



Certification Report

PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration)

Sponsor and developer: Polska Wytwórnia Papierów Wartościowych S.A.

ul. Sanguszki 1 00-222 Warszawa

Poland

Evaluation facility: TÜV Informationstechnik GmbH

Am TÜV 1 45307 Essen Germany

Report number: NSCIB-CC-2300119-01-CR2

Report version: 2

Project number: NSCIB-2300119-01

Author(s): Kjartan Jæger Kvassnes

Date: 25 April 2025

Number of pages: 12

Number of appendices: 0

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Foreword

The Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security (NSCIB) provides a third-party evaluation and certification service for determining the trustworthiness of Information Technology (IT) security products. Under this NSCIB, TrustCB B.V. has the task of issuing certificates for IT security products, as well as for protection profiles and sites.

Part of the procedure is the technical examination (evaluation) of the product, protection profile or site according to the Common Criteria assessment guidelines published by the NSCIB. Evaluations are performed by an IT Security Evaluation Facility (ITSEF) under the oversight of the NSCIB Certification Body, which is operated by TrustCB B.V. in cooperation with the Ministry of the Interior and Kingdom Relations.

An ITSEF in the Netherlands is a commercial facility that has been licensed by TrustCB B.V. to perform Common Criteria evaluations; a significant requirement for such a licence is accreditation to the requirements of ISO Standard 17025 "General requirements for the accreditation of calibration and testing laboratories".

By awarding a Common Criteria certificate, TrustCB B.V. asserts that the product or site complies with the security requirements specified in the associated (site) security target, or that the protection profile (PP) complies with the requirements for PP evaluation specified in the Common Criteria for Information Security Evaluation. A (site) security target is a requirements specification document that defines the scope of the evaluation activities.

The consumer should review the (site) security target or protection profile, in addition to this certification report, to gain an understanding of any assumptions made during the evaluation, the IT product's intended environment, its security requirements, and the level of confidence (i.e., the evaluation assurance level) that the product or site satisfies the security requirements stated in the (site) security target.

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Recognition of the Certificate

Presence of the Common Criteria Recognition Arrangement (CCRA) and the SOG-IS logos on the certificate indicates that this certificate is issued in accordance with the provisions of the CCRA and the SOG-IS Mutual Recognition Agreement (SOG-IS MRA) and will be recognised by the participating nations.

International recognition

The CCRA was signed by the Netherlands in May 2000 and provides mutual recognition of certificates based on the Common Criteria (CC). Since September 2014 the CCRA has been updated to provide mutual recognition of certificates based on cPPs (exact use) or STs with evaluation assurance components up to and including EAL2+ALC_FLR.

For details of the current list of signatory nations and approved certification schemes, see http://www.commoncriteriaportal.org.

European recognition

The SOG-IS MRA Version 3, effective since April 2010, provides mutual recognition in Europe of Common Criteria and ITSEC certificates at a basic evaluation level for all products. A higher recognition level for evaluation levels beyond EAL4 (respectively E3-basic) is provided for products related to specific technical domains. This agreement was signed initially by Finland, France, Germany, The Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom. Italy joined the SOG-IS MRA in December 2010.

For details of the current list of signatory nations, approved certification schemes and the list of technical domains for which the higher recognition applies, see https://www.sogis.eu.



1 Executive Summary

This Certification Report states the outcome of the Common Criteria security evaluation of the PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration). The developer of the PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration) is Polska Wytwórnia Papierów Wartościowych S.A. located in Warszaw, Poland and they also act as the sponsor of the evaluation and certification. A Certification Report is intended to assist prospective consumers when judging the suitability of the IT security properties of the product for their particular requirements.

The TOE is a MRTD intended to be used as a travel document, e.g. ePassports or residence permit card. It addresses the advanced security algorithms: Password Authenticated Connection Establishment (PACE) and Extended Access Control (EAC) (Chip Authentication (CA) with Terminal Authentication (TA)) as defined in [Doc9303], [TR03110-1] and [TR03110-3].

The TOE has been evaluated by TÜV Informationstechnik GmbH located in Essen, Germany. The evaluation was completed on 25 April 2025 with the approval of the ETR. The certification procedure has been conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security [NSCIB].

The scope of the evaluation is defined by the security target [ST], which identifies assumptions made during the evaluation, the intended environment for the PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration), the security requirements, and the level of confidence (evaluation assurance level) at which the product is intended to satisfy the security requirements. Consumers of the PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration) are advised to verify that their own environment is consistent with the security target, and to give due consideration to the comments, observations and recommendations in this certification report.

The results documented in the evaluation technical report [ETR] ¹ for this product provide sufficient evidence that the TOE meets the EAL4 augmented (EAL4+) assurance requirements for the evaluated security functionality. This assurance level is augmented with ATE_DPT.2 (Testing: security enforcing modules), ALC_DVS.2 (Sufficiency of security measures) and AVA_VAN.5 (Advanced methodical vulnerability analysis).

The evaluation was conducted using the Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5 [CEM] for conformance to the Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1 Revision 5 [CC] (Parts I, II and III).

TrustCB B.V., as the NSCIB Certification Body, declares that the evaluation meets all the conditions for international recognition of Common Criteria Certificates and that the product will be listed on the NSCIB Certified Products list. Note that the certification results apply only to the specific version of the product as evaluated.

This document was re-issued as version 2 to correct an error in the evaluation completion date.

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The Evaluation Technical Report contains information proprietary to the developer and/or the evaluator, and is not available for public review.



2 Certification Results

2.1 Identification of Target of Evaluation

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) for this evaluation is the PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration) from Polska Wytwórnia Papierów Wartościowych S.A. located in Warszaw, Poland.

The TOE is comprised of the following main components:

Delivery item type	Identifier	Version
Hardware	NXP Smart Card Controller N7122 with IC Dedicated Software and Crypto Library (R1/R2/R3) registered under the reference BSI- DSZ-CC-1149-V3-2023	R1/R2/R3
Platform	JCOP 4.5 P71, registered under the reference NSCIB-CC-2300127-01	4.5
Software	PWPW SmartApp-ID (MRTD configuration)	5.0

To ensure secure usage a set of guidance documents is provided, together with the PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration). For details, see section 2.5 "Documentation" of this report.

For a detailed and precise description of the TOE lifecycle, see the [ST] or [ST-Lite], Chapter 1.3.5.

2.2 Security Policy

The TOE is a Java Card configured to provide a contact and contactless integrated circuit chip containing components for a machine-readable travel document (MRTD chip). The TOE comprises of a Java Card applet executed on top of the Common Criteria certified hardware and software.

The TOE supports the following security protocols/mechanisms specific for travel documents:

- 1. Password Authenticated Connection Establishment
 - a. Generic Mapping,
 - b. Chip Authentication Mapping (PACE-CAM),
- 2. Extended Access Control, i.e.:
 - a. Chip Authentication,
 - b. Terminal Authentication,
- Passive Authentication.

2.3 Assumptions and Clarification of Scope

2.3.1 Assumptions

The assumptions defined in the Security Target are not covered by the TOE itself. These aspects lead to specific Security Objectives to be fulfilled by the TOE-Environment. For detailed information on the security objectives that must be fulfilled by the TOE environment, see section 4.2 of the [ST] or [ST-Lite].

2.3.2 Clarification of scope

The evaluation did not reveal any threats to the TOE that are not countered by the evaluated security functions of the product.

Note that the ICAO MRTD infrastructure critically depends on the objectives for the environment to be met. These are not weaknesses of this particular TOE, but aspects of the ICAO MRTD infrastructure as a whole.

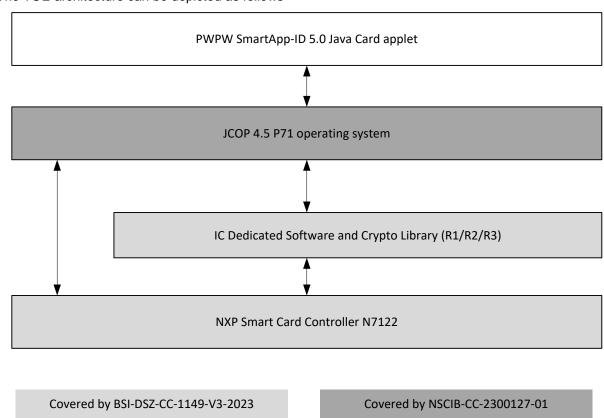


The environment in which the TOE is personalised must perform proper and safe personalisation according to the guidance and referred ICAO guidelines.

The environment in which the TOE is used must ensure that the inspection system protects the confidentiality and integrity of the data send and read from the TOE.

2.4 Architectural Information

The TOE architecture can be depicted as follows



The TOE is a composite product comprising the application implementing the security functionality of the TOE by relying of the underlying certified OS functionalities coming from the JCOP OS running on the HW IC. For each of the security functionalities, the application implements a subsystem with the according functionality. Those subsystems interact together to ensure the TOE functionality in terms of TOE architecture.

2.5 Documentation

The following documentation is provided with the product by the developer to the customer:

Identifier	Version	
PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration): Preparative procedures	5.0.5.0	
PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration): Operational user guidance	5.0.5.0	

2.6 IT Product Testing

Testing (depth, coverage, functional tests, independent testing): The evaluators examined the developer's testing activities documentation and verified that the developer has met their testing responsibilities.



2.6.1 Testing approach and depth

The developer performed extensive testing on functional specification, subsystem and module level. All parameter choices were addressed at least once. All boundary cases identified were tested explicitly, and additionally the near-boundary conditions were covered probabilistically. The testing was largely automated using industry standard and proprietary test suites. Test scripts were used extensively to verify that the functions return the expected values.

The underlying hardware and crypto-library test results are extendable to composite evaluations, because the underlying platform is operated according to its guidance and the composite evaluation requirements are met.

For the testing performed by the evaluators, the developer provided samples and a test environment. The evaluators reproduced a selection of the developer tests, as well as a small number of test cases designed by the evaluator.

2.6.2 Independent penetration testing

Based on a list of potential vulnerabilities applicable to the TOE in its operational environment created during vulnerability analysis, the evaluators derived the attack scenarios for penetration tests when they were of the opinion, that those potential vulnerabilities could be exploited in the TOE's operational environment. While doing this, also the aspects of the security architecture were considered for penetration testing.

Source code reviews of the provided implementation representation accompanied the development of test cases were used to find input for testing. The code inspection also supported the testing activities because it enabled the evaluator to verify implementation aspects that could hardly be covered by test cases.

In addition, the evaluator applied tests and performed code reviews during the evaluation activity to verify the implementation of the requirements imposed by the *[Plat ETRfC]* and the guidance of the underlying platform OS. This ensured confidence in the security of the TOE as a whole.

The total test effort expended by the evaluators was 22 days. During that test campaign, 30% of the total time was spent on Perturbation attacks, and 70% on logical tests.

2.6.3 Test configuration

The following configuration was used for testing:

PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration).

There is only one configuration of the TOE.

2.6.4 Test results

The testing activities, including configurations, procedures, test cases, expected results and observed results are summarised in the *[ETR]*, with references to the documents containing the full details.

The developer's tests and the independent functional tests produced the expected results, giving assurance that the TOE behaves as specified in its [ST] and functional specification.

No exploitable vulnerabilities were found with the independent penetration tests.

The algorithmic security level of cryptographic functionality has not been rated in this certification process, but the current consensus on the algorithmic security level in the open domain, i.e., from the current best cryptanalytic attacks published, has been taken into account.

2.7 Reused Evaluation Results

There has been extensive reuse of the ALC aspects for the sites involved in the software component of the TOE. Sites involved in the development and production of the hardware platform were reused by composition.



2.8 Evaluated Configuration

The TOE is defined uniquely by its name and version number PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration).

2.9 Evaluation Results

The evaluation lab documented their evaluation results in the [ETR], which references an ASE Intermediate Report and other evaluator documents.

The verdict of each claimed assurance requirement is "Pass".

Based on the above evaluation results the evaluation lab concluded the PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration), to be **CC Part 2 extended, CC Part 3 conformant**, and to meet the requirements of **EAL 4 augmented with ATE_DPT.2, ALC_DVS.2 and AVA_VAN.5**. This implies that the product satisfies the security requirements specified in Security Target *[ST]*.

The Security Target claims 'strict' conformance to the Protection Profiles [PP_0056] and [PP_0068].

2.10 Comments/Recommendations

The user guidance as outlined in section 2.5 "Documentation" contains necessary information about the usage of the TOE. Certain aspects of the TOE's security functionality, in particular the countermeasures against attacks, depend on accurate conformance to the user guidance of both the software and the hardware part of the TOE. There are no particular obligations or recommendations for the user apart from following the user guidance. Please note that the documents contain relevant details concerning the resistance against certain attacks.

In addition, all aspects of assumptions, threats and policies as outlined in the Security Target not covered by the TOE itself must be fulfilled by the operational environment of the TOE.

The customer or user of the product shall consider the results of the certification within his system risk management process. For the evolution of attack methods and techniques to be covered, the customer should define the period of time until a re-assessment for the TOE is required and thus requested from the sponsor of the certificate.

The strength of the cryptographic algorithms and protocols was not rated in the course of this evaluation. This specifically applies to the following proprietary or non-standard algorithms, protocols and implementations: <none>.

Not all key sizes specified in the [ST] have sufficient cryptographic strength to satisfy the AVA_VAN.5 "high attack potential". To be protected against attackers with a "high attack potential", appropriate cryptographic algorithms with sufficiently large cryptographic key sizes shall be used (references can be found in national and international documents and standards).



3 Security Target

The PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration) Security Target, Version 5.0.5.0, Dated 08 May 2024 [ST] is included here by reference.

Please note that, to satisfy the need for publication, a public version [ST-lite] has been created and verified according to [ST-SAN].

4 Definitions

This list of acronyms and definitions contains elements that are not already defined by the CC or CEM:

BAC Basic Access Control

IC Integrated Circuit

IT Information Technology

ITSEF IT Security Evaluation Facility

JIL Joint Interpretation Library

MRTD Machine Readable Travel Document

NSCIB Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the area of IT Security

PACE Password Authenticated Connection Establishment

PP Protection Profile

TOE Target of Evaluation



5 Bibliography

This section lists all referenced documentation used as source material in the compilation of this report.

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$\cup \cup$	Continuon	Chiena ioi inionnalio	II I GUIIIUIUGY OGU	unity Evaluation	, i aito i, i	

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[CEM] Common Methodology for Information Technology Security Evaluation,

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[COMP] Joint Interpretation Library, Composite product evaluation for Smart Cards

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December 2023

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dated 16 January 2024

[PLAT-ETRfC] Evaluation Technical Report for Composition "NXP JCOP 4.5 P71" – EAL6+,

23-RPT-1350, version 2.0, Dated 20 December 2023

[PLAT-ST] JCOP 4.5 P71 Security Target Lite, Rev 2.6, Dated 11 December 2023

[JIL-AAPS] JIL Application of Attack Potential to Smartcards, Version 3.2.1, February

2024

[JIL-AMS] Attack Methods for Smartcards and Similar Devices, Version 2.5, May 2022

(sensitive with controlled distribution)

[NSCIB] Netherlands Scheme for Certification in the Area of IT Security, Version 2.6,

02 August 2022

[PP 0056] Protection Profile Machine Readable Travel Document with "ICAO

Application", Extended Access Control with PACE (EAC PP), Version 1.3.2, 05 December 2012, registered under the reference BSI-CC-PP-0056-V2-

2012

[PP_0068] Protection Profile Machine Readable Travel Document using Standard

Inspection Procedure with PACE, Version 1.0.1, 22 July 2014, registered

under the reference BSI-CC-PP-0068-V2-2011-MA-01

[ETR] EVALUATION TECHNICAL REPORT SUMMARY (ETR SUMMARY)

8120833745 / NSCIB-2300119-01, Version 4, Dated 18 March 2025

[ST] PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration) Security Target, Version

5.0.5.0, Dated 08 May 2024

[ST-lite] PWPW SmartApp-ID 5.0 (MRTD configuration) Security Target Lite, Version

5.0.1.0, Dated 04 November 2024

[ST-SAN] ST sanitising for publication, CC Supporting Document CCDB-2006-04-004,

April 2006

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(This is the end of this report.)