF shall perform cryptographic hashing services in accordance with [selection: SHA-1, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512] that meet the following: [ISO/IEC 10118-3:2004]. | | |
| FCS_COP.1(d) | Cryptographic operation (AES Data Encryption/Decryption) (for O. STORAGE_ENCRYPTION) | | |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FCS_CKM.1(b) Cryptographic key generation (Symmetric Keys)] FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction | | |
| FCS_COP.1.1(d) | The TSF shall perform data encryption and decryption in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm AES used in [selection: <i>CBC, GCM, XTS</i>] mode and cryptographic key sizes [selection: 128 bits, 256 bits] that meet the following: AES as specified in ISO/IEC 18033-3, [selection: <i>CBC as specified in ISO/IEC</i> 10116, GCM as specified in ISO/IEC 19772, and XTS as specified in IEEE1619]. | | |
| FCS_COP.1(f) | Cryptographic operation (Key Encryption) (selected from FCS_KYC_EXT.1.1) | | |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FCS_CKM.1(b) Cryptographic key generation (Symmetric Keys) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction | | |
| FCS_COP.1.1(f) | Refinement: The TSF shall perform key encryption and decryption in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm AES used in [[selection: <i>CBC, GCM</i>] mode] and cryptographic key sizes [selection: <i>128 bits, 256</i> <i>bits</i>] that meet the following: [AES as specified in ISO / IEC 18033-3, [selection: <i>CBC as specified in ISO/IEC</i> <i>10116, GCM as specified in ISO/IEC 19772</i>]. | | |

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| FCS_COP.1(g) | Cryptographic Operation (for keyed-hash message authentication) (selected with FCS_IPSEC_EXT.1.4) | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FCS_CKM.1(b) Cryptographic key generation (Symmetric Keys) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Extended: Cryptographic Key Material Destruction | | |
| FCS_COP.1.1(g) | Refinement: The TSF shall perform keyed-hash message authentication in accordance with a specified cryptographic algorithm HMAC-[selection: <i>SHA-1, SHA-</i> <i>224, SHA-256, SHA-384, SHA-512</i>], key size [assignment: <u>160, 256, 384</u>], and message digest sizes [selection: 160, 224, 256, 384, 512] bits that meet the following: FIPS PUB 198-1, "The Keyed-Hash Message Authentication Code, and FIPS PUB 180-3, "Secure Hash Standard." | | |
| FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 | HTTPS selected (selected in FTP_ITC.1.1, FTP_TRP.1.1) | | |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FCS_TLS_EXT.1 Extended: TLS selected | | |
| FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall implement the HTTPS protocol that complies with RFC 2818. | | |
| FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1.2 | The TSF shall implement HTTPS using TLS as specified in FCS_TLS_EXT.1. | | |
| FCS_KYC_EXT.1 | Key Chaining (for O.STORAGE_ENCRYPTION) | | |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. [FCS_COP.1(e) Cryptographic operation (Key Wrapping), or FCS_SMC_EXT.1 Extended: Submask Combining, or FCS_COP.1(f) Cryptographic operation (Key Encryption), or | | |

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FCS KDF EXT.1 Cryptographic Operation (Key Derivation), and/or FCS COP.1(i) Cryptographic operation (Key Transport)] FCS KYC EXT.1.1 The TSF shall maintain a key chain of: [selection: one, using a submask as the BEV or DEK; intermediate keys originating from one or more submask(s) to the BEV or DEK using the following method(s): [selection: key wrapping as specified in FCS COP.1(e), key combining as specified in FCS SMC EXT.1, key encryption as specified in FCS_COP.1(f), key derivation as specified in FCS KDF EXT.1, key transport as specified in FCS_COP.1(i)]] while maintaining an effective strength of [selection: 128 bits, 256 bits]. FCS_RBG_EXT.1 **Cryptographic Operation (Random Bit Generation)** (for O.STORAGE ENCRYPTION and **O.COMMS PROTECTION)** Hierarchical to: No other components. Dependencies: No dependencies. FCS RBG EXT.1.1 The TSF shall perform all deterministic random bit generation services in accordance with [selection: ISO/IEC 18031:2011, NIST SP 800-90A] using [selection: Hash DRBG (any), HMAC DRBG (any), CTR DRBG (AES)]. FCS RBG EXT.1.2 The deterministic RBG shall be seeded by at least one entropy source that accumulates entropy from [selection: [assignment: 1] software-based noise source(s), [assignment: number of hardware-based sources] hardware-based noise source(s)] with a minimum of [selection: 128 bits, 256 bits] of entropy at least equal to the greatest security strength, according to ISO/IEC18031:2011 Table C.1 "Security Strength Table for Hash Functions", of the keys and hashes that it will generate. FCS_TLS_EXT.1 **TLS** selected (selected in FTP ITC.1.1, FTP TRP.1.1) Hierarchical to: No other components. - 40 -

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| Dependencies: | FCS_CKM.1(a) Cryptographic Key Generation (for asymmetric keys) FCS_COP.1(a) Cryptographic Operation (Symmetric encryption/decryption) FCS_COP.1(b) Cryptographic Operation (for signature generation/verification) FCS_COP.1(c) Cryptographic Operation (Hash Algorithm) FCS_COP.1(g) Cryptographic Operation (for keyed-hash message authentication) FCS_RBG_EXT.1 Extended: Cryptographic Operation (Random Bit Generation) |
|-----------------|---|
| FCS_TLS_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall implement one or more of the following protocols [selection: <i>TLS 1.0 (RFC 2246), TLS 1.1 (RFC 4346), TLS 1.2 (RFC 5246)</i>] supporting the following cipher suites: |
| | Mandatory Ciphersuites: |
| | TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA |
| | Optional Ciphersuites: |
| | [selection: |
| | None |
| | TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA |
| | TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA |
| | TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 |
| | TLS RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA256 |
| | TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 |
| | TLS_DHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256 |
| | TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA |
| | TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA |
| | TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA |
| | TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA |
| | TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 |
| | TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 |
| | TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 |
| | TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 |
| | TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 |
| | TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 |
| | TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256 |
| | TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384 |
| |]. |

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6.2.3. Class FDP: User Data Protection

| FDP_ACC.1 | Subset access control (for O.ACCESS_CONTROL and O.USER_AUTHORIZATION) | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other compone FDP_ACF.1 control | ents. Security attribute-based access | | | |
| FDP_ACC.1.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall enforce the User Data Access Control SFP on subjects, objects, and operations among subjects and objects specified in Table 12 and Table 13 . | | | | |
| FDP_ACF.1 | Security attribute-based access control (for O.ACCESS_CONTROL and O.USER_AUTHORIZATION) | | | | |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other compone FDP_ACC.1 FMT_MSA.3 | ents. Subset access control Static attribute initialization | | | |
| FDP_ACF.1.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall enforce the User Data Access Control SFP to objects based on the following: subjects, objects, and attributes specified in Table 12 and Table 13. | | | | |
| FDP_ACF.1.2 | Refinement: The TSF shall enforce the following rules to determine if an operation among controlled subjects and controlled objects is allowed: <i>rules governing access among controlled subjects and controlled objects using controlled operations on controlled objects specified in Table 11 and Table 12</i> . | | | | |
| FDP_ACF.1.3 | | SF shall explicitly authorize access of based on the following additional rules: | | | |
| FDP_ACF.1.4 | Refinement: The TSF shall explicitly deny access of subjects to objects based on the following additional rules: [assignment: <u>none]</u> . | | | | |
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| | | "Create" | "Read" | "Modify" | "Delete" |
|----------|---------------------|---------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| | Operation: | Submit a | View image | Modify | Delete |
| | | document to | or Release | stored | stored |
| Print | | be printed | printed | document | document |
| | | | output | | |
| | Job owner | (note 1) | | denied | |
| | U.ADMIN | | | denied | |
| | U.NORMAL | | denied | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate d | denied | denied | denied | denied |
| Scan | Operation: | Submit a | View | Modify | Delete |
| Courr | operation. | document for | scanned | stored | stored |
| | | scanning | image | image | image |
| | Job owner | (note 2) | intage | initigo | iniugo |
| | U.ADMIN | | | | |
| | U.NORMAL | | denied | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate | denied | denied | denied | denied |
| | d | | | | |
| Сору | Operation: | Submit a | View | Modify | Delete |
| | | document for | scanned | stored | stored |
| | | copying | image or | image | image |
| | | | Release | | |
| | | | printed copy | | |
| | | | output | | |
| | Job owner | (note 2) | | | |
| | U.ADMIN | | | | |
| | U.NORMAL | | denied | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate | denied | denied | denied | denied |
| | d | | | | |
| Fax send | Operation: | Submit a | View | Modify | Delete |
| | | document to | scanned | stored | stored |
| | | send as a fax | image | image | image |
| | Job owner | (note 2) | | | |
| | U.ADMIN | | | | |
| | U.NORMAL | | denied | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate | denied | denied | denied | denied |
| _ | d | | | | |
| Fax | Operation: | Receive a fax | View fax | Modify | Delete |
| receive | | and store it | image or | image of | image of |
| | | | Release | received | received |
| | | | | fax | fax |

Table 11 D.USER.DOC Access Control SFP

| | | | printed fax output | | |
|-----------|----------------|----------|-----------------------|----------|----------|
| | Fax owner | (note 3) | | denied | |
| | U.ADMIN | (note 4) | | denied | |
| | U.NORMAL | (note 4) | denied | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate | (note 4) | denied | denied | denied |
| | d | | | | |
| Storage/R | Operation: | Store | Retrieve | Modify | Delete |
| etrieval | | document | stored | stored | stored |
| | | | document | document | document |
| | Job owner | (note 1) | | denied | |
| | U.ADMIN | | (note 5) | denied | (note 5) |
| | U.NORMAL | | denied | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate | denied | denied | denied | denied |
| | d | | | | |

Table 12 D.USER.JOB Access Control SFP

| | | "Create" * | "Read" | "Modify" | "Delete" |
|-------|---------------------|------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Operation: | Create print job | View print | Modify | Cancel |
| | | | queue/log | print job | print job |
| Print | Job owner | (note 1) | | | |
| | U.ADMIN | | | | |
| | U.NORMAL | | | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate d | denied | denied | denied | denied |
| Scan | Operation: | Create scan job | View scan | Modify | Cancel |
| | | | status/log | scan job | scan job |
| | Job owner | (note 2) | | denied | |
| | U.ADMIN | | | denied | |
| | U.NORMAL | | | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate | denied | denied | denied | denied |
| | d | | | | |
| Сору | Operation: | Create copy job | View copy | Modify | Cancel |
| | | | status/log | copy job | copy job |
| | Job owner | (note 2) | | | |
| | U.ADMIN | | | denied | |
| | U.NORMAL | | | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate d | denied | denied | denied | denied |

| Fax send | Operation: | Create fax send | View fax | Modify fax | Cancel |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| | | job | job | send job | fax send |
| | | - | status/log | | job |
| | Job owner | (note 2) | | denied | |
| | U.ADMIN | | | denied | |
| | U.NORMAL | | | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate d | denied | denied | denied | denied |
| Fax receive | Operation: | Create fax receive job | View fax receive status/log | Modify fax receive job | Cancel fax receive job |
| | Fax owner | (note 3) | | denied | |
| | U.ADMIN | (note 4) | | denied | |
| | U.NORMAL | (note 4) | | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate d | (note 4) | denied | denied | denied |
| Storage/R etrieval | Operation: | Create storage / retrieval job | View storage / retrieval log | Modify storage / retrieval job | Cancel storage / retrieval job |
| | Job owner | (note 1) | | denied | |
| | U.ADMIN | | | denied | |
| | U.NORMAL | | | denied | denied |
| | Unauthenticate d | denied | denied | denied | denied |

Note 1: Job Owner is identified by a credential or assigned to an authorized User as part of the process of submitting a print or storage Job.

Note 2: Job Owner is assigned to an authorized User as part of the process of initiating a scan, copy, fax send, or retrieval Job.

Note 3: Job Owner of receiving faxes is assigned to KO by default. Ownership of received faxes is assigned to SA.

Note 4: PSTN faxes are received from outside of the TOE, they are not initiated by Users of the TOE.

Note 5: Key Operator can operate the Document/Job of all users, while SA can operate the Document/Job of his/her own only.

| FDP_DSK_EXT.1 | Protection of Data on Disk (for O.STORAGE_ENCRYPTION) |
|------------------|--|
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| | |

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| Dependencies: | FCS_COP.1(d) Cryptographic operation (AES Data Encryption/Decryption). |
|------------------|--|
| FDP_DSK_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall [selection: perform encryption in accordance with FCS_COP.1(d), use a self-encrypting Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Device that is separately CC certified to conform to the FDE EE cPP], such that any Field- Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Device contains no plaintext User Document Data and no plaintext Confidential TSF Data. |
| FDP_DSK_EXT.1.2 | The TSF shall encrypt all protected data without user intervention. |
| FDP_FXS_EXT.1 | Fax separation |
| | (for O.FAX_NET_SEPARATION) |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. |
| FDP_FXS_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall prohibit communication via the fax interface, except transmitting or receiving User Data using fax protocols. |
| FDP_RIP.1(a) | Subset residual information protection (for O.IMAGE_OVERWRITE) |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. |
| FDP_RIP.1.1(a) | Refinement: The TSF shall ensure that any previous information content of a resource is made unavailable by overwriting data upon the deallocation of the resource from the following objects: D.USER.DOC . |
| | |

6.2.4. Class FIA: Identification and Authentication

| FIA_AFL.1 | Authentication failure handling (for O.USER_I&A) | |
|------------------|--|--------------------------|
| Hierarchical to: | No other compone | ents. |
| Dependencies: | FIA_UAU.1 | Timing of authentication |

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| FIA_AFL.1.1 | The TSF shall detect when [selection: [assignment: positive integer number], an administrator configurable positive integer within [assignment: <u>1 - 10</u>]] unsuccessful authentication attempts occur related to [assignment: <u>User authentication (with local authentication)</u>]. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| FIA_AFL.1.2 | When the defined number of unsuccessful authentication attempts has been [selection: met, surpassed], the TSF shall [assignment: <i>Identification and authentication of relevant user is inhibited until TOE is cycled.</i>]. |
| FIA_ATD.1 | User attribute definition (for O.USER_AUTHORIZATION) |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. No dependencies. |
| FIA_ATD.1.1 | The TSF shall maintain the following list of security attributes belonging to individual users: [assignment: <u>User</u>]. |
| FIA_PMG_EXT.1 | Password Management (for O.USER_I&A) |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. |
| FIA_PMG_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall provide the following password management capabilities for user passwords: Passwords shall be able to be composed of any combination of upper and lower case letters, numbers, and the following special characters: [selection: "!", "@", "#", "\$", "%", "^", "&", "*", "(", ")", [assignment: "(space)", "", "", "", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", " |
| FIA_UAU.1 | Timing of authentication (for O.USER_I&A) |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. - 47 – Copyright [©] 2023 by FUJIFILM Business Innovation Corp. |

| Dependencies: | FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| FIA_UAU.1.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall allow [assignment: <u>storing the</u> <u>fax data received from public telephone line</u>] on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is authenticated. | | |
| FIA_UAU.1.2 | The TSF shall require each user to be successfully authenticated before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user. | | |
| FIA_UAU.7 | Protected authentication feedback (for O.USER_I&A) | | |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication | | |
| FIA_UAU.7.1 | The TSF shall provide only [assignment: •] to the user while the authentication is in progress. | | |
| FIA_UID.1 | Timing of identification (for O.USER_I&A and O.ADMIN_ROLES) | | |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | | |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. | | |
| FIA_UID.1.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall allow [assignment: <u>storing the</u> <u>fax data received from public telephone line</u>] on behalf of the user to be performed before the user is identified. | | |
| FIA_UID.1.2 | The TSF shall require each user to be successfully identified before allowing any other TSF-mediated actions on behalf of that user. | | |
| FIA_USB.1 | User-subject binding (for O.USER_I&A) | | |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | | |
| Dependencies: | FIA_ATD.1 User attribute definition | | |
| FIA_USB.1.1 | The TSF shall associate the following user security attributes with subjects acting on the behalf of that user: [assignment: <u>User Identifier, User Role</u>]. | | |

| FIA_USB.1.2 | The TSF shall enforce the following rules on the initial association of user security attributes with subjects acting on the behalf of users: [assignment: <i>none</i>]. |
|-------------------|--|
| FIA_USB.1.3 | The TSF shall enforce the following rules governing changes to the user security attributes associated with subjects acting on the behalf of users: [assignment: <u>none</u>]. |
| 6.2.5. Class FMT: | Security Management |
| FMT_MOF.1 | Management of security functions behavior (for O.ADMIN_ROLES) |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | FMT_SMR.1 Security roles |
| | FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions |
| FMT_MOF.1.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall restrict the ability to [selection: <i>determine the behavior of, disable, enable, modify the behavior of</i>] the functions [assignment: <u>List of security functions in Table 13</u>] to U.ADMIN . |

Table 13 List of Security Functions

| Function | Operation |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| User Authentication | <u>enable, disable</u> |
| Auditing | <u>enable, disable,</u> |
| | modify the behavior |
| Trusted communications | <u>enable, disable,</u> |
| | modify the behavior |
| Storage Data Encryption | <u>enable, disable</u> |
| Overwrite Storage | <u>enable, disable,</u> |
| | modify the behavior |
| Firmware update | <u>enable, disable</u> |
| <u>Self Test</u> | <u>enable, disable</u> |

FMT_MSA.1

Management of security attributes

(for O.ACCESS_CONTROL and O.USER_AUTHORIZATION)

| Hierarchical to: | No other components. | |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Dependencies: | FDP_ACC.1 | Subset access control |
| | FMT_SMR.1 | Security roles |

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FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

 FMT_MSA.1.1
 Refinement: The TSF shall enforce the User Data Access

 Control SFP to restrict the ability to [selection:

 change_default, query, modify, delete, [assignment:

 creation]
 the security attributes [assignment:

 attributes listed in Table 14]
 to [assignment:

 listed in Table 14].

Table 14 Security Attributes and Authorized Roles

| Security attributes | Operation | Role |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| User identifier (Key Operator case) | <u>modify</u> | <u>Key Operator</u> |
| User identifier (General case) | <u>modify,</u> | <u>U.ADMIN</u> |
| | <u>delete, creation</u> | |
| User Role (Key Operator case) | <u>query</u> | Key Operator |
| User Role (General case) | <u>query, modify</u> | <u>U.ADMIN</u> |
| Folder Selector for Fax receive | <u>query, modify</u> | <u>U.ADMIN</u> |

| FMT_MSA.3 | Static attribute initialization (for O.ACCESS_CONTROL and O.USER_AUTHORIZATION) |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FMT_MSA.1 Management of security attributes FMT_SMR.1 Security roles |
| FMT_MSA.3.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall enforce the User Data Access Control SFP to provide [selection, choose one of: <i>restrictive, permissive, [assignment: none]</i>] default values for security attributes that are used to enforce the SFP. |
| FMT_MSA.3.2 | Refinement: The TSF shall allow the [selection: <i>U.ADMIN,</i> no role] to specify alternative initial values to override the default values when an object or information is created. |
| FMT_MTD.1 | Management of TSF data (for O.ACCESS CONTROL) |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. FMT_SMR.1 Security roles FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions |

Refinement: The TSF shall restrict the ability to **perform** the specified operations on the specified TSF Data to the roles specified in Table 15.

Table 15 Management of TSF Data

| Data | Operation | Authorized Role(s) |
|--|----------------------|---|
| TSF Data owned by U.NORMAL or associated with documents or jobs owned by U.NORMAL. | | |
| U.NORMAL password | <u>modify</u> | U.ADMIN, the owning U.NORMAL. |
| TSF Data not owned by a U.NORM | AL | |
| Key Operator password | <u>modify</u> | U.Admin (<u>Key</u> <u>Operator</u>) |
| <u>SA password</u> | <u>modify</u> | U.ADMIN |
| <u>Data on use of password entered</u> from MFD control panel in user authentication | <u>query, modify</u> | U.ADMIN |
| <u>Data on minimum user password</u> <u>length</u> | <u>query, modify</u> | U.ADMIN |
| Data on Private Charge Print | query, modify | U.ADMIN |
| Data on access denial due to authentication failure | <u>query, modify</u> | U.ADMIN |
| Data on Customer Engineer operation restriction | <u>query, modify</u> | U.ADMIN |
| Data on date and time | query, modify | U.ADMIN |
| <u>Data on Auto Clear</u> | query, modify | U.ADMIN |
| Data on Report Print | query, modify | U.ADMIN |
| Software, firmware, and related co | onfiguration data | |
| <u>Controller ROM,</u> <u>Fax ROM</u> | <u>modify</u> | U.ADMIN |

FMT_SMF.1

Specification of Management Functions

(for O.USER_AUTHORIZATION, O.ACCESS_CONTROL, and O.ADMIN_ROLES)

Hierarchical to:No other components.Dependencies:No dependencies.

FMT_SMF.1.1

The TSF shall be capable of performing the following management functions: [assignment: <u>Security</u> <u>Management Functions listed in Table 16</u>].

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| Management Functions | Operation |
|--|-----------------------|
| Registration of U.NORMAL/SA | query, modify, delete |
| | <u>creation</u> |
| Data on user authentication | <u>query, modify</u> |
| Key Operator identifier | <u>modify</u> |
| Key Operator password | <u>modify</u> |
| Data on use of password entered from | query, modify |
| MFD control panel in user authentication | |
| | |
| <u>Data on Private Charge Print</u> | <u>query, modify</u> |
| Data on trusted communications | <u>query, modify</u> |
| Data on date and time | <u>query, modify</u> |
| Data on auditing | <u>query, modify</u> |
| Data on storage data encryption | <u>query, modify</u> |
| Data on Overwrite Storage | <u>query, modify</u> |
| Data on Customer Engineer operation | <u>query, modify</u> |
| <u>restriction</u> | |
| <u>Data on Self Test</u> | <u>query, modify</u> |
| Data on access denial due to | <u>query, modify</u> |
| authentication failure | |
| Data on minimum user password length | <u>query, modify</u> |
| <u>Data on Auto Clear</u> | query, modify |
| Data on firmware update | query, modify |
| Data on Report Print | query, modify |
| Controller ROM, Fax ROM | <u>modify</u> |
| Folder Selector for Fax receive | query, modify |

Table 16 Security Management Functions

| FMT | SMR.1 |
|-----|-------|
| | |

Security roles

(for O.ACCESS_CONTROL, O.USER_AUTHORIZATION, and O.ADMIN_ROLES)

| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
|------------------|--|
| Dependencies: | FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification |
| FMT_SMR.1.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall maintain the roles <u>U.ADMIN</u> (<u>U.ADMIN, SA, Key Operator</u>), U.NORMAL. |
| FMT_SMR.1.2 | The TSF shall be able to associate users with roles. |

| 6.2.6. Class FPT: | Protection of the TSF |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| FPT_KYP_EXT.1 | Protection of Key and Key Material (for O.KEY_MATERIAL) |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. No dependencies. |
| FPT_KYP_EXT.1.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall not store plaintext keys that are part of the keychain specified by FCS_KYC_EXT.1 in any Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Device . |
| FPT_SKP_EXT.1 | Protection of TSF Data (for O.COMMS PROTECTION) |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. No dependencies. |
| FPT_SKP_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall prevent reading of all pre-shared keys, symmetric keys, and private keys. |
| FPT_STM.1 | Reliable time stamps (for O.AUDIT) |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. No dependencies. |
| FPT_STM.1.1 | The TSF shall be able to provide reliable time stamps. |
| FPT_TST_EXT.1 | TSF testing (for O.TSF_SELF_TEST) |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. No dependencies. |
| FPT_TST_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall run a suite of self-tests during initial start- up (and power on) to demonstrate the correct operation of the TSF. |
| FPT_TUD_EXT.1 | Trusted Update (for O.UPDATE_VERIFICATION) |
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |

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| Dependencies: | FCS_COP.1(b) Cryptographic Operation (for signature generation/verification), FCS_COP.1(c) Cryptographic operation (Hash Algorithm). |
|-----------------|--|
| FPT_TUD_EXT.1.1 | The TSF shall provide authorized administrators the ability to query the current version of the TOE firmware/software. |
| FPT_TUD_EXT.1.2 | The TSF shall provide authorized administrators the ability to initiate updates to TOE firmware/software. |
| FPT_TUD_EXT.1.3 | The TSF shall provide a means to verify firmware/software updates to the TOE using a digital signature mechanism and [selection: <i>published hash, no</i> <i>other functions</i>] prior to installing those updates. |

6.2.7. Class FTA: TOE Access

| FTA_SSL.3 | TSF-initiated termination (for O.USER_I&A) |
|------------------|--|
| Hierarchical to: | No other components. |
| Dependencies: | No dependencies. |
| FTA_SSL.3.1 | The TSF shall terminate an interactive session after a [assignment: <u>Auto Clear time for the control panel: 10 to 900 seconds</u> <u>Login timeout for the Web UI: one to 240 minutes</u> <u>There is no inactive time with printer driver</u>]. |

6.2.8. Class FTP: Trusted Paths/Channels

| FTP_ITC.1 | Inter-TSF trusted channel (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION, O.AUDIT) |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. [FCS_IPSEC_EXT.1 Extended: IPsec selected, or FCS_TLS_EXT.1 Extended: TLS selected, or FCS_SSH_EXT.1 Extended: SSH selected, or FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 Extended: HTTPS selected]. |

| FTP_ITC.1.1 | Refinement: The TSF shall use [selection: <i>IPsec, SSH, TLS, TLS/HTTPS</i>] to provide a trusted communication channel between itself and authorized IT entities supporting the following capabilities: [selection: <i>authentication server, [assignment: <u>Audit Log Server, Mail</u> <u>Server]</u>] that is logically distinct from other communication channels and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the channel data from disclosure and detection of modification of the channel data.</i> |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| FTP_ITC.1.2 | Refinement: The TSF shall permit the TSF, or the authorized IT entities , to initiate communication via the trusted channel |
| FTP_ITC.1.3 | Refinement: The TSF shall initiate communication via the trusted channel for [assignment: <i>mail service, and audit</i> |
| FTP_TRP.1(a) | Trusted path (for Administrators) (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION) |
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. [FCS_IPSEC_EXT.1 Extended: IPsec selected, or FCS_TLS_EXT.1 Extended: TLS selected, or FCS_SSH_EXT.1 Extended: SSH selected, or FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 Extended: HTTPS selected]. |
| FTP_TRP.1.1(a) | Refinement: The TSF shall use [selection, choose at least one of: <i>IPsec, SSH, TLS, TLS/HTTPS</i>] to provide a trusted communication path between itself and remote administrators that is logically distinct from other communication paths and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the communicated data from disclosure and detection of modification of the communicated data. |
| FTP_TRP.1.2(a) | Refinement: The TSF shall permit remote administrators to initiate communication via the trusted path |
| FTP_TRP.1.3(a) | Refinement: The TSF shall require the use of the trusted path for initial administrator authentication and all remote administration actions . |

| FTP_TRP.1(b) | Trusted path (for Non-administrators) (for O.COMMS_PROTECTION) |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Hierarchical to: Dependencies: | No other components. [FCS_IPSEC_EXT.1 Extended: IPsec selected, or FCS_TLS_EXT.1 Extended: TLS selected, or FCS_SSH_EXT.1 Extended: SSH selected, or FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 Extended: HTTPS selected]. |
| FTP_TRP.1.1(b) | Refinement : The TSF shall use [selection, choose at least one of: <i>IPsec, SSH, TLS, TLS/HTTPS</i>] to provide a trusted communication path between itself and remote users that is logically distinct from other communication paths and provides assured identification of its end points and protection of the communicated data from disclosure and detection of modification of the communicated data. |
| FTP_TRP.1.2(b) | Refinement: The TSF shall permit [selection: <i>the TSF, remote users</i>] to initiate communication via the trusted path |
| FTP_TRP.1.3(b) | Refinement: The TSF shall require the use of the trusted path for initial user authentication and all remote user actions . |

6.3. Security Assurance Requirements

The requirements for the TOE security assurance are described in Table 17.

| Assurance Class | Assurance Components | Assurance Components Description |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | ASE_CCL.1 | Conformance claims |
| | ASE_ECD.1 | Extended components |
| | | definition |
| | ASE_INT.1 | ST introduction |
| Security Target | ASE_OBJ.1 | Security objectives for the |
| Evaluation | | operational environment |
| | ASE_REQ.1 | Stated security |
| | | requirements |
| | ASE_SPD.1 | Security Problem Definition |
| | ASE_TSS.1 | TOE Summary |
| | | Specification |
| Development | ADV_FSP.1 | Basic functional |
| | | specification |
| Guidance Documents | AGD_OPE.1 | Operational user guidance |
| | AGD_PRE.1 | Preparative procedures |
| Life-cycle support | ALC_CMC.1 | Labelling of the TOE |
| | ALC_CMS.1 | TOE CM coverage |
| Tests | ATE_IND.1 | Independent testing – |
| | | Conformance |
| Vulnerability | AVA_VAN.1 | Vulnerability survey |
| assessment | | |

| Table 17 Security Assurance Requirements |
|--|
|--|

The rationale for choosing these security assurance requirements is that they define a minimum security baseline that is based on the anticipated threat level of the attacker, the security of the Operational Environment in which the TOE is deployed, and the relative value of the TOE itself.

6.4. Security Requirement Rationale

6.4.1. Dependencies of Security Functional Requirements

Table 18 describes the functional requirements that security functional requirements depend on and those that do not and the reason why it is not problematic even if dependencies are not satisfied.

| Functional Requirements | Dependenci | es of Functional R | equirements |
|--|-----------------------------|---|-------------|
| Requirement and its name | Requirement specified in PP | Dependencies fulfilled by this ST | Fulfilment |
| FAU_GEN.1 | FPT_STM.1 | FPT_STM.1 | ОК |
| Audit data generation | | | |
| FAU_GEN.2 | FAU_GEN.1 | FAU_GEN.1 | ОК |
| User identity association | FIA_UID.1 | FIA_UID.1 | |
| FAU_STG_EXT.1 | FAU_GEN.1 | FAU_GEN.1 | ОК |
| Extended: External audit trail storage | FTP_ITC.1 | FTP_ITC.1 | |
| FCS_CKM.1(a) | [FCS_COP.1(b), or | FCS_COP.1(b2) | ОК |
| Cryptographic key | FCS COP.1(i)] | FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | |
| generation (asymmetric | FCS CKM EXT.4 | | |
| keys) | | | |
| FAU SAR.1 | FAU GEN.1 | FAU GEN.1 | ОК |
| Audit review | _ | _ | |
| FAU_SAR.2 | FAU_SAR.1 | FAU_SAR.1 | ОК |
| Restricted audit review | | | |
| FAU_STG.1 | FAU_GEN.1 | FAU_GEN.1 | ОК |
| Protected audit trail | | | |
| storage | | | |
| FAU_STG.4 | FAU_STG.1 | FAU_STG.1 | ОК |
| Prevention of audit data | | | |
| loss | | | |
| FCS_CKM.1(b) | [FCS_COP.1(a), or | FCS_COP.1(a) | ОК |
| Cryptographic key | FCS_COP.1(d), or | FCS_COP.1(d) | |
| generation (symmetric | FCS_COP.1(e), or | FCS_COP.1(f) | |
| keys) | FCS_COP.1(f), or | FCS_COP.1(g) | |
| | FCS_COP.1(g), or | FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | |
| | FCS_COP.1(h)] | FCS_RBG_EXT.1 | |
| | FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | | |
| | FCS_RBG_EXT.1 | | |

Table 18 Dependencies of Functional Security Requirements

| Functional Requirements | Dependenci | es of Functional R | equirements |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Requirement and its name | Requirement specified in PP | Dependencies fulfilled by this ST | Fulfilment |
| FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key | [FCS_CKM.1(a), or | FCS_CKM.1(a) FCS_CKM.1(b) | ОК |
| destruction | FCS_CKM.1(b)] | | |
| FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | [FCS_CKM.1(a), | FCS_CKM.1(a) | ОК |
| Extended: Cryptographic | or FCS_CKM.1(b)] | FCS_CKM.1(b) | |
| key material destruction | FCS_CKM.4 | FCS_CKM.4 | |
| FCS_COP.1(a) | FCS_CKM.1(b) | FCS_CKM.1(b) | OK |
| Cryptographic operation (symmetric encryption/decryption) | FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | |
| FCS_COP.1(b1) Cryptographic operation (signature generation/verification) | FCS_CKM.1(a) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | None | No dependency Since public key pair used for signature verification of firmware is generated by vendor out of the TOE, TOE does not have the private key in it. So, the key pair doesn't depend on FCS_CKM.1(a) and FCS_CKM_EXT.4. |
| FCS_COP.1(b2) Cryptographic operation | FCS_CKM.1(a) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | FCS_CKM.1(a) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | OK |
| (signature generation/verification) | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(c1) | None | - | - |
| Cryptographic operation (hash algorithm) | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(c2) Cryptographic operation (hash algorithm) | None | - | - |
| FCS_COP.1(d) | FCS_CKM.1(b) | FCS_CKM.1(b) | ОК |
| | FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | |

| Functional Requirements | Dependencies of Functional Requirements | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Requirement and its name | Requirement specified in PP | Dependencies fulfilled by this ST | Fulfilment | | | | |
| Cryptographic operation (AES data encryption/decryption) | | | | | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(f) Cryptographic operation (key encryption) | FCS_CKM.1(b) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | FCS_CKM.1(b) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | ОК | | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(g) Cryptographic operation (for keyed-hash message authentication) | FCS_CKM.1(b) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | FCS_CKM.1(b) FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | ОК | | | | |
| FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 Extended: HTTPS selected | FCS_TLS_EXT.1 | FCS_TLS_EXT.1 | ОК | | | | |
| FCS_KYC_EXT.1 Extended: Key chaining | [FCS_COP.1(e), or FCS_SMC_EXT.1, or FCS_COP.1(i), or FCS_KDF_EXT.1, and/or FCS_COP.1(f)] | FCS_COP.1(f) | ОК | | | | |
| FCS_RBG_EXT.1 Extended: Cryptographic operation (random bit generation) | None | | _ | | | | |
| FCS_TLS_EXT.1 Extended: TLS selected | FCS_CKM.1(a) FCS_COP.1(a) FCS_COP.1(b) FCS_COP.1(c) FCS_COP.1(g) FCS_RBG_EXT.1 | FCS_CKM.1(a) FCS_COP.1(a) FCS_COP.1(b2) FCS_COP.1(c2) FCS_COP.1(g) FCS_RBG_EXT.1 | ОК | | | | |
| FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control | FDP_ACF.1 | FDP_ACF.1 | ОК | | | | |
| FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute-based access control | FDP_ACC.1 FMT_MSA.3 | FDP_ACC.1 FMT_MSA.3 | ОК | | | | |
| FDP_DSK_EXT.1 Extended: Protection of data on disk | FCS_COP.1(d) | FCS_COP.1(d) | ОК | | | | |

| Functional Requirements | Dependenci | es of Functional R | equirements |
|--|---|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Requirement and its name | Requirement specified in PPDependencies fulfilled by this ST | | Fulfilment |
| FDP_FXS_EXT.1 | None | | - |
| Extended: Fax separation | | | |
| FDP_RIP.1(a) | None | | - |
| Subset residual | | | |
| information protection | | | 01/ |
| FIA_AFL.1 | FIA_UAU.1 | FIA_UAU.1 | OK |
| Authentication failure | | | |
| handling | None | | |
| FIA_ATD.1 User attribute definition | None | | - |
| | None | | |
| FIA_PMG_EXT.1 Extended: Password | None | | - |
| management | | | |
| FIA UAU.1 | FIA UID.1 | FIA UID.1 | ОК |
| Timing of authentication | | | |
| FIA UAU.7 | FIA UAU.1 | FIA UAU.1 | ОК |
| Protected authentication | | | |
| feedback | | | |
| FIA UID.1 | None | | - |
| Timing of authentication | | | |
| FIA_USB.1 | FIA_ATD.1 | FIA_ATD.1 | ОК |
| User-subject binding | | | |
| FMT_MOF.1 | FMT_SMF.1 | FMT_SMF.1 | ОК |
| Management of security | FMT_SMR.1 | FMT_SMR.1 | |
| functions behavior | | | |
| FMT_MSA.1 | FDP_ACC.1 | FDP_ACC.1 | ОК |
| Management of security | FMT_SMF.1 | FMT_SMF.1 | |
| attributes | FMT_SMR.1 | FMT_SMR.1 | |
| FMT_MSA.3 | FMT_MSA.1 | None | Since the default |
| Static attribute | FMT_SMR.1 | | value of the owner |
| initialization | | | identification |
| | | | information of the |
| | | | document data |
| | | | cannot be |
| | | | changed, it does not depend on |
| | | | FMT_MSA.1. In |
| | | | addition, since |
| | | | |

| Functional Requirements | Dependenci | equirements | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Requirement and its name | Requirement specified in PP | Fulfilment | |
| | | | there is no role that can change the default value of the owner identification information, it does not depend on |
| FMT_MTD.1 | FMT_SMF.1 | FMT_SMF.1 | FMT_SMR.1. OK |
| Management of TSF data FMT_SMF.1 Specification of management functions | FMT_SMR.1 None | FMT_SMR.1 | - |
| FMT_SMR.1 Security roles | FIA_UID.1 | FIA_UID.1 | ОК |
| FPT_KYP_EXT.1 Extended: Protection of key and key material | None | | - |
| FPT_SKP_EXT.1 Extended: Protection of TSF data | None | | - |
| FPT_STM.1 Reliable time stamps | None | | - |
| FPT_TST_EXT.1 Extended: TSF testing | None | | - |
| FPT_TUD_EXT.1 Extended: Trusted update | FCS_COP.1(b) FCS_COP.1(c) | FCS_COP.1(b1) FCS_COP.1(c1) | ОК |
| FTA_SSL.3 TSF-initiated termination | None | | - |
| FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel | [FCS_IPSEC_EXT. 1, or FCS_TLS_EXT.1, or FCS_SSH_EXT.1, or FCS_HTTPS_EXT. 1] | FCS_TLS_EXT.1 FCS_HTTPS_EXT. 1 | ОК |

| Functional Requirements | Dependencies of Functional Requirements | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Requirement and its name | Requirement specified in PP | Dependencies fulfilled by this ST | Fulfilment | | | | |
| FTP_TRP.1(a) | [FCS_IPSEC_EXT. | FCS_TLS_EXT.1 | ОК | | | | |
| Trusted path (for | 1, or | FCS_HTTPS_EXT. | | | | | |
| administrators) | FCS_TLS_EXT.1, | 1 | | | | | |
| | or | | | | | | |
| | FCS_SSH_EXT.1, | | | | | | |
| | or | | | | | | |
| | FCS_HTTPS_EXT. | | | | | | |
| | 1] | | | | | | |
| FTP_TRP.1(b) | [FCS_IPSEC_EXT. | FCS_TLS_EXT.1 | ОК | | | | |
| Trusted path (for non- | 1, or | FCS_HTTPS_EXT. | | | | | |
| administrators) | FCS_TLS_EXT.1, | 1 | | | | | |
| | or | | | | | | |
| | FCS_SSH_EXT.1, | | | | | | |
| | or | | | | | | |
| | FCS_HTTPS_EXT. | | | | | | |
| | 1] | | | | | | |

6.4.2. Security Assurance Requirements Rationale

The rationale for choosing these security assurance requirements is that they define a minimum security baseline that is based on the anticipated threat level of the attacker, the security of the Operational Environment in which the TOE is deployed, and the relative value of the TOE itself. The assurance activities throughout the ST are used to provide tailored guidance on the specific expectations for completing the security assurance requirements.

7. TOE SUMMARY SPECIFICATION

This chapter describes the summary specifications of the security functions provided by the TOE.

7.1.Security Functions

Table 19 shows security functional requirements and the corresponding TOE security functions. The security functions described in this section satisfy the TOE security functional requirements specified in section 6.1 of this ST.

Table 19 Security Functional Requirements and the Corresponding TOE Security Functions

| | | Security functions | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | Identification and authentication | Security audit | Access control | Security management | Trusted operation | Data encryption | Trusted communications | PSTN Fax-Network Separation | Overwrite Storage |
| SFRs | Ide | Sec | Acc | Sec | Tru | Dat | Tru | -Sd | ŇŎ |
| FAU_GEN.1 | | ~ | | | | | | | |
| FAU_GEN.2 | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| FAU_STG_EXT.1 | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| FAU_SAR.1 | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| FAU_SAR.2 | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| FAU_STG.1 | | \checkmark | | | | | | | |
| FAU_STG.4 | | \checkmark | | | | | | | |
| FCS_CKM.1(a) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_CKM.1(b) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_CKM.4 | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_CKM_EXT.4 | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(a) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(b1) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(b2) | | | | | | ~ | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(c1) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(c2) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(d) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |

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| | | | | Secu | rity fun | ctions | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | Identification and authentication | Security audit | Access control | Security management | Trusted operation | Data encryption | Trusted communications | PSTN Fax-Network Separation | Overwrite Storage |
| SFRs | lde | Se | Ac | Se | Ц | Da | Τr | PS | ò |
| FCS_COP.1(f) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_COP.1(g) | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 | | | | | | | ✓ | | |
| FCS_KYC_EXT.1 | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FCS_RBG_EXT.1 | | | | | | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| FCS_TLS_EXT.1 | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| FDP_ACC.1 | | | ~ | | | | | | |
| FDP_ACF.1 | | | ✓ | | | | | | |
| FDP_DSK_EXT.1 | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| FDP_FXS_EXT.1 | | | | | | | | \checkmark | |
| FDP_RIP.1(a) | | | | | | | | | ✓ |
| FIA_AFL.1 | ~ | | | | | | | | |
| FIA_ATD.1 | ~ | | | | | | | | |
| FIA_PMG_EXT.1 | ~ | | | | | | | | |
| FIA_UAU.1 | ~ | | | | | | | | |
| FIA_UAU.7 | ~ | | | | | | | | |
| FIA_UID.1 | ~ | | | | | | | | |
| FIA_USB.1 | ~ | | | | | | | | |
| FMT_MOF.1 | | | | ~ | | | | | |
| FMT_MSA.1 | | | | ~ | | | | | |
| FMT_MSA.3 | | | | ~ | | | | | |
| FMT_MTD.1 | | | | ~ | ✓ | | | | |
| FMT_SMF.1 | | | | ~ | ✓ | | | | |
| FMT_SMR.1 | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| FPT_KYP_EXT.1 | | | | | | ~ | | | |
| FPT_SKP_EXT.1 | | | | ✓ | | | | | |
| FPT_STM.1 | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| FPT_TST_EXT.1 | | | | | \checkmark | | | | |

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| | | Security functions | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| SFRs | Identification and authentication | Security audit | Access control | Security management | Trusted operation | Data encryption | Trusted communications | PSTN Fax-Network Separation | Overwrite Storage |
| FPT_TUD_EXT.1 | | | | | ~ | | | | |
| FTA_SSL.3 | ✓ | | | | | | | | |
| FTP_ITC.1 | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| FTP_TRP.1(a) | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |
| FTP_TRP.1(b) | | | | | | | \checkmark | | |

7.1.1. Identification and Authentication

The identification and authentication function is the function to identify and authenticate a user by having the user enter a user ID and password from the control panel, Web UI(*) and printer driver of the user client so that only certain authorized users are granted permissions to use the functions of the MFD.

User information registered in the MFD is used for identification and authentication. (*): MFD server function via Web browser of the general user and system administrator clients. Although it is provided as the name of "Internet Service" on the product, it will be referred to as Web UI in this document from this section onward.

(1) FIA_AFL.1 Authentication failure handling

The TOE authenticates users before they access the TOE. The TOE has the function to handle authentication failures when a user attempts to be authenticated. This function detects failed local authentication attempts made by the user. When the number of consecutive failed authentication attempts of the user reaches the number (1- 10), which is set as the maximum allowable number of failures, the TOE does not accept an identification and authentication request of the user until the TOE is turned off and on again.

[Related TSFI]

Identification and authentication of control panel Identification and authentication of Web UI

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Printer driver

(2) FIA_ATD.1 User attribute definition
 FIA_USB.1 User-subject binding
 The TOE defines a user ID and a role as attributes for each user and assign the attributes to an identified and authenticated user.

[TSFI related to FIA_ATD.1] Management functions of control panel Management functions of Web UI

[TSFI related to FIA_USB.1] Identification and authentication of control panel Identification and authentication of Web UI

(3) FIA_PMG_EXT.1 Password Management

In the TOE, when a Key Operator's password is changed and when the password of a user authenticated by local authentication is newly created or changed, it is possible to create a password by combining the following characters.

Characters that can be used for a password:

Upper- and lower-case letters, numbers, and the following special characters: "!", "@", "#", "\$", "%", "^", "&", "*", "(", ")", "(space)", """, "", "+", ", ", ", "-", ".", "/", ":", ";", "<", "=", ">", "?", "[", "¥", "]", "_", "`", "{", "}", "<", "~"

A system administrator can set the required minimum length of the password to a number between 0 to 63. Based on this setting, the TOE can set a lower limit of the password length to 15.

[Related TSFI] Management functions of control panel Management functions of Web UI

(4) FIA_UAU.1 Timing of authentication

FIA_UID.1 Timing of identification

The TOE supports local authentication as the user identification and authentication method.

There are three types of interfaces that require user identification and authentication: the control panel, web browser of the user client and printer driver.

The TOE prompts a user to enter his/her ID and password via a web browser of the user client or the control panel before permitting him/her to operate the MFD function. The entered user ID and password are verified against the user data registered in the TOE.

When Private Print is performed, identification and authentication are performed based on the ID and password assigned to the print data sent from the client computer.

The identification (FIA_UID.1) and authentication (FIA_UAU.1) are simultaneously performed, and the operation on the TOE is allowed only when both identification and authentication succeed.

When receiving fax data via the public telephone line, the TOE receives the fax data without user identification and authentication.

[Related TSFI] Identification and authentication of control panel Identification and authentication of Web UI Printer driver Public phone line

(5) FIA_UAU.7 Protected authentication feedback

The TOE provides the function to display the same number of bullets (\bullet) as the password characters entered on the control panel or web browser in order to hide the password at the time of user authentication.

[Related TSFI] Identification and authentication of control panel Identification and authentication of Web UI

(6) FTA_SSL.3 TSF-initiated termination

The TOE clears the login information (authentication session) and prompts a user to re-authenticate if Web UI has not been accessed from a web browser for a specified period of time (settable from one to 240 mins).

In addition, when there is no operation from the control panel for a specified period of time (the settable time ranges from 10 to 900 seconds), the setting on the control panel is cleared and the screen returns to the authentication screen.

The session with the printer driver is not retained. The session ends immediately after a print request is processed.

[Related TSFI] Identification and authentication of control panel Identification and authentication of Web UI

7.1.2. Security Audit

The security audit function offers a means to track and record the events of when, who, and which actions all TOE users carried out (user operation, device failure, configuration change etc.) according to the Security Audit Log setting configured by a system administrator.

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(1) FAU_GEN.1 Audit data generation

FAU_GEN.2 User identity association

The TOE records auditable events shown in Table 20, such as job completion, failed user identification and authentication attempts, and use of security management functions by identified and authenticated users, in the audit log. The date and time when the event occurred, the type of the event, the user who caused the event (if known), and the result of the event are recorded in the audit data of each event. When the TOE records a defined auditable event in the audit log, the TOE associates the event with the identification information of the user who caused the event.

[Related TSFI]

Identification and authentication of control panel Identification and authentication of Web UI Printer driver Management functions of control panel Management functions of Web UI Power button Copy, print, scan, fax, scanned document storage to Folder, and document retrieval functions of control panel Job status and log display functions of control panel Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder Firmware update function of Web UI Public phone line

| Auditable Events | Names of auditable events to | Description |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | be logged | |
| Start-up and | System Status/ Started normally | |
| shutdown of the | (cold boot), | |
| audit functions | System Status/ Started normally | |
| | (warm boot), | |
| | Shutdown requested | |
| Job completion | Job Status/ Completed, | Print |
| | Job Status/ Canceled by User | Сору |
| | | |
| | | Scan |
| | | Fax |
| | | Mailbox |
| | | ["Mailbox" means a |
| | | storage and retrieval job.] |

Table 20 Details of Security Audit Log

| Unsuccessful User | Login/ Failed | |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| authentication | (Invalid UserID), | |
| Unsuccessful User | Login/ Failed | |
| identification | (Invalid Password) | |
| (control panel and | | |
| Web UI) | | |
| Unsuccessful User | Job Status/ Print /Aborted | |
| authentication | | |
| Unsuccessful User | | |
| identification | | |
| (printer driver) | | |
| Use of | Device Settings/ View Security | |
| management | Setting | |
| functions | Device Settings/ Change | |
| | Security Setting | |
| | Device Settings/ Switch | |
| | Authentication Mode | |
| | Device Settings/ Edit User | |
| | 5 | |
| | ["ID", "Password", and "Name" | |
| | are recorded as modified | |
| | attributes.] | |
| | Device Settings/ Add User | |
| | Device Settings/ Delete User | |
| | Device Config/ Software | |
| | Audit Policy/ Audit Log/ Enable, | |
| | Audit Policy/ Audit Log/ Disable | |
| Modification to the | Device Settings/ Edit User | |
| group of Users that | Device Settings/ Luit User | |
| are part of a role | ["Role" is recorded as modified | |
| are part of a fole | attributes.] | |
| Changes to the | - | |
| Changes to the time | Device Settings / Adjust Time | |
| | Communication / Trusted | Failed [Drates] |
| Failure to establish | Communication / Trusted | Failed [Protocol, |
| session (TLS) | Communication | destination and the |
| | | reason of failure are |
| | | recorded] |

(2) FAU_SAR.1 Audit review

After logging in to the Web UI, the system administrator can read all audit logs stored inside the TOE by using the Web UI.

Audit log is downloaded as a tab-delimited text file. When downloading audit logs, TLS communication must be enabled.

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[Related TSFI] Management functions of Web UI

(3) FAU_SAR.2 Restricted audit review

The function to read audit logs stored inside the TOE are restricted to the authenticated system administrator. Also, audit logs can be accessed only from the web browser and can not be accessed from the control panel.

[Related TSFI] Management functions of Web UI

(4) FAU_STG.1 Protected audit trail storage Access to audit logs stored inside the TOE is for reading only, there is no delete or modify function. This protects audit logs from unauthenticated deletion and modification.

[Related TSFI] Management functions of Web UI

(5) FAU_STG.4 Prevention of audit data loss Audit logs stored inside the TOE are stored up to 15,000 logs. When audit logs become full, the oldest recorded audit log is overwritten and new audit log is recorded without loss.

[Related TSFI]
Identification and authentication of control panel
Identification and authentication of Web UI
Printer driver
Management functions of control panel
Management functions of Web UI
Power button
Copy, print, scan, scanned document storage to Folder, fax, and document retrieval
functions of control panel
Job status and log display functions of control panel
Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log
Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder
Firmware update function of Web UI
Public phone line

(6) FAU_STG_EXT.1 Extended: External Audit Trail Storage

The audit logs are sent to the audit server using syslog protocol. The behavior to protect audit logs in transit is described in 7.1.7 (3) FTP_ITC.1. Since audit logs to be sent are stored inside the TOE, the behavior to read audit logs is described in (3) FAU_SAR.2, the behavior to protect from unauthenticated deletion and modification is described in (4) FAU_STG.1, the behavior when audit logs become full is described in (5) FAU_STG.4. Audit logs remain inside the TOE even after they are sent to the audit server. If the transmission fails, the transmission will be retried until it succeeds. When the number of unsent audit logs that failed to be sent reaches 13,500, the error is displayed on the control panel and MFD stops. In this case, make the connection between the MFD and the syslog server normal, and restart the MFD to resolve the error.

[Related TSFI]

Follow the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1, FAU_GEN.2

(7) FPT_STM.1 Reliable time stamps

The TOE provides the function to issue the time stamp using TOE's clock function when the defined auditable event is recorded in the audit log.

As specified in FMT_MTD.1, only system administrators can change the clock setting.

[Related TSFI] Follow the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1, FAU_GEN.2

7.1.3. Access Control

Only the authenticated and identified user can use the following functions. Available functions depend on the interface that accesses the TSF.

- a) Functions controlled by the MFD control panel
 Copy, fax (send), scan, document storage and retrieval, print (This print function requires the Accounting System preset on printer driver. A user must be authenticated on the control panel. If the Accounting System preset is not set, a user cannot print.), device condition display, job status and log display, and referring to / changing the TOE setting data (system administrators only)
- b) Functions controlled by Web UI
 Device condition display, job status and log display, function to retrieve document data from Folder, and referring to / changing the TOE setting data (system administrators only), and firmware update function (only system administrator)

c) Functions that use the printer driver of the user client When a user sends a print request from the printer driver of the user's client in which the Accounting System is preset, the MFD decomposes the received data into bitmap data and stores the data in the internal repository as private print according to the user ID if the identification and authentication are successful.

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(1) FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control

FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control

The TOE controls access to the jobs and document data of each basic function in accordance with Tables 11 and 12. For the notes in brackets at the ends of the following sentences, refer to the notes of Tables 11 and 12.

The user who started each function is assigned as the owner of the job and document data of the function and only the owner or system administrators can access the job and document data. However, the running job can be viewed by general users. Only system administrators can access the data of a fax that is being received.

Regarding the print function, a user ID, which will be used to identify the user of the function, is included in the print data sent by the client computer. The owner of the print job is identified with the user ID. (note 1)

Regarding scan, copy, and fax send functions' jobs, the user ID logged in to the control panel is assigned as the job owner. (note 2)

Since the user who invoked sending fax function cannot be specified, the owners of receiving fax jobs are assigned to Key Operator. (note 3)

In the fax received data that is received and stored, the user ID assigned to fax folder to be stored is assigned as the owner. (note 3)

SA must create a box to store fax received data. (note 3)

Because Jobs and data of received faxes are sent from outside of the TOE, no TOE user can create jobs or data of received faxes. (note 4)

The document storage and retrieval function enable the function to store/retrieve scanned documents or fax received documents to/from the Folder. Regarding the scan function, the user must be logged in beforehand. When a user stores scanned documents in a Folder, the Key Operator can select a Folder from all Folders, while a general user and SA can only select the user's own Folder. After selecting the Folder to store scanned documents, the user scans the documents. The user who owns the selected Folder becomes the owner of the scanned documents. Fax receive function stores fax received documents into the received fax folder. The owners of Fax received documents are assigned with the owner of the received fax folder. (note 1) Only the owner of the data stored in the Folder or the Key Operator can retrieve, preview, print (and select the number of copies and the paper size) and delete the stored data. Although SAs are included in system administrators, they cannot access the data in the Folderes of other users. (note 5)

Print, scan, fax, and fax document data can only be previewed by the owner or system administrators.

The print, fax receive, and the document storage and retrieval functions do not provide the function of editing document data.

The function to modify the jobs of scan, fax send, fax receive and document storage/retrieval are not provided.

Copy jobs can be modified only by the owner.

[Related TSFI]
Printer driver
Copy, print, scan, scanned document storage to Folder, fax and document retrieval functions of control panel
Function of control panel to display the job status and log
Function of Web UI to display the job status and log
Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder
Public phone line

7.1.4. Security management

 FMT_MOF.1 Management of security functions behavior FMT_MTD.1 Management of TSF data

FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

FMT MSA.1 Management of security attributes

FMT_MSA.3 Static attribute initialization

FMT_SMR.1 Security roles

The TOE provides identified and authenticated system administrators with user interfaces to refer to and change settings of security management functions shown in Table 21 that are related to the TOE security functions and to customize detailed settings of each function.

Identified and authenticated general users can only change their own passwords. As shown above, the required security management functions are satisfied.

The reference of the Key Operator role is confirmed by the name of Key Operator role displayed after the Key Operator logs in from the control panel and Web UI.

As in Table 12 and Table 13, the TOE sets the ID of the user who started each basic function as the default value of the ID of the owner of the job and document data of each function. For details, refer to "7.1.3. Access Control (1) FDP_ACC.1 Subset access control FDP_ACF.1 Security attribute based access control."

The TOE associates the roles of the Key Operator, SA, system administrator, and general user to the legitimate users and maintains the association.

In the TOE, the default value of the user role, which is a security attribute, is the general user. The roles are defined to each user IDs. TOE assigns the role to the login user according to the definition.

[TSFI related to FMT_SMR.1]

Identification and authentication of Web UI Identification and authentication of control panel [TSFI related to FMT_MOF.1,FMT_MSA.1, FMT_SMR.1, FMT_MTD.1 and FMT_SMF.1] Management functions of control panel Management functions of Web UI [TSFI related to FMT_MSA.3] Printer driver

Copy, scan, and scanned document storage to Folder, and fax functions of control panel

Public phone line

| Security management item | Control | Web UI |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|
| | panel | |
| Refer to the setting of Overwrite Storage, enable/disable it, | ~ | \checkmark |
| and set the number of passes (overwrite procedure) | | |
| Refer to the setting of Storage Data Encryption and | \checkmark | - |
| enable/disable it | | |
| Refer to the setting of the use of password entered from | \checkmark | - |
| MFD control panel in user authentication and | | |
| enable/disable it | | |
| Refer to the setting of access denial due to authentication | ~ | \checkmark |
| failure of the user, enable/disable it, and set the allowable | | |
| number of failures | | |
| Change the ID and the password of the Key Operator (Only | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| the Key Operator is privileged.) | | |
| Create, change and delete the ID of a user. Change the | ~ | \checkmark |
| password | | |
| Refer to the assigned role of the user and change the role | | |
| to SA or general user | | |
| Refer to and set the minimum password length | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| Refer to the setting of communication data encryption, | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| enable/disable it, and configured the detailed settings. | | |
| Refer to the setting of TLS certificate and create/update the | - | ✓ |
| certificate | | |
| Refer to the setting of User Authentication and | ✓ | ✓ |
| enable/disable Local Authentication | | |
| Refer to the setting of PrivatePrint and configure the | ✓ | - |
| settings of store/print | | |
| Refer to and set date and time | ✓ | - |
| Refer to the setting of Self Test and enable/disable it | ✓ | ✓ |
| Refer to the setting of firmware update and enable/disable it | ✓ | ✓ |
| Refer to and set Auto Clear of Control Panel and Web Ul | ✓ | ✓ |
| Refer to the setting of Report Print and select whether to | ✓ | - |
| allow only the system administrators / all users to use the | | |
| function | | |

Table 21 Security management functions and their operationable UIs

| Refer to and configure the setting of Customer Engineer | ✓ | ✓ |
|---|--------------|--------------|
| Operation Restriction (enable/disable the function and set | | |
| password for maintenance) | | |
| Refer to and configure the setting of the security audit | \checkmark | - |
| function (enable/disable the function and set syslog) | | |
| Refer to and configure the setting of the receive folder for \checkmark | | \checkmark |
| the fax line. (enable/disable and specify receive folder)*1 | | |

*1) The receive folder must be the folder created by SA.

(2) FPT_SKP_EXT.1 Protection of TSF Data

The TOE stores a KEK (Key Encryption Key) in plaintext in NVRAM2, but the TOE does not provide an interface to read the KEK to any users. The circuit board which NVRAM2 is soldered to is not for storage.

A DEK (Data Encryption Key) is encrypted with KEK in AES-CBC and is stored in NVRAM1 and HDD. The one in HDD is a backup.

When the TOE is turned on, the encrypted DEK stored in NVRAM1 is decrypted with a KEK stored in NVRAM2. While the TOE is in operation, the DEK is stored in DRAM in plaintext.

The TOE does not provide an interface to read the plaintext DEK stored in DRAM to any users. The plaintext DEK stored in DRAM is destroyed when the TOE is turned off.

Certificates with secret keys used for TLS communications, etc. are encrypted with the mechanism described in 7.1.6 (15) and stored in the NVRAM1. The interface to read the secret keys is not provided to any users.

The TLS session key and TLS EC Diffie-Hellman secret key used for communication are stored in the DRAM in plaintext, but the interface to read the plaintext session keys stored in the DRAM is not provided to any users. The plaintext session key is destroyed when the TOE is turned off.

【Related TSFI】 None

7.1.5. Trusted Operation

(1) FPT_TST_EXT.1 TSF testing

The TSF consists of two firmwares: Controller ROM and Fax ROM. Verification of the integrity of these two firmwares guarantees the proper operation of the TSF. When the TOE is turned on, Controller ROM and Fax ROM respectively calculate 4 bytes and 2 bytes checksums to verify whether the checksums match the specified value. When an error occurs, an error message is displayed on the control panel, and the TOE cancels the startup. The TOE operates health tests described in [1]11.3 on the DRBG. When the test is failed, the TOE displays an error message on the control panel and cancels the startup. The specification of the DRBG is described in 7.1.6.

[Related TSFI] Power button

(2) FPT_TUD_EXT.1 Trusted Update

FMT_MTD.1 Management of TSF data

FMT_SMF.1 Specification of Management Functions

The system administrators can see the current version of the firmware that configures the TOE on the control panel by operating it or on paper by printing the configuration report.

Only identified and authenticated system administrators can update the firmware by sending a binary file that contains Controller ROM and Fax ROM to the TOE from the Web UI of a system administrator's client computer.

When the TOE receives a binary file that contains firmware sent from the Web UI of a system administrator's client computer, the TOE verifies the digital signature attached to the binary file. When the verification fails, the update is cancelled, an error message is displayed ont the control panel, and the TOE stops. The digital signature attached to the binary file is a RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 digital signature that is made by hashing the binary file with SHA-256 and encrypting the hash value with a 2048-bit secret key. Therefore, in order to verify the digital signature, 1) decrypt the digital signature attached to the binary file with SHA-256, and 3) compare the decrypted value and the hash value. When the two values are the same, verification is successful and if not, verification is failed.

[TSFI related to FPT_TUD_EXT.1] Function of control panel to confirm the firmware version Firmware update function of Web UI [TSFI related to FMT_MTD.1 and FMT_SMF.1] Firmware update function of Web UI

7.1.6. Data Encryption

(1) FCS_CKM.1(a) Cryptographic Key Generation (for asymmetric keys) An elliptic curve key described in [2] is used as the asymmetric key for the key establishment (EC Diffie-Hellman) in TLS encrypted communication. Methods to generate an elliptic curve key shall follow [3] 5.6.1.2.2 and [2] Appendix B.4.2. TLS EC Diffie-Hellman secret key is a random number generated by AES-256 CTR DRBG described in (14) seeded with values generated by Linux /dev/random. Supported elliptic curves are P-256, P-384, and P-521 as described in [2] Appendix D, and the elliptic curve to be used is decided in TLS negotiation. The TOE uses an elliptic curve key described in [2] or an RSA key described in [4] as the asymmetric key for the TLS server certificate. These asymmetric keys are generated on the user request from Web UI. Methods to generate an elliptic curve key shall follow [3] 5.6.1.2.2 and [2] Appendix B.4.2. Methods to generate an RSA key shall follow [4] 6.3.1.3. The prime number used in the procedure shall be generated following [2] B.3.6. Supported elliptic curves are P-256, P-384, and P-521 as described in [2] Appendix D, and supported RSA key sizes are 2048-bit and 3072-bit. The user selects one and requests to generate a key on Web UI. AES-256 CTR DRBG described in (14) is used to generate random probable primes.

The TOE does not make any changes to the above key generation methods and does not use any other methods.

[Related TSFI]
Identification and authentication of Web UI
Printer driver
Management functions of Web UI
Scan function of control panel
Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log
Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder
External audit server
Firmware update function of Web UI
* In addition, the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1 and FAU_GEN.2 are also included.

(This is because that it is sent to audit server via TLS communication when the audit log is generated.)

(2) FCS_CKM.1(b) Cryptographic Key Generation (symmetric keys)

The TOE uses random numbers that consist of arbitrary number of bits for the DEK and the session keys for trusted communications. Specifically, a 256-bit number for the DEK, a 256-bit number for the KEK to encrypt the DEK, a 128 to 256-bit number (depends on the encryption method decided in the negotiation) for the master key of TLS session keys are generated. For random number generation, AES-256 CTR DRBG described in (14) is used. The DRBG is called when the key chain described in (12) is generated and when the TLS communication session starts.

[Related TSFI]
Identification and authentication of Web UI
Printer driver
Management functions of Web UI
Power button
Scan function of control panel
Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log
Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder

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External audit server

Firmware update function of Web UI

* In addition, the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1 and FAU_GEN.2 are also included. (This is because that it is sent to audit server via TLS communication when the audit log is generated.)

(3) FCS_CKM.4 Cryptographic key destruction

FCS_CKM_EXT.4 Cryptographic Key Material Destruction The TOE destroys plaintext keys and key materials when they are no longer needed (*). Table 22 shows keys and key materials that are stored in the TOE in plaintext and how they are destroyed. The values of these keys and materials are copied to the working memory of RAM and used when an encryption is performed. The copied data on RAM is deleted when the TOE is turned off because it is no longer needed.

(*) The DEK is stored in NVRAM1 and HDD, but it is not destroyed because it is encrypted as described in (10). The asymmetric key for TLS server certificate described in (1) is stored in the NVRAM1, but it is not destroyed because it is encrypted with the mechanism described in (15). The public key used for the verification of firmware signature is not destroyed because it is not classified as any of the following: secret key, private cryptographic key, or cryptographic critical security parameter.

[Related TSFI] Management functions of control panel Power button

| Key type | Storage | Destruction method and reason |
|--------------------|------------|--|
| KEK (Key | NVRAM2 | Overwritten once with the random value |
| Encryption Key) | | generated using DRBG described in (14) |
| | | when restore to factory settings is requested |
| | | from the administrator menu on the control |
| | | panel. |
| | | |
| | | Restore to factory settings means destroying |
| | | all data on the disk and since it is not |
| | | necessary to decrypt the target partition with |
| | | the same encryption key after destroying the |
| | | data, DEK and KEK are not required. |
| TLS session key | RAM | Destroyed when the TOE is turned off. |
| TLS EC Diffie- | (volatile) | |
| Hellman secret key | | |

Table 22 Methods to destroy keys and key material stored in plaintext

| Since the TOE closes a valid TLS session |
|---|
| when it is powered off, TLS session key and |
| TLS EC Diffie-Hellman secret key are not |
| needed. |

(4) FCS_COP.1(a) Cryptographic Operation (Symmetric encryption/decryption)
 The TOE supports AES-CBC described in [5] and AES-GCM (128-bit and 256-bit)
 described in [6] for the symmetric encryption/decryption of TLS. AES follows [7].

[Related TSFI]
Identification and authentication of Web UI
Printer driver
Management functions of Web UI
Scan function of control panel
Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log
Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder
External audit server
Firmware update function of Web UI
* In addition, the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1 and FAU_GEN.2 are also included.
(This is because that it is sent to audit server via TLS communication when the audit log is generated.)

(5) FCS_COP.1(b1) Cryptographic Operation (for signature generation/verification) The TOE supports RSA digital signature described in [2] for the verification of the authenticity of the firmware update. The key size is 2048-bit. The format of the signature follows RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 described in [2] 5.5 (f).

[Related TSFI] Firmware update function of Web UI

(6) FCS_COP.1(b2) Cryptographic Operation (for signature generation/verification) When verifying the target of TLS communication and digital signature generation/verification, the TOE generates RSA digital signatures and elliptic curve digital signatures described in [2] and verifies with them. Supported RSA key sizes are 2048-bit and 3072-bit. Supported NIST elliptic curves are P256, P384, and P521. The format of the RSA digital signature follows RSASSA-PKCS1-v1.5 described in [2] 5.5 (f). The methods of generation and verification of the elliptic curve digital signature follows [2] 6.4. For these, the signature methods to be used are determined respectively by negotiation with the communication partner during TLS communication, and by the user's specification at the time of digital signature generation.

[Related TSFI]

Management functions of Web UI

Scan function of control panel

* In addition, the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1 and FAU_GEN.2 are also included. (This is because that it is sent to audit server via TLS communication when the audit log is generated.)

(7) FCS_COP.1(c1) Cryptographic operation (Hash Algorithm)

The TOE uses SHA-256 for the hash calculation of firmware update image data when verifying the authenticity of the firmware update. The TOE compares the SHA-256 hash value and the value of the signature decrypted with RSA to verify the signature. The hash algorithm follows [8].

[Related TSFI] Firmware update function of Web UI

(8) FCS_COP.1(c2) Cryptographic operation (Hash Algorithm)

The TOE supports SHA1/SHA256/SHA384 for the hash calculation of keyed-hash message authentication method described in (11). The hash algorithm used for communication is determined by negotiation with the communication partner. In addition, the TOE supports SHA256/SHA384/SHA512 for hash calculation for digital signature generation/verification, and the hash algorithm to be used determined by user's specification at the time of signature generation.

The hash calculation of keyed-hash message authentication method in TLS and the hash calculation of digital signature generation/verification are independent and can be freely combined. The hash algorithm follows [8].

[Related TSFI]

Identification and authentication of Web UI Printer driver Management functions of Web UI Scan function of control panel Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder External audit server Firmware update function of Web UI * In addition, the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1 and FAU_GEN.2 are also included. (This is because that it is sent to audit server via TLS communication when the audit

log is generated.)

(9) FCS_COP.1(d) Cryptographic operation (AES Data Encryption/Decryption) The TOE supports AES described in [9] as the encryption method of the storage data encryption and supports CBC described in [10] as the block cipher mode. The key size is 256-bit. The sector number of the storage and the DEK are used to calculate the IV.

[Related TSFI]

Printer Driver

Copy, print, scan, scanned document storage to Folder, fax, and document retrieval functions of control panel Job status and log display of control panel Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder Public phone line

(10) FCS_COP.1(f) Cryptographic operation (Key Encryption)

As described in (12), the TOE encrypts DEK (256-bit) of the storage data encryption using AES described in [9]. The key size is 256-bit. Supported block cipher mode is CBC described in [10]. IV is a random number generated by AES-256 CTR DRBG described in (14).

As described in (12), the TOE encrypts DEK (256 bit) of the storage data encryption when the TOE is turned on for the first time without DEK chain.

【Related TSFI】 Power button

(11) FCS_COP.1(g) Cryptographic Operation (for keyed-hash message authentication)

The TOE supports the following for the keyed-hash message authentication of TLS.

- Key size (bit): 160, 256, and 384
- Hash: SHA-1, SHA-256, and SHA-384
- Message digest size (bit): 160, 256, and 384

The hash algorithm follows [11], and the keyed-hash message authentication algorithm (HMAC) follows [12].

[Related TSFI]
Identification and authentication of Web UI
Printer driver
Management functions of Web UI
Scan function of control panel
Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log
Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder
External audit server
Firmware update function of Web UI
* In addition, the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1 and FAU_GEN.2 are also included.
(This is because that it is sent to audit server via TLS communication when the audit

(12) FCS_KYC_EXT.1 Key Chaining

In the TOE, the DEK and the KEK, which encrypts the DEK, are in a key chain. When the TOE is turned on without DEK chain (more specifically, when the TOE is turned on for the first time in the factory, or when the TOE is turned on for the first time after the operation to restore factory settings is performed from the system administrator menu on the control panel), the TOE generates the DEK and KEK using DRBG described in (14). The DEK is encrypted with KEK as described in (10) and stored in NVRAM1 and HDD, and the KEK is stored in NVRAM2 in plaintext. When the TOE is turned on subsequently, the TOE decrypts the encrypted DEK stored in NVRAM1 with the KEK retrieved from NVRAM2 as described in (10). The key size of both DEK and KEK is 256-bit. As described in (14), DRBG supplies sufficient entropy, so the strength of both DEK and KEK is 256-bit, which means that the 256-bit strength is maintained in the key chain.

[Related TSFI] Power button

(13) FPT_KYP_EXT.1 Protection of Key and Key Material

As described in (12), when the TOE is turned on for the first time without DEK chain, the TOE generates a DEK and a KEK using DRBG described later, stores the DEK encrypted with KEK in NVRAM1 and HDD, and stores the KEK in NVRAM2 in plaintext. The DEK and KEK are not stored in other storage. NVRAM2 is not a Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Device, so plaintext keys that are part of the keychain specified by (12) is not stored in any Field-Replaceable Nonvolatile Storage Device.

[Related TSFI] Power button

(14) FCS_RBG_EXT.1 Cryptographic Operation (Random Bit Generation)

For random number generation, the TOE uses AES-256 CTR DRBG that follows [1]10.2.1. This DRBG has derivation function and reseed function, but does not have prediction resistance function. It uses a random number generated by Linux kernel /dev/random as the seed. Linux Random Number Generator (LRNG), which provides /dev/random, and the read noise of the clock counter, which is input in LRNG, are included in the entropy pool of DRBG. The noise is created by a software so that the clock counter reads at random timings. DRBG uses the seed provided by /dev/random as the entropy input and nonce, but the amount of entropy is more than 256-bit × 1.5, which is sufficient according to [1] 8.6.7.

The TOE generates the DEK and the master key of TLS session keys using the DRBG.

As described in (12), the DRGB is activated in order to generate the DEK when TOE is turned on for the first time without DEK chain.

[Related TSFI]
Identification and authentication of Web UI
Printer driver
Management functions of Web UI
Power button
Scan function of control panel
Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log
Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder
External audit server
Firmware update function of Web UI
* In addition, the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1 and FAU_GEN.2 are also included.
(This is because that it is sent to audit server via TLS communication when the audit log is generated.)

(15) FDP_DSK_EXT.1 Protection of Data on Disk

The TOE encrypts/decrypts each data block in the storage device. More precisely, for the storage device partition that is to be encrypted, the TOE applies data decryption/encryption through the read/write operation of a file or metadata, and reads/writes data blocks from/to that partition. Encryption method follows FCS_COP.1(d). The storage devices containing the encryption target partition are NVRAM1 and HDD, both of which are field-replaceable. There are no field-replaceable devices except for the NVRAM1 and HDD. After Storage Data Encryption is enabled by the administrator, the encryption/decryption described above starts to be performed when the TOE is turned on for the first time. As described in (12), the DEK to be used for encryption/decryption is generated when the TOE is turned on without an cryptographic key chain.

All plaintext user data and plaintext secret TSF data are encrypted because they are written in the partitions to be encrypted on the NVRAM1 and HDD. The partitions not to be encrypted on the NVRAM1 and HDD store only program images, control parameters, and the DEK encrypted with KEK in the method specified in (10). Plaintext user document data and plaintext secret TSF data is not stored in those partitions. As described in (12), the DEK is encrypted when the TOE is turned on without a cryptographic key chain. NVRAM2, which stores the plaintext KEK, is not a field-replaceable storage device.

【Related TSFI】
Printer driver
Management functions of Web UI
Power button
Copy, print, scan, scanned document storage to Folder, fax, and document retrieval
functions of control panel

Job status and log display of control panel Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder Public phone line

7.1.7. Trusted Communications

(1) FCS_HTTPS_EXT.1 HTTPS selected

There is a setting that forces a secure channel using HTTPS for all communication traffic of the TOE with the web browser. Only system administrators can change this setting, and it is performed on Web UI. The specifications of HTTPS follow [13]. When the TOE receives a request to connect to Web UI from the web browser of a client computer, the TOE and the client computer establish the TLS negotiation and start HTTPS communication. Identification, authentication, and all remote operation on the TOE through Web UI of the client computer are performed via HTTPS communication. The system administrator reads the audit logs stored inside the TOE by using the Web UI via HTTPS communication.

[Related TSFI]

Identification and authentication of Web UI Management functions of Web UI Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log Function to retrieve document data from Folder of Web UI External audit server Firmware update function of Web UI

(2) FCS_TLS_EXT.1 TLS selected

The supported TLS communication is TLS 1.2 described in [14].

The cipher suite to be used in the TLS communication is negotiated while the client and server are connected with TLS. In TLS communication, the TOE can be a client or a server depending on the function in operation. For example, the TOE acts as a server when accessing Web UI. The TOE acts as a client when sending scanned documents via email.

The TOE selects an appropriate cipher suite that the TOE supports from the cipher suites suggested by the client. Cipher suites supported by the TOE are as follows:

- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
- TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 128 CBC SHA256
- TLS ECDHE RSA WITH AES 256 CBC SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256

- TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256
- TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384

[Related TSFI]

Identification and authentication of Web UI Printer driver Management functions of Web UI Scan function of control panel Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder Firmware update function of Web UI * In addition, the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1 and FAU_GEN.2 are also included. (This is because that it is sent to audit server via TLS communication when the audit log is generated.)

(3) FTP_ITC.1 Inter-TSF trusted channel

The TOE supports the following trusted communication protocols for the communication of the TOE with the audit server and the mail server. This ensures identification of the end points and protection of the channel data from disclosure and modification.

Audit server: TLS Mail server: TLS

[Related TSFI] Audit server: Follow the related TSFI of FAU_GEN.1, FAU_GEN.2 Mail server: Scan function of control panel

(4) FTP_TRP.1(a) Trusted path (for Administrators)

The TOE supports the following trusted communication protocols for each interface to access the TOE from the remote computers of system administrators. This ensures identification of the TOE's end points and protection of the channel data from disclosure and modification. Web UI: TLS/HTTPS

[Related TSFI] Identification and authentication of Web UI Management functions of Web UI Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log

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Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder Firmware update function of Web UI

(5) FTP_TRP.1(b) Trusted path (for Non-administrators)

The TOE supports the following trusted communication protocols for each interface to access the TOE from the remote computers of non-administrators. This ensures identification of the TOE's end points and protection of the channel data from disclosure and modification.

- Web UI: TLS/HTTPS
- · Printing with the printer driver: TLS

[Related TSFI]
Identification and authentication of Web UI
Printer driver
Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log
Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder

7.1.8. PSTN Fax-Network Separation

(1) FDP_FXS_EXT.1 Fax separation

The TOE is equipped with a fax modem function, which enables the TOE to send/receive fax data through the public phone line.

The only supported protocol is ITU-T G3 mode.

Only the fax documents of the user are allowed to be sent/received with the fax interface.

The TOE is not equipped with a data modem function, so external data communication commands cannot be received, which means the TOE cannot be accessed by unauthorized means from the fax line. Also, the TOE does not offer the function to deliver data between the public phone line and the internal network, so the data received through the public phone line is not sent to the internal network.

【Related TSFI】 Public phone line

7.1.9. Overwrite Storage

(1) FDP_RIP.1(a) Subset residual information protection

When the Overwrite Storage is enabled to be conducted after each job by a system administrator, the TOE overwrites the used document data stored in the internal HDD after each job of copy, print, scan, and fax is finished.

The document data used by the document storage function is deleted when an operation to print, retrieve or delete the data from Folder is carried out. After that, the TOE overwrites the data.

Overwrite Storage has two options: one pass overwrite procedure (overwrite with zero) and three pass overwrite procedure (overwrite with zero / one / random number and verification). However, when the data encryption function is enabled, the data for overwrite (zero / one / random number) to be physically written to the storage is encrypted. A list of used document data to be overwritten and deleted is on the internal HDD, and the TOE checks the list when it is turned on. If used document data that has not been deleted is found on the list, Overwrite Storage is performed.

[Related TSFI]

Power button

Copy, Print, Scan, fax, and document data retrieval functions of control panel Job status and log display of control panel Function of Web UI to display the JOB status and log Function of Web UI to retrieve document data from Folder

8. ACRONYMS AND TERMINOLOGY

8.1.Acronyms

The following acronyms are used in this ST:

| Acronym | Definition |
|----------|---|
| CC | Common Criteria |
| DRAM | Dynamic Random Access Memory |
| FIPS PUB | Federal Information Processing Standard publication |
| IIT | Image Input Terminal |
| MFD | Multi Function Device |
| NVRAM | Non Volatile Random Access Memory |
| PDL | Page Description Language |
| PP | Protection Profile |
| SFP | Security Function Policy |
| SFR | Security Functional Requirement |
| SMTP | Simple Mail Transfer Protocol |
| ST | Security Target |
| TOE | Target of Evaluation |
| TSF | TOE Security Function |

8.2.Terminology

The following terms are used in this ST:

| Term | Definition |
|--------------|---|
| Destruction | Destruction is to delete the target so that the location of the target cannot |
| | be traced from the file system and volatile memory. |
| KEK | Abbreviation of Key Encryption Key. In this ST, KEK is a cryptographic key |
| | to encrypt the DEK. |
| DEK | Abbreviation of Data Encryption Key. In this ST, DEK is a cryptographic key |
| | for storage. |
| Flash memory | SD or eMMC. |
| Web UI | A interface that allows users to control the TOE through the web browser of |
| | the user client. |
| Folder | A location to store scanned documents, received fax documents. |
| | Computers on the network can retrieve the stored documents from the |
| | Folder. |

| | • • · · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|-----------------|--|
| Private Print | A print function that temporarily stores bitmap data (decomposed print data) |
| (Private Charge | in the storage of the MFD and then print out in accordance with the |
| Print) | authenticated user's instruction from the control panel. |
| Used document | The remaining data in the storage of the MFD after deletion. After a |
| data | document stored in the storage is used, only its file is deleted, and the data |
| | inside remains. |
| Document data | A collective term for all the data, including image data, transmitted across |
| | the MFD when any of copy, print, scan, fax, or document storage functions |
| | is used by a general user (U.NORMAL) or an SA. |
| Scanned | The document data converted into digital format by "Scan" function. |
| document | This TOE has the function to send a scanned document to a mailserver and |
| | to store it in the Folder by "Document storage and retrieval" function. |
| Fax received | The digital document data received by fax function and handled in this TOE. |
| document | |
| Folder Selector | A function to specify received fax folders for fax lines. |
| for Fax receive | |
| Audit log | The tracked and recorded data of auditable events, when, and who, and |
| | carried out which actions (such as user operation, device failure and |
| | configuration change) |
| User role | A role assigned to an identified and authenticated user. The TOE defines |
| | the Key Operator role, SA role, and general user role. |
| Key Operator | The authority required for the Key Operator to use the TOE. |
| role | |
| SA role | The authority required for an SA to use the TOE. |
| U.NORMAL role | The authority required for a general user (U.NORMAL) to use the TOE. |
| User identifier | Information to identify users. User ID. |
| Key Operator | A user ID with the Key Operator role. |
| identifier | |
| Key Operator | An authorized user who maintains the MFD and performs settings of the |
| | security functions of the TOE. |
| SA | An authorized user who maintains the MFD and performs settings of the |
| | security functions of the TOE. An SA account is created by the Key |
| | Operator or an SA who is already registered. |
| U.ADMIN | A collective term for Key Operator and SA. |
| | A function to identify the user before he/she uses each TOE function so that |
| | the TOE can limit the access to the TOE functions. |
| User | When the remote authentication option is installed, user authentication |
| authentication | supports two modes (local authentication and remote authentication). The |
| | TOE uses local authentication. |
| Local | A mode to perform user authentication of the TOE using the user |
| Authentication | information registered in the MFD. |
| Remote | A mode to perform user authentication of the TOE using the user |
| Authentication | information registered in the external authentication server. |
| ramonuoduon | |

| Overwrite | A function to overwrite the data area with specific data when deleting |
|------------------|---|
| Storage | document data stored on a storage device. |
| Storage data | A function to encrypt the storage that stores some of the assets under |
| encryption | protection. |
| Overwrite | A function to overwrites the data area with specific data when deleting |
| Storage | document data stored on a storage device. |
| Decompose | A function to analyze the data written in PDL and convert the data into |
| function | bitmap data. |
| Decompose | The action of analyzing the data written in PDL and converting the data into |
| Decompose | bitmap data by using the decompose function. |
| Auto Clear | A function to automatically log out after a specified period of time passes |
| Auto Clear | without any operations performed on the control panel or Web UI. |
| Customer | Customer service engineer, an engineer who maintains and repairs the |
| Engineer | MFD. |
| | A person who accesses the TOE or protected property by unauthorized |
| Attacker | means. Includes users who attempt access by disguising themselves as |
| | authenticated users. |
| 0 | A panel on which buttons, lamps, and a touch-screen display, which are |
| Control panel | necessary for MFD operations, are arranged. |
| General user | |
| client | A client for a general user. |
| System | |
| administrator | A client for a system administrator. A system administrator can refer to and |
| client | change the TOE setting data of the MFD via web browser. |
| | A software to convert the data on a general user client into print data written |
| Printer driver | in page description language (PDL), a readable format for MFD. Used on |
| | the user client. |
| | The data written in PDL, a readable format for MFD. Print data is converted |
| Print data | into bitmap data by the decompose function of the TOE. |
| | The decomposed data of the data read by the copy function and the print |
| Bitmap data | data transmitted sent by the print function from a user client to MFD. Bitmap |
| - | data is stored to the storage after being compressed in a unique process. |
| Original | |
| document | Texts, images and photos to be read on IIT by the copy function. |
| | The data created by the TOE or for the TOE and may affect the TOE |
| TOE setting data | security functions. Included in the TSF data. |
| Cryptographic | 256-bit data which is automatically generated. When document data is |
| key | stored to the storage device, it is encrypted with the cryptographic key. |
| Network | A general term to indicate both external and internal networks. |
| | The network which cannot be managed by the organization that manages |
| External network | the TOE. This does not include the internal network. |
| | Channels between the MFD and the trusted remote servers and client |
| Internal network | computers. The channels are located in the network of the organization that |
| | |

| | the TOP. The metandaic metants of the second training from |
|------------------|---|
| | owns the TOE. The network is protected from the security risks coming from |
| | the external network. |
| Public telephone | Line/network for sending/receiving fax data. |
| line/network | |
| Fax data | Sent/received data in the public telephone line for faxes. |
| Certificate | Defined in ITU-T recommendation X.509. A certificate includes the data for |
| | user authentication (name, distinguished name, organization which the user |
| | belongs to, etc.), public key, expiry date, serial number, signature, etc. |
| Data on | Minimum user password length to set the user password on the MFD |
| minimum user | control panel. |
| password length | Included in the TOE setting data. |
| Key Operator | Password data for Key Operator authentication. Included in the TOE setting |
| password | data. |
| SA password | Password data for SA authentication. Included in the TOE setting data. |
| U.Normal | Password data for general user (U.NORMAL) authentication. Included in |
| password | the TOE setting data. |
| Data on access | The data on whether to enable/disable access denial due to authentication |
| denial due to | failure. They also incorporate the data on the allowable number of the |
| authentication | failures before access denial. Included in the TOE setting data. |
| failures | |
| Data on auditing | The data on whether to enable/disable the function to trace/record auditable |
| | events, when, and who, and carried out which actions (such as user |
| | operation, device failure and configuration change,). Included in the TOE |
| | setting data. |
| Data on user | The data on whether to enable/disable the authentication function. The |
| authentication | authentication function is performed using the user authentication |
| | information when copy, scan, fax, and print functions of MFD are |
| | performed. It also incorporates the data on the authentication method. |
| | Included in the TOE setting data. |
| Data on use of | The data on whether to enable/disable the use of password when the user |
| password | authentication is performed on the control panel. Included in the TOE |
| entered from | setting data. |
| MFD | |
| control panel in | |
| user | |
| authentication | |
| Data on Private | The setting data on whether to store the received print data to Private Print |
| Charge Print | area or print it out. Included in the TOE setting data. |
| Data on trusted | Data on whether the general encrypted communication protocols |
| communications | (TLS/HTTPS and TLS) are enabled/disabled and their detailed settings and |
| | certificate, authentication passwords, encryption keys, and shared keys to |
| | protect communication data in the internal network such as document data, |
| | |

| | job information, audit log, and TOE setting data. Included in the TOE setting |
|-------------------|---|
| | data. |
| Data on | The data on whether to enable/disable the Customer Engineer Operation |
| Customer | Restriction function and the data on the maintenance password. Included in |
| Engineer | the TOE setting data. |
| operation | |
| restriction | |
| Data on | The data on whether to enable/disable the functions related to Overwrite |
| Overwrite | Storage. Included in the TOE setting data. |
| Storage | |
| Data on storage | The data on whether to enable/disable the functions related to storage data |
| data encryption | encryption. Included in the TOE setting data. |
| Data on date and | The time zone / summer time information and the present time data. |
| time | Included in the TOE setting data. |
| Data on Auto | The data on whether to enable/disable the functions of Auto Clear and the |
| Clear | timing to clear on the control panel and Web UI. Included in the TOE setting |
| | data. |
| Data on Self Test | The data on whether to enable/disable the Self Test function. Included in |
| | the TOE setting data. |
| Data on Report | The data on whether to enable/disable the Report Print function. Included in |
| Print | the TOE setting data. |
| Data on | The setting data on firmware update functions. Setting data of Firmware |
| Firmware update | Update. Included in the TOE setting data. |
| | |

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