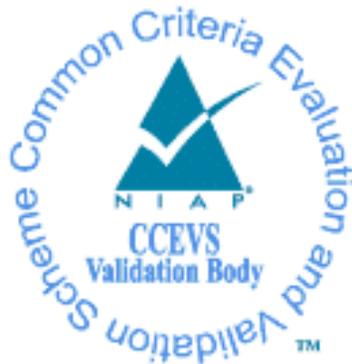


National Information Assurance Partnership Common Criteria Evaluation and Validation Scheme



Validation Report Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring

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1 Executive Summary

This report documents the assessment of the National Information Assurance Partnership (NIAP) validation team of the evaluation of Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring solution provided by Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. It presents the evaluation results, their justifications, and the conformance results. This Validation Report is not an endorsement of the Target of Evaluation by any agency of the U.S. government, and no warranty is either expressed or implied.

The evaluation was performed by the Gossamer Security Solutions (Gossamer) Common Criteria Testing Laboratory (CCTL) in Columbia, MD, United States of America, and was completed in May 2022. The information in this report is largely derived from the Evaluation Technical Report (ETR) and associated test reports, all written by Gossamer Security Solutions. The evaluation determined that the product is both Common Criteria Part 2 Extended and Part 3 Conformant, and meets the assurance requirements of the Protection Profile for Mobile Device Fundamentals, Version 3.2, 15 April 2021 with the General Purpose Operating Systems Protection Profile/Mobile Device Fundamentals Protection Profile Extended Package (EP) Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Clients, Version 1.0, 08 February 2016; the PP-Module for Virtual Private Network (VPN) Clients, version 2.3, 10 August 2021; the PP-Module for Bluetooth, Version 1.0, 2021; and the Functional Package for TLS, Version 1.1, 12 February 2019.

The Target of Evaluation (TOE) is the Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring.

The TOE identified in this Validation Report has been evaluated at a NIAP approved Common Criteria Testing Laboratory using the Common Methodology for IT Security Evaluation (Version 3.1, Rev 5) for conformance to the Common Criteria for IT Security Evaluation (Version 3.1, Rev 5). This Validation Report applies only to the specific version of the TOE as evaluated. The evaluation has been conducted in accordance with the provisions of the NIAP Common Criteria Evaluation and Validation Scheme and the conclusions of the testing laboratory in the evaluation technical report are consistent with the evidence provided.

The validation team monitored the activities of the evaluation team, provided guidance on technical issues and evaluation processes, and reviewed the individual work units and successive versions of the ETR. The validation team found that the evaluation showed that the product satisfies all of the functional requirements and assurance requirements stated in the Security Target (ST). Therefore, the validation team concludes that the testing laboratory's findings are accurate, the conclusions justified, and the conformance results are correct. The conclusions of the testing laboratory in the evaluation technical report are consistent with the evidence produced.

The technical information included in this report was obtained from the Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 Spring – Security Target, version 0.4, May 20, 2022 and analysis performed by the Validation Team.

2 Identification

The CCEVS is a joint National Security Agency (NSA) and National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) effort to establish commercial facilities to perform trusted product evaluations. Under this program, security evaluations are conducted by commercial testing laboratories called Common Criteria Testing Laboratories (CCTLs) using the Common Evaluation Methodology (CEM) in accordance with National Voluntary Laboratory Assessment Program (NVLAP) accreditation.

The NIAP Validation Body assigns Validators to monitor the CCTLs to ensure quality and consistency across evaluations. Developers of information technology products desiring a security evaluation contract with a CCTL and pay a fee for their product’s evaluation. Upon successful completion of the evaluation, the product is added to NIAP’s Validated Products List.

Table 1 provides information needed to completely identify the product, including:

- The Target of Evaluation (TOE): the fully qualified identifier of the product as evaluated.
- The Security Target (ST), describing the security features, claims, and assurances of the product.
- The conformance result of the evaluation.
- The Protection Profile to which the product is conformant.
- The organizations and individuals participating in the evaluation.

Table 1: Evaluation Identifiers

Item	Identifier
Evaluation Scheme	United States NIAP Common Criteria Evaluation and Validation Scheme
TOE	Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring (Specific models identified in Section 8)
Protection Profile	PP-Configuration for Mobile Device Fundamentals, Virtual Private Network (VPN) Clients, and Bluetooth, 15 May 2022 (CFG_MDF-VPNC-BT_V1.0) The PP-Configuration includes the following components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Base-PP: Protection Profile for Mobile Device Fundamentals, Version 3.2, (PP_MD_V3.2) • PP-Module: PP-Module for Virtual Private Network (VPN) Clients, Version 2.3, (MOD_VPNC-MDF_V2.3) • PP-Module: PP-Module for Bluetooth, Version 1.0, (MOD_BT_V1.0) Package Claims: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • General Purpose Operating Systems Protection Profile/Mobile Device Fundamentals Protection Profile Extended Package (EP) Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Clients, Version 1.0, 08 February 2016 (PP_WLAN_CLI_EP_V1.0)

Item	Identifier
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Functional Package: Functional Package for Transport Layer Security (TLS), Version 1.1, (PKG_TLS_V1.1)
ST	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 – Security Target, version 0.3, April 15, 2022
Evaluation Technical Report	Evaluation Technical Report for Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring, version 0.1, April 15, 2022
CC Version	Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation, Version 3.1, rev 5
Conformance Result	CC Part 2 extended, CC Part 3 extended
Sponsor	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Developer	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
Common Criteria Testing Lab (CCTL)	Gossamer Security Solutions, Inc. Columbia, MD
CCEVS Validators	Jerome Myers, Ph.D. Patrick Mallett, Ph.D. DeRon Graves

3 Architectural Information

Note: The following architectural description is based on the description presented in the Security Target.

The TOE is a mobile device based on Android 12 with a built-in IPsec VPN client and modifications made to increase the level of security provided to end users and enterprises. The TOE is intended for use as part of an enterprise mobility solution providing mobile staff with enterprise connectivity.

The TOE includes a Common Criteria mode (or “CC mode”) that an administrator can invoke using an MDM. The TOE must meet the following prerequisites in order for an administrator to transition the TOE to and remain in the CC configuration.

- Require a boot and device lock password (swipe, PIN, pattern, accessibility (direction), screen locks are not allowed). Acceptable biometrics vary with the device for the device lock.
- The maximum password failure retry policy should be less than or equal to 30.
- A screen lock password required to decrypt data on boot.
- Revocation checking must be enabled.
- Security and audit logging must be enabled.
- External storage must be encrypted.
- Developer debugging must be disabled

- When CC mode has been enabled, the TOE behaves as follows:
 - The TOE sets the system wide Android CC mode property to be enabled.
 - The TOE prevents loading of custom firmware/kernels and requires all updates occur through FOTA.
 - The TOE utilizes ACVP/CAVP approved cryptographic ciphers for TLS.

The TOE includes the ability to create separate profiles part of the Knox Platform. A profile provides a way to segment applications and data into two separate areas on the device, such as a personal area and a work area, each with its own separate apps, data and security policies. For this effort, the TOE was evaluated both without and with profiles created. Thus, the evaluation includes several Knox-specific claims that apply when these profiles are created.

There are different models of the TOE, the Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12, and these models differ in their internal components (as described in the table below). All devices are A64 architecture.

3.1 TOE Evaluated Platforms

Detail regarding the evaluated configuration is provided in Section 8 below.

3.2 TOE Architecture

The TOE combines with a Mobile Device Management solution (note that this evaluation does not include an MDM agent nor server) that enables the Enterprise to watch, control and administer all deployed mobile devices, across multiple mobile service providers as well as facilitate secure communications through a VPN. This partnership provides a secure mobile environment that can be managed and controlled by the environment and reduces the risks inherent in any mobile deployment.

Data on the TOE is protected through the implementation of Samsung File-Based Encryption (FBE) that utilizes ACVP/CAVP certified cryptographic algorithms to encrypt device storage. This functionality is combined with a number of on-device policies including local wipe, remote wipe, password complexity, automatic lock and privileged access to security configurations to prevent unauthorized access to the device and stored data.

The Knox Platform for Enterprise provides a set of flexible deployment options for work environments. With Knox Platform for Enterprise, it is possible to segment the device into two separate areas, by convention called the personal profile and the work profile. In creating a work profile, the Enterprise establishes a completely separate workspace, with its own authentication, applications and services, and ensure they are kept separate from anything the user may do in the personal profile. Another option for deployment is Knox Separated Apps, a folder where the Enterprise can isolate a group of applications from the rest of the device, restricting access to shared information, while maintaining seamless access to the isolated applications for the user.

The Samsung Knox Software Development Kit (SDK) builds on top of the existing Android security model by expanding the current set of security configuration options to more than 600

configurable policies and including additional security functionality such as application allow and block listing.

3.3 Physical Boundaries

The TOE is a multi-user capable mobile device based on Android 12 that incorporates the Samsung Knox SDK. The TOE does not include the user applications that run on top of the operating system, but does include controls that limit application behavior. The TOE includes an IPsec VPN client integrated into the firmware (as opposed to a downloadable application). Within an Enterprise environment, the Enterprise can manage the configuration of the mobile device, including the VPN client, through a compliant device management solution.

The TOE communicates and interacts with 802.11-2012 Access Points and mobile data networks to establish network connectivity, and the through that connectivity interacts with MDM servers that allow administrative control of the TOE.

4 Security Policy

This section summarizes the security functionality of the TOE:

1. Security audit
2. Cryptographic support
3. User data protection
4. Identification and authentication
5. Security management
6. Protection of the TSF
7. TOE access
8. Trusted path/channels

4.1 Security audit

The TOE generates logs for a range of security relevant events. The TOE stores the logs locally so they can be accessed by an administrator or they can be exported to an MDM.

4.2 Cryptographic support

The TOE includes multiple cryptographic libraries with ACVP certified algorithms for a wide range of cryptographic functions including the following: asymmetric key generation and establishment, symmetric key generation, encryption/decryption, cryptographic hashing and keyed-hash message authentication. These functions are supported with suitable random bit generation, key derivation, salt generation, initialization vector generation, secure key storage, and key and protected data destruction. These primitive cryptographic functions are used to implement security protocols such as TLS, EAP-TLS, IPsec, and HTTPS and to encrypt the media (including the generation and protection of data and key encryption keys) used by the TOE. Many of these cryptographic functions are also accessible as services to applications running on the TOE.

4.3 User data protection

The TOE controls access to system services by hosted applications, including protection of the Trust Anchor Database. Additionally, the TOE protects user and other sensitive data using encryption so that even if a device is physically lost, the data remains protected. The functionality provided by work profiles and Knox Separated Apps enhance the security of user data by providing an additional layer of separation between different categories of apps and data while the device is in use. The TOE ensures that residual information is protected from potential reuse in accessible objects such as network packets.

4.4 Identification and authentication

The TOE supports a number of features related to identification and authentication. From a user perspective, except for making phone calls to an emergency number, a password or Biometric Authentication Factor (BAF) must be correctly entered to unlock the TOE. In addition, even when the TOE is unlocked the password must be re-entered to change the password or re-enroll the biometric template. Passwords are obscured when entered so they cannot be read from the TOE's display, the frequency of entering passwords is limited and when a configured number of failures occurs, the TOE will be wiped to protect its contents. Passwords can be constructed using upper and lower case characters, numbers, and special characters and passwords between 4 and 16 characters are supported.

The TOE can also serve as an 802.1X supplicant and can use X.509v3 and validate certificates for EAP-TLS, TLS and IPsec exchanges. The TOE can also act as a client or server in an authenticated Bluetooth pairing. In addition to storing X.509 certificates used for IPsec connections, the TOE can also securely store pre-shared keys for VPN connections.

4.5 Security management

The TOE provides all the interfaces necessary to manage the security functions (including the VPN client) identified throughout this Security Target as well as other functions commonly found in mobile devices. Many of the available functions are available to users of the TOE while many are restricted to administrators operating through a Mobile Device Management solution once the TOE has been enrolled. Once the TOE has been enrolled and then un-enrolled, it removes all MDM policies and disables CC mode.

4.6 Protection of the TSF

The TOE implements a number of features to protect itself to ensure the reliability and integrity of its security features. It protects particularly sensitive data such as cryptographic keys so that they are not accessible or exportable. It also provides its own timing mechanism to ensure that reliable time information is available (e.g., for log accountability). It enforces read, write, and execute memory page protections, uses address space layout randomization, and stack-based buffer overflow protections to minimize the potential to exploit application flaws. It also protects itself from modification by applications as well as isolates the address spaces of applications from one another to protect those applications.

The TOE includes functions to perform self-tests and software/firmware integrity checking so that it might detect when it is failing or may be corrupt. If any self-tests fail, the TOE will not go into an operational mode. It also includes mechanisms (i.e., verification of the digital signature of each new image) so that the TOE itself can be updated while ensuring that the updates will not introduce malicious or other unexpected changes in the TOE. Digital signature checking also extends to verifying applications prior to their installation.

4.7 TOE access

The TOE can be locked, obscuring its display, by the user or after a configured interval of inactivity. The TOE also has the capability to display an advisory message (banner) when users unlock the TOE for use.

The TOE is also able to attempt to connect to wireless networks as configured.

4.8 Trusted path/channels

The TOE supports the use of 802.11-2012, 802.1X, EAP-TLS, TLS, HTTPS and IPsec to secure communications channels between itself and other trusted network devices.

5 Assumptions & Clarification of Scope

Assumptions

The Security Problem Definition, including the assumptions, may be found in the following documents:

- Protection Profile for Mobile Device Fundamentals, Version 3.2, 15 April 2021 with the General Purpose Operating Systems Protection Profile/Mobile Device Fundamentals Protection Profile Extended Package (EP) Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Clients, Version 1.0, 08 February 2016; the PP-Module for Virtual Private Network (VPN) Clients, version 2.3, 10 August 2021; the PP-Module for Bluetooth, Version 1.0, 2021; and the Functional Package for TLS, Version 1.1, 12 February 2019

That information has not been reproduced here and the PP_MDF_V3.2/PP_WLAN_CLI_EP_V1.0/MOD_BT_V1.0/MOD_VPNC_V2.3/PKG_TLS_V1.1 should be consulted if there is interest in that material.

The scope of this evaluation was limited to the functionality and assurances covered in the PP_MDF_V3.2/PP_WLAN_CLI_EP_V1.0/MOD_BT_V1.0/MOD_VPNC_V2.3/PKG_TLS_V1.1 as described for this TOE in the Security Target. Other functionality included in the product was not assessed as part of this evaluation. All other functionality provided by the devices needs to be assessed separately, and no further conclusions can be drawn about their effectiveness.

Clarification of scope

All evaluations (and all products) have limitations, as well as potential misconceptions that need clarification. This text covers some of the more important limitations and clarifications of this evaluation. Note that:

- As with any evaluation, this evaluation only shows that the evaluated configuration meets the security claims made with a certain level of assurance (the assurance activities specified in the Mobile Device Fundamentals Protection Profile with the Extended Package for Wireless LAN Client, the Module for Bluetooth, the Module for Virtual Private Network Clients, and the Functional Package for TLS and performed by the evaluation team).
- This evaluation covers only the specific device models and software as identified in this document, and not any earlier or later versions released or in process.
- Apart from the Admin Guide, additional customer documentation for the specific Mobile Device models was not included in the scope of the evaluation and therefore should not to be relied upon when configuring or operating the device as evaluated.
- This evaluation did not specifically search for, nor attempt to exploit, vulnerabilities that were not “obvious” or vulnerabilities to objectives not claimed in the ST. The CEM defines an “obvious” vulnerability as one that is easily exploited with a minimum of understanding of the TOE, technical sophistication and resources.
- The functionality evaluated is scoped exclusively to the security functional requirements specified in the PP_MDF_V3.2/PP_WLAN_CLI_EP_V1.0/MOD_BT_V1.0/MOD_VPNC_V2.3/PKG_TLS_V1.1 and applicable Technical Decisions. Any additional security related functional capabilities of the TOE were not covered by this evaluation.

6 Documentation

The following documents were available with the TOE for evaluation:

- Samsung Android 12 on Galaxy Devices Administrator Guide, Version 8.0.1, April 15, 2022

Any additional customer documentation provided with the product, or that is available online was not included in the scope of the evaluation and therefore should not to be relied upon when configuring or operating the device as evaluated.

To use the product in the evaluated configuration, the product must be configured as specified in the Guidance Documentation listed above. Consumers are encouraged to download the configuration guides from the NIAP website to ensure the device is configured as evaluated.

7 IT Product Testing

This section describes the testing efforts of the developer and the Evaluation Team. It is derived from information contained in the proprietary Detailed Test Report for Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring, Version 0.1, April 15, 2022 (DTR), as summarized in the evaluation Assurance Activity Report (AAR) section 3.4.

7.1 Developer Testing

No evidence of developer testing is required in the assurance activities for this product.

7.2 Evaluation Team Independent Testing

The evaluation team verified the product according to a Common Criteria Certification document and ran the tests specified in the PP_MDF_V3.2/PP_WLAN_CLI_EP_V1.0/MOD_BT_V1.0/MOD_VPNC_V2.3/PKG_TLS_V1.1 including the tests associated with optional requirements. The AAR, in sections 1.1 lists the tested devices, provides a list of test tools, and has diagrams of the test environment.

8 Evaluated Configuration

The evaluated configuration consists of the hardware and software listed in the tables below when configured in accordance with the documentation specified in section 6. The model numbers of the mobile devices used during evaluation testing are as follows:

Device Name	Model Number	Chipset Vendor	SoC	Arch	Kernel	Build Number
Galaxy S22 Ultra 5G	SM-S908B	Samsung	Exynos 2200	ARMv8	5.10	SP1A.210812.016
Galaxy S22 5G	SM-S901U	Qualcomm	Snapdragon 8 Gen 1 Mobile Platform	ARMv8	5.10	SP1A.210812.016
Galaxy S21 Ultra 5G	SM-G998B	Samsung	Exynos 2100	ARMv8	5.4.61	RP1A.200720.012
Galaxy S21 Ultra 5G	SM-G998U	Qualcomm	Snapdragon 888	ARMv8	5.4.61	RP1A.200720.012
Galaxy XCover Pro	SM-G715FN	Samsung	Exynos 9611	ARMv8	4.14.113	RP1A.200720.012
Galaxy S20+ 5G	SM-G986B	Samsung	Exynos 990	ARMv8	4.19.87	RP1A.200720.012
Galaxy S20+ 5G	SM-G986U	Qualcomm	Snapdragon 865	ARMv8	4.19.113	RP1A.200720.012
Galaxy Note10	SM-N976B	Samsung	Exynos 9825	ARMv8	4.14.113	RP1A.200720.012
Galaxy S10e	SM-G970F	Samsung	Exynos 9820	ARMv8	4.14.113	RP1A.200720.012
Galaxy S10+	SM-G975U	Qualcomm	Snapdragon 855	ARMv8	4.14.180	RP1A.200720.012

Table 1 - Evaluated Devices

In addition to the evaluated devices:

Evaluated Device	SoC	Equivalent Devices	Differences
Galaxy S22 Ultra 5G	Exynos 2200	Galaxy S22+ 5G	S22 Ultra > S22+ > S22 in terms of display size
		Galaxy S22 5G	S22+ & S22 devices have S21 Ultra 5G Wi-Fi chip
Galaxy S22 5G	Snapdragon 8 Gen 1 Mobile Platform	Galaxy S22 Ultra 5G	S22 Ultra > S22+ > S22 in terms of display size
		Galaxy S22+ 5G	S22+ & S22 devices have S21 Ultra 5G Wi-Fi chip
		Galaxy Tab S8 Ultra	Tab S8 devices are tablets (no voice calling) with S Pen
		Galaxy Tab S8+	Tab S8 Ultra > Tab S8+ > Tab S7 in terms of display size
		Galaxy Tab S8	Tab S8 Ultra & Tab S8+ have under screen image fingerprint sensor Tab S8 has power button fingerprint sensor
Galaxy S21 Ultra 5G	Exynos 2100	Galaxy S21+ 5G	S21 Ultra > S21+ > S21 > S21 FE in terms of display size
		Galaxy S21 5G	S21+ & S21 devices have S20+ 5G Wi-Fi chip

Evaluated Device	SoC	Equivalent Devices	Differences
Galaxy S21 Ultra 5G	Snapdragon 888	Galaxy S21+ 5G	S21 Ultra > S21+ > S21 > S21 FE in terms of display size
		Galaxy S21 5G	S21+ & S21 devices have S20+ 5G Wi-Fi chip
		Galaxy S21 5G FE	Z Fold3 5G & Z Flip3 5G have 2 displays & folding display
		Galaxy Z Fold3 5G	Z Fold3 5G & Z Flip3 5G have power button fingerprint sensor
		Galaxy Z Flip3 5G	Z Fold3 & Z Flip3 have S22 Ultra Wi-Fi chip
Galaxy S20+ 5G	Exynos 990	Galaxy Note20 Ultra 5G	S20 Ultra > S20+ > S20 > S20 FE in terms of display size
		Galaxy Note20 Ultra LTE	
		Galaxy Note20 5G	5G devices have different cellular modem
		Galaxy Note20 LTE	
		Galaxy S20 Ultra 5G	Note20 Ultra > Note20 in terms of display size
		Galaxy S20+ LTE	
		Galaxy S20 5G	Note20 devices include S Pen & functionality to take advantage of it for input (not security related)
		Galaxy S20 LTE	
Galaxy S20 FE			
Galaxy S20+ 5G	Snapdragon 865	Galaxy Z Fold2 5G	S20 Ultra > S20+ > S20 > S20 FE in terms of display size
		Galaxy Note20 Ultra 5G	Note20 Ultra > Note20 in terms of display size
		Galaxy Note20 5G	Note20 devices include S Pen & functionality to take advantage of it for input (not security related)
		Galaxy Tab S7+	Z Fold2 5G & Z Flip have 2 displays & folding display
		Galaxy Tab S7	Tab S7 devices are tablets (no voice calling) with S Pen
		Galaxy Z Flip 5G	Tx70 tablets only have Wi-Fi, others have cellular
		Galaxy S20 Ultra 5G	Tab S7+ > Tab S7 in terms of display size
		Galaxy S20 5G	Tab S7+ & S20 FE have under screen image fingerprint sensor
		Galaxy S20 FE	Tab S7 & Z Flip 5G have power button fingerprint sensor
Galaxy S10e	Exynos 9820	Galaxy S10+	S10 & S10+ have ultrasonic fingerprint sensor
		Galaxy S10 5G	S10+ > S10 > S10e in terms of display sizes
		Galaxy S10	S10 5G has different cellular modem
Galaxy S10+	Snapdragon 855	Galaxy Note10+ 5G	S10e, Fold & Z Flip have power button image fingerprint sensor
		Galaxy Note10+	S10 & S10e have smaller display sizes
		Galaxy Note10	5G devices have different cellular modem
		Galaxy Tab S6	Fold & Z Flip have 2 displays
		Galaxy S10 5G	Fold & Z Flip have folding display
		Galaxy S10	Note10+ > Note10 in terms of display size
		Galaxy S10e	Note10 devices include S Pen & functionality to take advantage of it for input (not security related)
		Galaxy Fold 5G	Tab S6 is tablet (no voice calling) with S Pen

Evaluated Device	SoC	Equivalent Devices	Differences
Galaxy Note10+ 5G	Exynos 9825	Galaxy Fold	T867 & T865 tablets have LTE, T860 tablets only have Wi-Fi
		Galaxy Z Flip	Tab S6 has under screen image fingerprint sensor
		Galaxy Note10+	Note10+ > Note10 in terms of display size
		Galaxy Note10 5G	5G devices have different cellular modem
Galaxy XCover Pro	Exynos 9611	Galaxy A51	XCover Pro is ruggedized
			XCover Pro has Push-to-Talk button
			XCover Pro has removable battery
			A51 has under screen image fingerprint sensor

Table 2 - Equivalent Devices

In general, the devices include a final letter or number at the end of the name that denotes that the device is for a specific carrier or region (for example, U = US Carrier build and F = International, which were used during the evaluation).

For each device, there are specific models that are validated. This table lists the specific carrier models that have the validated configuration (covering both evaluated and equivalent devices).

Device Name	Chipset Vendor	Base Model Number	Carrier Models
Galaxy S22 Ultra 5G	Samsung	SM-S908	B, B/DS
Galaxy S22 Ultra 5G	Qualcomm	SM-S908	U, U1, W, N, E, SC52C*, SCG14*
Galaxy S22+ 5G	Samsung	SM-S906	B, B/DS
Galaxy S22+ 5G	Qualcomm	SM-S906	U, U1, W, N, E
Galaxy S22 5G	Samsung	SM-S901	B, B/DS
Galaxy S22 5G	Qualcomm	SM-S901	U, U1, W, N, E, SC51C*, SCG13*
Galaxy S21 Ultra 5G	Samsung	SM-G998	B, B/DS, N
Galaxy S21 Ultra 5G	Qualcomm	SM-G998	U, U1, W, SC52B*
Galaxy S21+ 5G	Samsung	SM-G996	B, B/DS, N
Galaxy S21+ 5G	Qualcomm	SM-G996	U, U1, W, SCG10*
Galaxy S21 5G	Samsung	SM-G991	B, B/DS, N
Galaxy S21 5G	Qualcomm	SM-G991	Q, U, U1, W, SC51B*, SCG09*
Galaxy S21 5G FE	Qualcomm	SM-G990	B, N, U, U1, W
Galaxy S20 Ultra 5G	Samsung	SM-G988	B
Galaxy S20 Ultra 5G	Qualcomm	SM-G988	N, U, U1, W, SC52A*, SCG02*
Galaxy S20+ 5G	Samsung	SM-G986	F
Galaxy S20+ 5G	Qualcomm	SM-G986	B
Galaxy S20+ LTE	Samsung	SM-G985	N, U, U1, V, W, SC51A*, SCG01*
Galaxy S20 5G	Samsung	SM-G981	F
Galaxy S20 5G	Qualcomm	SM-G981	F
Galaxy S20 LTE	Samsung	SM-G980	B, N, U, U1, V, W
Galaxy S20 FE	Samsung	SM-G780	F
Galaxy S20 FE	Qualcomm	SM-G781	B, N, U, V, W
Galaxy S10 5G	Samsung	SM-G977	B, N
Galaxy S10 5G	Qualcomm	SM-G977	P, T, U, U1
Galaxy S10+	Samsung	SM-G975	F, N

Device Name	Chipset Vendor	Base Model Number	Carrier Models
Galaxy S10+	Qualcomm	SM-G975	U, U1, SC-04L*, SC-05L*, SCV42*
Galaxy S10	Samsung	SM-G973	F, N
Galaxy S10	Qualcomm	SM-G973	U, U1, SC-03L*, SCV41*
Galaxy S10e	Samsung	SM-G970	F, N
Galaxy S10e	Qualcomm	SM-G970	U, U1
Galaxy Z Fold3 5G	Qualcomm	SM-F926	B, N, U, U1, W, SC-55B*, SCG11*
Galaxy Z Fold2 5G	Qualcomm	SM-F916	B, N, U, U1, W
Galaxy Fold 5G	Qualcomm	SM-F907	B, N
Galaxy Fold	Qualcomm	SM-F900	F, U, U1, SC-06L*, SCV44*
Galaxy Z Flip3 5G	Qualcomm	SM-F711	B, N, U, U1, W, SC-54B*, SCG12*
Galaxy Z Flip 5G	Qualcomm	SM-F707	B, N, U, U1
Galaxy Z Flip	Qualcomm	SM-F700	F, N, U, U1, W, SCV47*
Galaxy Note20 Ultra 5G	Samsung	SM-N986	B
Galaxy Note20 Ultra 5G	Qualcomm	SM-N986	C, N, U, U1, W, SC01O*
Galaxy Note20 Ultra LTE	Samsung	SM-N985	F
Galaxy Note20 5G	Samsung	SM-N981	B
Galaxy Note20 5G	Qualcomm	SM-N981	N, U, U1, W
Galaxy Note20 LTE	Samsung	SM-N980	F
Galaxy Note10+ 5G	Samsung	SM-N976	B, N
Galaxy Note10+ 5G	Qualcomm	SM-N976	U, V
Galaxy Note10+	Samsung	SM-N975	F
Galaxy Note10+	Qualcomm	SM-N975	C, U, U1, SC-01M*, SCV45*
Galaxy Note10 5G	Samsung	SM-N971	N
Galaxy Note10	Samsung	SM-N970	F
Galaxy Note10	Qualcomm	SM-N970	U, U1
Galaxy Tab S8 Ultra	Qualcomm	SM-X906	B, N
		SM-X900	None
		SM-X808	U
Galaxy Tab S8+	Qualcomm	SM-X806	B, N, E
		SM-X800	None
Galaxy Tab S8	Qualcomm	SM-X706	B, N
		SM-X700	None
Galaxy Tab S7+	Qualcomm	SM-T978	U
		SM-T976	B, N
		SM-T975	N, None
		SM-T970	None
Galaxy Tab S7	Qualcomm	SM-T878	U
		SM-T875	N, None
		SM-T870	None
Galaxy Tab S6 5G	Qualcomm	SM-T866	N
Galaxy Tab S6	Qualcomm	SM-T867	R4, U, V
		SM-T865	N, None
		SM-T860	None
Galaxy XCover Pro	Samsung	SM-G715	A, FN, U, W
Galaxy A51	Samsung	SM-A515	F, U, U1, W
		SM-S515	DL

Table 3 - Carrier Models

9 Results of the Evaluation

The results of the assurance requirements are generally described in this section and are presented in detail in the proprietary ETR. The reader of this document can assume that all assurance activities and work units received a passing verdict.

A verdict for an assurance component is determined by the resulting verdicts assigned to the corresponding evaluator action elements. The evaluation was conducted based upon CC version 3.1 rev 5 and CEM version 3.1 rev 5. The evaluation determined the Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring TOE to be Part 2 extended, and to meet the SARs contained in the PP_MDF_V3.2/PP_WLAN_CLI_EP_V1.0/MOD_BT_V1.0/MOD_VPNC_V2.3/PKG_TLS_V1.1.

9.1 Evaluation of the Security Target (ASE)

The evaluation team applied each ASE CEM work unit. The ST evaluation ensured the ST contains a description of the environment in terms of policies and assumptions, a statement of security requirements claimed to be met by the Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring products that are consistent with the Common Criteria, and product security function descriptions that support the requirements.

The validator reviewed the work of the evaluation team, and found that sufficient evidence and justification was provided by the evaluation team to confirm that the evaluation was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the CEM, and that the conclusion reached by the evaluation team was justified.

9.2 Evaluation of the Development (ADV)

The evaluation team applied each ADV CEM work unit. The evaluation team assessed the design documentation and found it adequate to aid in understanding how the TSF provides the security functions. The design documentation consists of a functional specification contained in the Security Target and Guidance documents. Additionally the evaluator performed the assurance activities specified in the PP_MDF_V3.2/PP_WLAN_CLI_EP_V1.0/MOD_BT_V1.0/MOD_VPNC_V2.3/PKG_TLS_V1.1 related to the examination of the information contained in the TSS.

The validator reviewed the work of the evaluation team, and found that sufficient evidence and justification was provided by the evaluation team to confirm that the evaluation was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the CEM, and that the conclusion reached by the evaluation team was justified.

9.3 Evaluation of the Guidance Documents (AGD)

The evaluation team applied each AGD CEM work unit. The evaluation team ensured the adequacy of the user guidance in describing how to use the operational TOE. Additionally, the evaluation team ensured the adequacy of the administrator guidance in describing how to

securely administer the TOE. All of the guides were assessed during the design and testing phases of the evaluation to ensure they were complete.

The validator reviewed the work of the evaluation team, and found that sufficient evidence and justification was provided by the evaluation team to confirm that the evaluation was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the CEM, and that the conclusion reached by the evaluation team was justified.

9.4 Evaluation of the Life Cycle Support Activities (ALC)

The evaluation team applied each ALC CEM work unit. The evaluation team found that the TOE was identified.

The validator reviewed the work of the evaluation team, and found that sufficient evidence and justification was provided by the evaluation team to confirm that the evaluation was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the CEM, and that the conclusion reached by the evaluation team was justified.

9.5 Evaluation of the Test Documentation and the Test Activity (ATE)

The evaluation team applied each ATE CEM work unit. The evaluation team ran the set of tests specified by the assurance activities in the PP_MDF_V3.2/PP_WLAN_CLI_EP_V1.0/MOD_BT_V1.0/MOD_VPNC_V2.3/PKG_TLS_V1.1 and recorded the results in a Test Report, summarized in the AAR.

The validator reviewed the work of the evaluation team, and found that sufficient evidence and justification was provided by the evaluation team to confirm that the evaluation was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the CEM, and that the conclusion reached by the evaluation team was justified.

9.6 Vulnerability Assessment Activity (VAN)

The evaluation team applied each AVA CEM work unit. The vulnerability analysis is in the Detailed Test Report (DTR) prepared by the evaluator. The vulnerability analysis includes a public search for vulnerabilities. The public search for vulnerabilities did not uncover any residual vulnerability.

The evaluator searched the National Vulnerability Database (<https://web.nvd.nist.gov/view/vuln/search>) and Vulnerability Notes Database (<http://www.kb.cert.org/vuls/>) on 5/20/2022 with the following search terms: "Samsung S10", "SM-G970", "SM-G975", "Samsung S20", "SM-G986", "Samsung S21", "SM-G998", "Samsung S22", "SM-S901", "SM-S908", "Samsung Note 10", "SM-N976", "Samsung XCover Pro", "SM-G715", "Knox", "BoringSSL", "strongswan", "charon", "Android".

The validator reviewed the work of the evaluation team, and found that sufficient evidence and justification was provided by the evaluation team to confirm that the evaluation was conducted in accordance with the requirements of the CEM, and that the conclusion reached by the evaluation team was justified.

9.7 Summary of Evaluation Results

The evaluation team's assessment of the evaluation evidence demonstrates that the claims in the ST are met. Additionally, the evaluation team's testing also demonstrated the accuracy of the claims in the ST.

The validation team's assessment of the evidence provided by the evaluation team is that it demonstrates that the evaluation team followed the procedures defined in the CEM, and correctly verified that the product meets the claims in the ST.

10 Validator Comments/Recommendations

The validation team notes that the evaluated configuration is dependent upon the TOE being configured per the evaluated configuration instructions in the guidance documents listed in Section 6. No versions of the TOE and software, either earlier or later were evaluated. Please note that the functionality evaluated is scoped exclusively to the security functional requirements specified in the Security Target. Other functionality included in the product was not assessed as part of this evaluation. Other functionality provided by devices in the operational environment, such as the syslog server, need to be assessed separately and no further conclusions can be drawn about their effectiveness.

11 Security Target

The Security Target is identified as: *Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 – Security Target, Version 0.3, April 15, 2022.*

12 Glossary

The following definitions are used throughout this document:

- **Common Criteria Testing Laboratory (CCTL).** An IT security evaluation facility accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) and approved by the CCEVS Validation Body to conduct Common Criteria-based evaluations.
- **Conformance.** The ability to demonstrate in an unambiguous way that a given implementation is correct with respect to the formal model.
- **Evaluation.** The assessment of an IT product against the Common Criteria using the Common Criteria Evaluation Methodology to determine whether or not the claims made are justified; or the assessment of a protection profile against the Common Criteria using the Common Evaluation Methodology to determine if the Profile is complete, consistent, technically sound and hence suitable for use as a statement of requirements for one or more TOEs that may be evaluated.
- **Evaluation Evidence.** Any tangible resource (information) required from the sponsor or developer by the evaluator to perform one or more evaluation activities.

- **Feature.** Part of a product that is either included with the product or can be ordered separately.
- **Target of Evaluation (TOE).** A group of IT products configured as an IT system, or an IT product, and associated documentation that is the subject of a security evaluation under the CC.
- **Validation.** The process carried out by the CCEVS Validation Body leading to the issue of a Common Criteria certificate.
- **Validation Body.** A governmental organization responsible for carrying out validation and for overseeing the day-to-day operation of the NIAP Common Criteria Evaluation and Validation Scheme.

13 Bibliography

The Validation Team used the following documents to produce this Validation Report:

- [1] Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation: Part 1: Introduction and General Model, Version 3.1, Revision 5, September 2012.
- [2] Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation Part 2: Security functional components, Version 3.1, Revision 5, September 2012.
- [3] Common Criteria for Information Technology Security Evaluation Part 3: Security assurance components, Version 3.1 Revision 5, September 2102.
- [4] Protection Profile for Mobile Device Fundamentals, Version 3.2, 15 April 2021
- [5] General Purpose Operating Systems Protection Profile/Mobile Device Fundamentals Protection Profile Extended Package (EP) Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Clients, Version 1.0, 08 February 2016
- [6] PP-Module for Virtual Private Network (VPN) Clients, version 2.3, 10 August 2021
- [7] PP-Module for Bluetooth, Version 1.0, 2021
- [8] Functional Package for TLS, Version 1.1, 12 February 2019.
- [9] Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 – Security Target, Version 0.4, May 20, 2022 (ST).
- [10] Assurance Activity Report for Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring, Version 0.2, May 20, 2022 (AAR).
- [11] Detailed Test Report for Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring, Version 0.1, May 20, 2022 (DTR).
- [12] Evaluation Technical Report for Samsung Galaxy Devices on Android 12 - Spring, Version 021, May 20, 2022 (ETR)